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# **Students**

#### **Equal Educational Opportunities**

Equal educational and extracurricular opportunities shall be available for all students without regard to color, race, nationality, religion, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, age, physical or mental disability, gender identity, status of being homeless, immigration status, order of protection status, actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy. Further, the District will not knowingly enter into agreements with any entity or any individual that discriminates against students on the basis of sex or any other protected status, except that the District remains viewpoint neutral when granting access to school facilities under School Board policy 8:20, Community Use of School Facilities. Any student may file a discrimination grievance by using Board policy 2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure.

#### Sex Equity

No student shall, based on sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity be denied equal access to programs, activities, services, or benefits or be limited in the exercise of any right, privilege, advantage, or denied equal access to educational and extracurricular programs and activities.

Any student may file a sex equity complaint by using Board policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. A student may appeal the Board's resolution of the complaint to the Regional Superintendent (pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/3-10) and, thereafter, to the State Superintendent of Education (pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.8).

#### Administrative Implementation

The Superintendent shall appoint a Nondiscrimination Coordinator. The Superintendent and Building Principal shall use reasonable measures to inform staff members and students of this policy and grievance procedure.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq., Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972,

implemented by 34 C.F.R. Part 106.

29 U.S.C. §791 et seq., Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

Good News Club v. Milford Central Sch., 533 U.S. 98 (2001).

Ill. Constitution, Art. I, §18.

105 ILCS 5/3.25b, 5/3.25d(b), 5/10-20.12, 5/10-20.60 (P.A.s 100-29 and 100-163,

final citations pending), 5/10-22.5, and 5/27-1. 775 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq., Illinois Human Rights Act. 775 ILCS 35/5, Religious Freedom Restoration Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240 and Part 200.

CROSS REF.:

2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:60 (Residence), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:165 (Student Uniforms), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:250 (Student Support Services), 7:330 (Student Use of Buildings - Equal Access), 7:340 (Student Records), 8:20

(Community Use of School Facilities)

October 2017 7:10-AP1

### **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Transgender Students or Gender Non-Conforming Students</u>

This procedure's accommodation and support guidelines advance the District's goals of: (1) providing all students equal access to a safe, non-hostile learning environment, and (2) implementing risk management controls in a developing and unsettled area of the law in which the federal Office of Civil Rights and Dept. of Justice have issued guidance.

While there is no mandate requiring procedures for accommodating transgender students or gender non-conforming students, this procedure guides school officials through the: (1) application of State and federal anti-discrimination laws to this student population, and (2) common needs in which transgender or gender non-conforming students may request accommodations and support at school. This procedure applies to all school activities, school-provided transportation, and school-sponsored events regardless of where they occur.

The Building Principal, Nondiscrimination Coordinator, and/or Complaint Manager, with input from others as appropriate, will implement this procedure. They will work with each transgender or gender non-conforming student, and as appropriate with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), to manage a student's accommodations and supports on a case-by-case basis. The Board Attorney will be consulted concerning legal compliance.

#### Gender-Based Discrimination Is Prohibited

School districts must provide equal educational opportunities to transgender students and gender non-conforming students. Under State law, *sex discrimination* extends to claims of discrimination based on *sexual orientation* and *gender identity*. 775 ILCS 5/5-101(11); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240. The Ill. Human Rights Act defines *sexual orientation* as the "actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality, bisexuality, or gender related identity, whether or not traditionally associated with the person's designated sex at birth." 775 ILCS 5/1-103(O-1). The Act permits schools to maintain single-sex facilities that are distinctly private in nature, e.g., restrooms and locker rooms. 775 ILCS 5/5-103.

Federal law prohibits exclusion and discrimination on the basis of *sex*. 20 U.S.C. §1681(a), Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. According to the U.S. Dept. of Education's Office for Civil Rights (OCR) and the U.S. Dept. of Justice, Title IX protects lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender students, from gender discrimination.

School Board policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*, recognizes the legal requirements described above. This procedure's guidance on accommodating transgender students or gender non-conforming students is based on OCR pronouncements. See the last section, **Resources**.

#### Gender-Based Bullying and/or Harassment Is Prohibited

The laws prohibiting gender discrimination require the District to protect transgender students and gender non-conforming students from bullying and harassment by other students. According to the federal Office of Civil Rights, a school district is responsible for damages suffered by a student who was the victim of protected-class harassment: (1) that is severe, pervasive, or persistent; (2) about which school officials knew or should have known; and (3) that interferes with or limits a student's participation in or benefit from services, activities, or opportunities offered by the school.

The School Code prohibits bullying on the basis of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender-related identity or expression, and/or association with a person or group with one of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics. 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7(a). The Board policy on bullying and the District's suite of bullying prevention materials must be used to address and resolve peer bullying and harassment of transgender or gender non-conforming students. See 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*.

#### Terminology and Definitions

The District uses the following terms and definitions when discussing accommodations for a transgender student or gender non-conforming student (from the *Arcadia Resolution Agreement*, 7-24-13, at: <a href="www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf">www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf</a>). Note: Definitions are not intended to label students, but rather to assist with understanding. *Gender identity*, sex assigned at birth, transgender, and gender transition are defined slightly differently in a Dear Colleague Letter issued jointly by the U.S. Depts. of Education and Justice on 5-13-16 (see Resources below).

Gender-based discrimination is a form of sex discrimination, and refers to differential treatment or harassment of a student based on the student's sex, including gender identity, gender expression, and non-conformity with gender stereotypes, that results in the denial or limitation of education services, benefits, or opportunities. Conduct may constitute gender-based discrimination regardless of the actual or perceived sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation of the persons experiencing or engaging in the conduct.

Sex assigned at birth and assigned sex refers to the gender designation listed on one's original birth certificate.

*Gender expression* refers to external cues that one uses to represent or communicate one's gender to others, such as behavior, clothing, hairstyles, activities, voice, mannerisms, or body characteristics.

Gender identity refers to one's internal sense of gender, which may be different from one's assigned sex, and which is consistently and uniformly asserted, or for which there is other evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held as part of the student's core identity.

Transgender describes an individual whose gender identity is different from the individual's assigned sex. Transgender boy and transgender male refer to an individual assigned the female sex at birth who has a male gender identity. An individual can express or assert a transgender gender identity in a variety of ways, which may but do not always include specific medical treatments or procedures. Medical treatments or procedures are not considered a prerequisite for one's recognition as transgender. For purposes of this procedure, a transgender student is a student who consistently and uniformly asserts a gender identity different from the student's assigned sex, or for whom there is documented legal or medical evidence that the gender identity is sincerely held as part of the student's core identity.

Gender transition refers to the experience by which a transgender person goes from living and identifying as one's assigned sex to living and identifying as the sex consistent with one's gender identity. A gender transition often includes a *social transition*, during which an individual begins to live and identify as the sex consistent with the individual's gender identity, with or without certain medical treatments or procedures.

*Gender stereotypes* refers to stereotypical notions of masculinity and femininity, including expectations of how boys or girls represent or communicate one's gender to others, such as behavior, clothing, hairstyles, activities, voice, mannerisms, or body characteristics.

*Gender non-conformity* refers to one's gender expression, gender characteristics, or gender identity that does not conform to gender stereotypes.

Facilities refers to facilities and accommodations used by students at school or during school-sponsored activities and trips, and include, but are not limited to, restrooms, locker rooms, and overnight facilities.

# Relevant Board Policies for Accommodations, Supports, and Inclusion of Transgender or Gender Non-Conforming Students

- 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, contains the process for an individual to seek resolution of a complaint. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying. The District Complaint Manager shall address the complaint promptly and equitably.
- 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*, requires that social and emotional learning be incorporated into the District's curriculum and other educational programs.
- 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*, requires that equal educational and extracurricular opportunities be available to all students without regard to, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*, prohibits *any* person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an actual or perceived characteristic that is identified in the policy including, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 7:130, *Student Rights and Responsibilities*, recognizes that all students are entitled to rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting.
- 7:160, *Student Appearance*, prohibits students from dressing or grooming in such a way as to disrupt the educational process, interfere with a positive teaching/learning climate, or compromise reasonable standards of health, safety, and decency.
- 7:165, *Student Uniforms*, encourages students to wear school uniforms in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, school safety, and a positive learning environment, if adopted.
- 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, contains the comprehensive structure for the District's bullying prevention program.
- 7:250, *Student Support Services*, directs the Superintendent to develop protocols for responding to students' social, emotional, or mental health problems that impact learning.
- 7:330, *Student Use of Buildings Equal Access*, grants student-initiated groups or clubs the free use of school premises for their meetings, under specified conditions.
- 7:340, *Student Records*, contains the comprehensive structure for managing school student records, keeping them confidential, and providing access as allowed or required.

# Common Needs for Transgender or Gender Non-Conforming Students; Accommodations and Supports

The goal of an accommodation is to allow a transgender or gender non-conforming student to equally participate in educational and extracurricular opportunities. The right of transgender students to accommodations is generally found in legislation (Illinois Human Rights Act and Title IX) but has not been fully interpreted by the courts. Determining appropriate accommodations must be made on a case-by-case basis depending upon the needs expressed by the student.

The Superintendent may establish a gender support team that will identify accommodations for a specific student. The Board Attorney should be consulted and invited to be a member of the team.

This following list of possible accommodation considerations is not exhaustive, and each student's request must be managed on a case-by-case basis. A particular student may not be interested in an

accommodation for each item listed. Seek the Board Attorney's advice concerning the scope and extent of accommodations.

- 1. Gender transition
- 2. Names and pronouns
- 3. School student records

For managing demographic information in the ISBE Student Information System, see <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/student\_demographics.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/student\_demographics.pdf</a>.

- 4. Student privacy and confidentiality
- 5. Access to gender-segregated areas, e.g. locker rooms and restrooms
- Sports and physical education classes participation in competitive athletic activities and contact sports is resolved pursuant to IHSA policy #34, *Policy and School Recommendations* for Transgender Participation at: www.ihsa.org/AbouttheIHSA/ConstitutionBylawsPolicies.aspx
- 7. Dress codes
- 8. Gender segregation in other areas, e.g., class discussions and field trips

#### **Training for School Staff Members**

When and where appropriate, professional development for staff members should include opportunities to gain a better understanding of equal educational opportunity laws, gender identity, gender expression, and gender diversity; the development of gender identity in children and adolescents; developmentally appropriate strategies for communicating with students and parents/guardians about issues related to gender identity; gender-affirming approaches to ensuring the safety and support of transgender students and gender non-conforming students; developmentally appropriate strategies for preventing and intervening in bullying incidents; and Board policies regarding bullying, discrimination, and student privacy.

#### Resources

Dealing with Legal Matters Surrounding Students' Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity, published by the National School Board Association and other participating organizations, April 2013, at: <a href="https://www.nsba.org/sites/default/files/reports/Dealing%20with%20Legal%20Matters%20Surrounding%20Students%E2%80%99%20Sexual%20Orientation%20and%20Gender%20Identity.pdf">https://www.nsba.org/sites/default/files/reports/Dealing%20with%20Legal%20Matters%20Surrounding%20Students%E2%80%99%20Sexual%20Orientation%20and%20Gender%20Identity.pdf</a>.

*Gender Spectrum*, an organization whose mission is to help create gender sensitive and inclusive environments for all children and teens, at: www.genderspectrum.org.

Massachusetts Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education, *Guidance for Massachusetts Public Schools Creating a Safe and Supportive School Environment Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity* (undated), at: <a href="www.doe.mass.edu/sfs/lgbtq/GenderIdentity.html">www.doe.mass.edu/sfs/lgbtq/GenderIdentity.html</a>.

OCR Dear Colleague Letter, harassment and bullying (2010), at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201010.html.

OCR Guidance on Responsibilities of Schools to Address Sexual Violence, Other Forms of Sex Discrimination (2014) at: <a href="www.ed.gov/news/press-releases/guidance-issued-responsibilities-schools-address-sexual-violence-other-forms-sex">www.ed.gov/news/press-releases/guidance-issued-responsibilities-schools-address-sexual-violence-other-forms-sex</a>.

OCR and DOJ Consent Decrees and Resolution Agreements at:

- <u>www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/investigations/05115901.html</u> (Anoka-Hennepin School District, MN, 3-5-2012).
- <u>www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/investigations/09111031.html</u> (Tehachapi Unified School District, CA, 7-7-2011).
- www.justice.gov/crt/about/edu/documents/arcadiaagree.pdf (Arcadia Unified School District, CA, 7-24-2013).
- OCR and DOJ *Dear Colleague Letter*, transgender students (2016), at: <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201605-title-ix-transgender.pdf">www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201605-title-ix-transgender.pdf</a>.
- Executive Order No. 11,246, 30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339, (1965), as amended on 7-21-14, prohibits discrimination by the federal government or federal contractors on the basis of sexual orientation or gender identity. The Secretary of Labor was directed to prepare implementing regulations within 90 days (or by 10-19-14).
- The School Leaders Risk Management Association. *District Transgender and Gender Non-conforming Student Practice and Policy*, May 2014 (Copyright Chicago: Brokers Risk Placement Service, Inc., 2014).
- Transgender Students in Schools: Frequently Asked Questions and Answers for Public School Boards and Staff. April 2016 (Copyright National School Boards Association), at: <a href="mailto:cdn-files.nsba.org/s3fs-public/reports/2016">cdn-files.nsba.org/s3fs-public/reports/2016</a> Transgender Guide.pdf?fR8sknQRT6y2 Cy.WC6K2y2KEHewZg.
- Which Way to the Restroom? Respecting the Rights of Transgender Youth in the School System. April 2012 (Copyright National School Boards Association), Grant Bowers and Wendy Lopez, at: <a href="https://www.nsba.org/sites/default/files/reports/Respecting%20the%20Rights%20of%20Transgender%20Youth%20and%20appendices.pdf">https://www.nsba.org/sites/default/files/reports/Respecting%20the%20Rights%20of%20Transgender%20Youth%20and%20appendices.pdf</a>.

October 2017 7:10-AP2

# **Students**

#### Administrative Procedure - Accommodating Breastfeeding Students

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that students who choose to breastfeed an infant after returning to school are provided reasonable accommodations. A student who is a nursing mother may take reasonable breaks during the school day to express breast milk or breastfeed her infant. The District's Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the Building Principal, will implement reasonable accommodations for the nursing mother in a manner that minimizes disruption to the student's education.

Reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding students, include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Access to a private and secure room, other than a bathroom, to express breast milk or breastfeed an infant child.
- 2. Permission to bring onto the school campus a breast pump or other equipment used to express breast milk.
- 3. Access to a power source for a breast pump or any other equipment used to express breastmilk.
- 4. Access to a place to store expressed breastmilk safely.
- 5. Reasonable breaks to accommodate the student's need to express breast milk or breastfeed an infant child.
- 6. The opportunity to make up work missed to due to the student's use of reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding.

#### **Complaints**

The District's Complaint Manager or Non-Discrimination Coordinator will process any complaints regarding reasonable accommodations for breastfeeding students in accordance with Policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. In those cases where a complainant appeals the Superintendent's decision to the Board, the Superintendent will inform the complainant that he or she may appeal the Board's decision to the Regional Superintendent and, thereafter, to the State Superintendent, in accordance with 23 Ill.Admin.Code §200.40.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.60 (P.A. 100-20, final citation pending). 34 C.F.R. §106.40.

July 2016 7:10-E

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Equal Educational Opportunities Within the School Community**

The School District welcomes diversity in its schools. Policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities* cites the many civil rights laws that guarantee equal education opportunities to all students. In addition, the policies below address the equal educational opportunities, health, safety, and general welfare of students within the District. These policies are not a complete list, and depending on the factual context, another policy not specifically listed may apply:

- 1. 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, contains the process for an individual to seek resolution of a complaint. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying. The District Complaint Manager shall address the complaint promptly and equitably.
- 2. 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*, requires that social and emotional learning be incorporated into the District's curriculum and other educational programs.
- 3. 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*, requires that equal educational and extracurricular opportunities be available to all students without regard to, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 4. 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*, prohibits any person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an actual or perceived characteristic that is identified in the policy including, among other protected statuses, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.
- 5. 7:130, *Student Rights and Responsibilities*, recognizes that all students are entitled to rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting.
- 6. 7:160, *Student Appearance*, prohibits students from dressing or grooming in such a way as to disrupt the educational process, interfere with a positive teaching/learning climate, or compromise reasonable standards of health, safety, and decency.
- 7. 7:165, *Student Uniforms*, encourages students to wear school uniforms in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, school safety, and a positive learning environment, if adopted.
- 8. 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, contains the comprehensive structure for the District's bullying prevention program.
- 9. 7:250, *Student Support Services*, directs the Superintendent to develop protocols for responding to students' social, emotional, or mental health problems that impact learning.
- 10. 7:330, *Student Use of Buildings Equal Access*, grants student-initiated groups or clubs the free use of school premises for their meetings, under specified conditions.
- 11. 7:340, *Student Records*, contains the comprehensive structure for managing school student records, keeping them confidential, and providing access as allowed or required.

October 2017 7:15

# **Students**

#### **Student and Family Privacy Rights**

#### Surveys

All surveys requesting personal information from students, as well as any other instrument used to collect personal information from students, must advance or relate to the District's educational objectives as identified in School Board policy 6:10, *Educational Philosophy and Objectives*, or assist students' career choices. This applies to all surveys, regardless of whether the student answering the questions can be identified and regardless of who created the survey.

#### Surveys Created by a Third Party

Before a school official or staff member administers or distributes a survey or evaluation created by a third party to a student, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may inspect the survey or evaluation, upon their request and within a reasonable time of their request.

This section applies to every survey: (1) that is created by a person or entity other than a District official, staff member, or student, (2) regardless of whether the student answering the questions can be identified, and (3) regardless of the subject matter of the questions.

#### Survey Requesting Personal Information

School officials and staff members shall not request, nor disclose, the identity of any student who completes any survey or evaluation (created by any person or entity, including the District) containing one or more of the following items:

- 1. Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent/guardian.
- 2. Mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family.
- 3. Behavior or attitudes about sex.
- 4. Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior.
- 5. Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom students have close family relationships.
- 6. Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those with lawyers, physicians, and ministers.
- 7. Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or the student's parent/guardian.
- 8. Income other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program.

The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may:

- 1. Inspect the survey or evaluation upon, and within a reasonable time of, their request, and/or
- 2. Refuse to allow their child to participate in the activity described above. The school shall not penalize any student whose parent(s)/guardian(s) exercised this option.

#### **Instructional Material**

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may inspect, upon their request, any instructional material used as part of their child's educational curriculum within a reasonable time of their request.

The term "instructional material" means instructional content that is provided to a student, regardless of its format, printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials, and materials in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet). The term does not include academic tests or academic assessments.

#### Physical Exams or Screenings

No school official or staff member shall subject a student to a non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening as a condition of school attendance. The term *invasive physical examination* means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts, or any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body, but does not include a hearing, vision, or scoliosis screening.

The above paragraph does not apply to any physical examination or screening that:

- 1. Is permitted or required by an applicable State law, including physical examinations or screenings that are permitted without parental notification.
- 2. Is administered to a student in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq.).
- 3. Is administered pursuant to the District's extracurricular drug and alcohol testing program (see Policy 7:240, *Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities*).
- 4. Is otherwise authorized by Board policy.

#### Selling or Marketing Students' Personal Information Is Prohibited

No school official or staff member shall market or sell personal information concerning students (or otherwise provide that information to others for that purpose). The term *personal information* means individually identifiable information including: (1) a student or parent's first and last name, (2) a home or other physical address (including street name and the name of the city or town), (3) a telephone number, (4) a Social Security identification number or (5) driver's license number or State identification card.

The above paragraph does not apply: (1) if the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) have consented; or (2) to the collection, disclosure or, use of personal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating or providing educational products or services for, or to, students or educational institutions, such as the following:

- 1. College or other postsecondary education recruitment, or military recruitment.
- 2. Book clubs, magazines, and programs providing access to low-cost literary products.
- 3. Curriculum and instructional materials used by elementary schools and secondary schools.
- 4. Tests and assessments to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic, clinical, aptitude, or achievement information about students (or to generate other statistically useful data for the purpose of securing such tests and assessments) and the subsequent analysis and public release of the aggregate data from such tests and assessments.
- 5. The sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-related activities.

6. Student recognition programs.

Under no circumstances may a school official or staff member provide a student's *personal* information to a business organization or financial institution that issues credit or debit cards.

#### Notification of Rights and Procedures

The Superintendent or designee shall notify students' parents/guardians of:

- 1. This policy as well as its availability upon request from the general administration office.
- 2. How to opt their child out of participation in activities as provided in this policy.
- 3. The approximate dates during the school year when a survey requesting personal information, as described above, is scheduled or expected to be scheduled.
- 4. How to request access to any survey or other material described in this policy.

This notification shall be given parents/guardians at least annually, at the beginning of the school year, and within a reasonable period after any substantive change in this policy.

The rights provided to parents/guardians in this policy transfer to the student when the student turns 18 years old, or is an emancipated minor.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1232h, Protection of Pupil Rights Act.

325 ILCS 17/, Children's Privacy Protection and Parental Empowerment Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.38.

CROSS REF.: 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 6:210 (Instructional Materials), 6:260

(Complaints About Curriculum, Instructional Materials, and Programs), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in

Extracurricular Activities), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

dalmasi@elmwood322.com

May/June 2018 7:15-E

# **Students**

# **Exhibit - Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights**

Date		
Re:	Student Survey Participation	
Dear F	Parents:	
Your	child will be asked to complete a survey a	s described below:
Su	rvey description:	
Su	rvey grade/participants:	Anticipated Survey date(s):
	s/guardians may request that their child relation lowing eight areas:	not participate in surveys that concern one or more or
2.	Sexual behavior or attitudes;	e student or student's family;
5. 6.	Critical appraisals of others with whom Legally recognized privileged relationsl Religious practices, affiliations, or belie	the student has close family relationships; nips, such as with lawyers, doctors, or ministers; ifs of the student or parents/guardians; or
parent instruc	guardian may review surveys asking ctional materials. School Board policy	e parent/guardian exercises this option. In addition, a questions about the above areas as well as other 7:15, <i>Student and Family Privacy Rights</i> , contains a may be obtained from the Building Principal.
_	ut Instructions (Note: This notice and opt t who is 18 years old.)	-out right transfers from parents/guardians to any
later th		his activity, contact your child's Building Principal norm you by this date, we will assume that you do no eveys described above.
Reque	st to Review	
	uilding Principal. You will be notified	r instructional material, please submit your request to of the time and place where you may review these
Buildi	ng Principal contact information:	
Mr. D	imitri Almasi, Elementary Principal	Mr. Tony McCoy, Jr./Sr. High School Principal
<u>501 N</u>	. Morgan St., Elmwood, IL 61529	301 W. Butternut St., Elmwood, IL 61529
Ph. 30	<u>9-742-4261</u>	Ph. 309-742-2851

tmccoy@elmwood322.com

October 2019 7:20

# **Students**

#### **Harassment of Students Prohibited**

#### Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment Prohibited

No person, including a District employee or agent, or student, shall harass, intimidate, or bully a student on the basis of actual or perceived: race; color; national origin; military status; unfavorable discharge status from military service; sex; sexual orientation; gender identity; gender-related identity or expression; ancestry; age; religion; physical or mental disability; order of protection status; status of being homeless; actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy; association with a person or group with one or more of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics; or any other distinguishing characteristic. The District will not tolerate harassing, intimidating conduct, or bullying whether verbal, physical, sexual, or visual, that affects the tangible benefits of education, that unreasonably interferes with a student's educational performance, or that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. Examples of prohibited conduct include name-calling, using derogatory slurs, stalking, sexual violence, causing psychological harm, threatening or causing physical harm, threatened or actual destruction of property, or wearing or possessing items depicting or implying hatred or prejudice of one of the characteristics stated above.

#### Sexual Harassment Prohibited

Sexual harassment of students is prohibited. Any person, including a district employee or agent, or student, engages in sexual harassment whenever he or she makes sexual advances, requests sexual favors, and/or engages in other verbal or physical conduct, including sexual violence, of a sexual or sex-based nature, imposed on the basis of sex, that:

- 1. Denies or limits the provision of educational aid, benefits, services, or treatment; or that makes such conduct a condition of a student's academic status; or
- 2. Has the purpose or effect of:
  - a. Substantially interfering with a student's educational environment;
  - b. Creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
  - c. Depriving a student of educational aid, benefits, services, or treatment; or
  - d. Making submission to or rejection of such conduct the basis for academic decisions affecting a student.

The terms *intimidating*, *hostile*, and *offensive* include conduct that has the effect of humiliation, embarrassment, or discomfort. Examples of sexual harassment include touching, crude jokes or pictures, discussions of sexual experiences, teasing related to sexual characteristics, and spreading rumors related to a person's alleged sexual activities. The term *sexual violence* includes a number of different acts. Examples of sexual violence include, but are not limited to, rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual abuse, and sexual coercion.

#### Making a Complaint

Students are encouraged to report claims or incidences of bullying, harassment, sexual harassment, or any other prohibited conduct to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, a Complaint Manager, or any staff member with whom the student is comfortable speaking. A student may choose to report to a person of the student's same sex.

**Nondiscrimination Coordinator:** 

An allegation that a student was a victim of any prohibited conduct perpetrated by school personnel, including a school vendor or volunteer, shall be processed and reviewed according to policy 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*, in addition to any response required by this policy.

The Superintendent shall insert into this policy the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the District's current Nondiscrimination Coordinator and Complaint Managers. At least one of these individuals will be female, and at least one will be male.

Name	
Address	
Email	
Telephone	
Complaint Managers:	
Name	Name
Address	Address
Email	Email
Telephone	Telephone

The Superintendent shall use reasonable measures to inform staff members and students of this policy by including:

- 1. For students, age-appropriate information about the contents of this policy in the District's student handbook(s), on the District's website, and, if applicable, in any other areas where policies, rules, and standards of conduct are otherwise posted in each school.
- 2. For staff members, this policy in the appropriate employee handbook(s), if applicable, and/or in any other areas where policies, rules, and standards of conduct are otherwise made available to staff.

#### **Investigation Process**

Supervisors, Building Principals, or administrators who receive a report or complaint of harassment must promptly forward the report or complaint to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator or a Complaint Manager. A supervisor or administrator who fails to promptly comply may be disciplined, up to and including discharge.

Reports and complaints of harassment will be confidential to the greatest extent practicable, subject to the District's duty to investigate and maintain an educational environment that is productive, respectful, and free of unlawful discrimination, including harassment.

The District shall investigate alleged harassment of students when the Nondiscrimination Coordinator or a Complaint Manager becomes aware of an allegation, regardless of whether a written report or complaint is filed.

#### Alleged Incidents of Sexual Abuse

An *alleged incident of sexual abuse* is an incident of sexual abuse of a child, as defined in 720 ILCS 5/11-9.1A(b), that is alleged to have been perpetrated by school personnel, including a school vendor or volunteer, that occurred: on school grounds during a school activity; or outside of school grounds or not during a school activity.

Any complaint alleging an incident of sexual abuse shall be processed and reviewed according to policy 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*, in addition to any response required by this policy.

#### **Enforcement**

Any District employee who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in conduct prohibited by this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge. Any District student who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in conduct prohibited by this policy will be subject to disciplinary action, including but not limited to, suspension and expulsion consistent with the behavior policy. Any person making a knowingly false accusation regarding prohibited conduct will likewise be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge, with regard to employees, or suspension and expulsion, with regard to students.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq., Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972.

34 C.F.R. Part 106.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.12, 10-22.5, 5/27-1, and 5/27-23.7. 775 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq., Illinois Human Rights Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240 and Part 200.

<u>Davis v. Monroe County Bd. of Educ.</u>, 526 U.S. 629 (1999). <u>Franklin v. Gwinnett Co. Public Schs.</u>, 503 U.S. 60 (1992).

Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274 (1998).

West v. Derby Unified Sch. Dist. No. 260, 206 F.3d 1358 (10th Cir. 2000).

CROSS REF.: 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment Prohibited),

5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 7:10 (Equal Educational

Opportunities), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and

Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities)

May/June 2018 7:20-AP

# **Students**

### **Administrative Procedure - Harassment of Students Prohibited**

The intent of this procedure is to (1) inform the Building Principal of specific steps to prevent harassment of students, and (2) inform staff members of the appropriate response to allegations of harassment. See the U.S. Dept. of Education (DOE) pamphlet, *Sexual Harassment: It's Not Academic*, at: <a href="mailto:ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/ocrshpam.html">ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/ocrshpam.html</a>.

Actor	Action	
Building Principal or Designee	Informs staff members and students that the District prohibits harassment of students. Distributes or references School Board policies 7:20, <i>Harassment of Students Prohibited</i> , and 2:260, <i>Uniform Grievance Procedure</i> using various methods. Takes measures to prevent harassment of students, which may include:	
	1. Conducts regular harassment awareness training for all school staff, including administrators, teachers, and guidance counselors, and ensures all new employees are trained.	
	2. Conducts regular age-appropriate harassment awareness training for students.	
	3. Provides a means for students to learn and discuss what constitutes harassment and how to respond to it in the school setting.	
	4. Surveys students to determine if harassment is occurring at school.	
	5. Conducts regular harassment awareness training for parents/guardians.	
	6. Works with parents/guardians and students to develop and implement age-appropriate, effective measures for addressing harassment.	
	7. Determines when extra supervision and precaution should be taken, such as when: two or more students seem to be in conflict with each other; there have been previous incidents of harassment, sexual assaults, threats, or bullying around perceived sexual orientation; or a specific student has had multiple disciplinary violations.	
	8. Has a process in place to: (1) inform a staff member when a student that he or she supervises has a history of violent or sexually inappropriate behavior, and (2) keep such a student constantly supervised.	
	9. Regularly trains staff members regarding: (1) their classroom and non-classroom supervisory responsibilities, e.g., during a school-sponsored event, before and after school, while students wait for the school bus, between classes, during lunch, and at recess, (2) behaviors that may be an indicator of sexual or physical violence against another student, and (3) what to do when they observe an unusual and disruptive student.	
	10. Identifies areas in the school building that are isolated, e.g., restrooms,	

Actor	Action	
	locker rooms, hallways while classes are in session, stairwells, and empty rooms, and takes extra steps to make them safe.	
	11. Immediately notifies the police and relevant parents/guardians when an assault or attempted assault has occurred.	
Nondiscrimination	Thoroughly and promptly investigates allegations of harassment by:	
Coordinator and/or Complaint Manager(s)	1. Distributing Board policies 2:260, <i>Uniform Grievance Procedure</i> , and 7:20, <i>Harassment of Students Prohibited</i> , to any person upon request;	
	2. Following Board policies 2:260, <i>Uniform Grievance Procedure</i> , and 7:20, <i>Harassment of Students Prohibited</i> ;	
	3. Notifying a student's parents/guardians that they may attend any investigatory meetings in which their child is present;	
	4. Keeping the complaining parents/guardians informed of any investigation's progress; and	
	5. Keeping confidential all information about an investigation and the statements of students and other witnesses. The Superintendent shall be kept informed of an investigation's progress, unless the Superintendent is the subject of the complaint. If a complaint contains allegations involving the Superintendent, the Board President shall be kept informed of an investigation's progress.	
All District Staff Members	Immediately report to the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services any situation that provides you with reasonable cause to believe that a child may be an abused child or a neglected child. Promptly notify the Superintendent and Building Principal that you made a report. If a report contains allegations involving the Superintendent, only notify the Building Principal who shall contact the Board President. If a report contains allegations involving the Building Principal, only notify the Superintendent.	

October 2016 7:30

# **Students**

#### **Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer**

#### Attendance Areas

The School District is divided into school attendance areas. The Superintendent will review the boundary lines annually and recommend any changes to the School Board. The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a map of the District showing current school attendance areas. Students living in a given school attendance area will be assigned to that school. Homeless children shall be assigned according to Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*.

#### Transfers Within the District

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may request a transfer for their child to a District school other than the one assigned. A request should be directed to the Superintendent, who, at his or her sole discretion, may grant the request when the parent(s)/guardian(s) demonstrate that the student could be better accommodated at another school, provided space is available. If a request is granted, the parent/guardian shall be responsible for transportation. The provisions in this section have no applicability to transfers pursuant to the Unsafe School Choice Option covered in Board policy 4:170, *Safety*.

#### Class Assignments

The Superintendent or designee shall assign students to classes.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-21.3, 5/10-21.3a, and 5/10-22.5.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety), 6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:140 (Education of Homeless

Children)

August 2015 7:40

# **Students**

#### Nonpublic School Students, Including Parochial and Home-Schooled Students

#### Part-Time Attendance

The District accepts nonpublic school students, including parochial and home-schooled students, who live within the District for part-time attendance in the District's regular education program on a space-available basis. Requests for part-time attendance must be submitted to the Building Principal of the school in the school attendance area where the student resides. All requests for attendance in the following school year must be submitted before May 1.

A student accepted for partial enrollment must comply with all discipline and attendance requirements established by the school. He or she may participate in any co-curricular activity associated with a District class in which he or she is enrolled. The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student accepted for partial enrollment must pay all fees, pro-rated on the basis of a percentage of full-time fees. Transportation to and/or from school is provided on regular bus routes to or from a point on the route nearest or most easily accessible to the nonpublic school or student's home. This transportation shall be on the same basis as the District provides transportation for its full-time students. Transportation on other than established bus routes is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian(s).

#### Students with a Disability

The District accepts for part-time attendance those children for whom it has been determined that special education services are needed, are enrolled in nonpublic schools, and otherwise qualify for enrollment in the District. Requests must be submitted by the student's parent/guardian. Special educational services shall be provided to such students as soon as possible after identification, evaluation, and placement procedures provided by State law, but no later than the beginning of the next school semester following the completion of such procedures. Transportation for such students shall be provided only if required in the child's Individualized Educational Program on the basis of the child's disabling condition or as the special education program location may require.

#### Extracurricular Activities, Including Interscholastic Competition

A nonpublic school student is eligible to participate in: (1) interscholastic competition, provided his or her participation adheres to the regulations established by any association in which the School District maintains a membership, and (2) non-athletic extracurricular activities, provided the student attends a District school for at least one-half of the regular school day, excluding lunch. A nonpublic student who participates in an extracurricular activity is subject to all policies, regulations, and rules that are applicable to other participants in the activity.

#### Assignment When Enrolling Full-Time in a District School

Grade placement by, and academic credits earned at, a nonpublic school will be accepted if the school has a Certificate of Nonpublic School Recognition from the Illinois State Board of Education, or, if outside Illinois, if the school is accredited by the state agency governing education.

A student who, after receiving instruction in a non-recognized or non-accredited school, enrolls in the District will: (1) be assigned to a grade level according to academic proficiency, and/or (2) have academic credits recognized by the District if the student demonstrates appropriate academic

proficiency to the school administration. Any portion of a student's transcript relating to such instruction will not be considered for placement on the honor roll or computation in class rank.

Notwithstanding the above, recognition of grade placement and academic credits awarded by a nonpublic school is at the sole discretion of the District. All school and class assignments will be made according to School Board policy 7:30, *Student Assignment*, as well as administrative procedures implementing this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.24 and 5/14-6.01.

CROSS REF.: 4:110 (Transportation), 6:170 (Title I Programs), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-

Curricular Activities), 6:320 (High School Credit for Proficiency), 7:30 (Student

Assignment), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

June 2019 7:40-AP

# **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Placement of Nonpublic School Students Transferring Into the District</u>

Actor	Action
Parent(s)/guardian(s) of a nonpublic school student transferring into the District	Shall perform all school admission requirements contained in School Board policy 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools, and administrative procedure 7:50-AP, Administrative Procedure - School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
Building Principal or	Meets with parent(s)/guardian(s) to discuss appropriate placement.
designee	Inquires about the student's special interests, concerns, and goals.
	Administers a Student Home Language Survey. ISBE provides Sample Home Language Surveys that are available in English and twenty-nine other languages under the Home Language Surveys tab at:  www.isbe.net/Pages/Screening-for-English-Language- Proficiency.aspx.
	Determines achievement level based on interviews, school records, achievement testing, and/or other appropriate means.
	Considers special circumstances, e.g., whether the student: is gifted, is accelerated, has a disability, is homeless, has limited English proficiency, is part of a migrant or refugee family, has special medical needs, or has other needs.
	Before making a placement decision, seeks input from appropriate school personnel.
	Awards credits and determines placement.
	Course credit awarded to students transferring from a non-graded school or a school that is not recognized by the state education agency, will be given the grade of "P" for passing with no letter or numerical designation for the level of proficiency.
	Completes other enrollment procedures.

May/June 2018 7:50

# **Students**

#### **School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools**

Age [Elementary or Unit Districts only]

To be eligible for admission, a child must be five years old on or before September 1 of that school term. A child entering first grade must be six years of age on or before September 1 of that school term. Based upon an assessment of a child's readiness to attend school, the District may permit him or her to attend school prior to these dates. A child will also be allowed to attend first grade based upon an assessment of his or her readiness if he or she attended a non-public preschool, continued his or her education at that school through kindergarten, was taught in kindergarten by an appropriately licensed teacher, and will be six years old on or before December 31. A child with exceptional needs who qualifies for special education services is eligible for admission at three years of age. Early entrance to kindergarten or first grade may also be available through Board policy 6:135, *Accelerated Placement Program*.

#### **Admission Procedure**

All students must register for school each year on the dates and at the place designated by the Superintendent. Parents/guardians of students enrolling in the District for the first time must present:

- 1. A certified copy of the student's birth certificate. If a birth certificate is not presented, the Superintendent or designee shall notify in writing the person enrolling the student that within 30 days he or she must provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate. A student will be enrolled without a birth certificate. When a certified copy of the birth certificate is presented, the school shall promptly make a copy for its records, place the copy in the student's permanent record, and return the certified copy to the person enrolling the child. If a person enrolling a student fails to provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency, and shall also notify the person enrolling the student in writing that, unless he or she complies within ten days, the case will be referred to the local law enforcement authority for investigation. If compliance is not obtained within that ten-day period, the Superintendent or designee shall so refer the case. The Superintendent or designee shall immediately report to the local law enforcement authority any material received pursuant to this paragraph that appears inaccurate or suspicious in form or content.
- 2. Proof of residence, as required by Board policy 7:60, Residence.
- 3. Proof of disease immunization or detection and the required physical examination, as required by State law and Board policy 7:100, *Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students*.

The individual enrolling a student shall be given the opportunity to voluntarily state whether the student has a parent or guardian who is a member of a branch of the U.S. Armed Forces and who is either deployed to active duty or expects to be deployed to active duty during the school year. Students who are children of active duty military personnel transferring will be allowed to enter: (a) the same grade level in which they studied at the school from which they transferred, if the transfer occurs during the District's school year, or (b) the grade level following the last grade completed.

#### Homeless Children

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment. Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, and its implementing administrative procedure, govern the enrollment of homeless children.

#### Foster Care Students

The Superintendent will appoint at least one employee to act as a liaison to facilitate the enrollment and transfer of records of students in the legal custody of the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services when enrolling in or changing schools.

#### Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools

A student may transfer into or out of the District according to State law and procedures developed by the Superintendent or designee. A student seeking to transfer into the District must serve the entire term of any suspension or expulsion, imposed for any reason by any public or private school, in this or any other state, before being admitted into the School District.

#### Foreign Students [High School or Unit Districts only]

The District accepts foreign exchange students with a J-1 visa and who reside within the District as participants in an exchange program sponsored by organizations screened by administration. Exchange students on a J-1 visa are not required to pay tuition.

Privately sponsored exchange students on an F-1 visa may be enrolled if an adult resident of the District has temporary guardianship, and the student lives in the home of that guardian. Exchange students on an F-1 visa are required to pay tuition at the established District rate. F-1 visa student admission is limited to high schools, and attendance may not exceed 12 months.

The Board may limit the number of exchange students admitted in any given year. Exchange students must comply with District immunization requirements. Once admitted, exchange students become subject to all District policies and regulations governing students.

#### Re-enrollment [High School or Unit Districts only]

Re-enrollment shall be denied to any individual 19 years of age or above who has dropped out of school and who could not earn sufficient credits during the normal school year(s) to graduate before his or her 21st birthday. However, at the Superintendent's or designee's discretion and depending on program availability, the individual may be enrolled in a graduation incentives program established under 105 ILCS 5/26-16 or an alternative learning opportunities program established under 105 ILCS 5/13B-1 (see 6:110, *Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program*). Before being denied re-enrollment, the District will offer the individual due process as required in cases of expulsion under policy 7:210, *Expulsion Procedures*. A person denied re-enrollment will be offered counseling and be directed to alternative educational programs, including adult education programs that lead to graduation or receipt of a GED diploma. This section does not apply to students eligible for special education under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act or accommodation plans under the Rehabilitation Act, Section 504.

LEGAL REF.: 8 U.S.C. §1101, Illegal Immigrant and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996.

20 U.S.C. §1232, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq., Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act.

29 U.S.C. §794, Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504.

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a, 5/10-20.12, 5/10-22.5a, 5/14-1.02, 5/14-1.03a, 5/26-1, 5/26-2, 5/27-8.1,

105 ILCS 10/8.1, Ill. School Student Records Act.

105 ILCS 45/, Education for Homeless Children Act.

105 ILCS 70/, Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.

325 ILCS 50/, Missing Children Records Act.

325 ILCS 55/, Missing Children Registration Law.

410 ILCS 315/2e, Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

20 Ill.Admin.Code Part 1290, Missing Person Birth Records and School Registration.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 226, Special Education.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

#### CROSS REF.:

4:110 (Transportation), 6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping out of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 6:135 (Accelerated Placement Program), 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 6:300 (Graduation Requirements), 6:310 (High School Credit for Non-District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students), 7:60 (Residence), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy), 7:100 (Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students), 7:340 (Student Records)

October 2019 7:50-AP

# **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools</u>

#### **Annual Review**

The Superintendent or designee reviews this procedure to ensure it is consistent with applicable State and federal laws.

#### **Legal Citations**

The legal requirements contained in this procedure are followed by a citation to the controlling rule and/or statute. Citations in parenthesis indicate the location of a named law. For additional clarification regarding a requirement, the cited law should be reviewed.

#### **Guidance Documents**

The following non-regulatory guidance list provides more information:

- 1. Ill. State Board of Education's annual registration and enrollment guidance document titled Residency & Enrollment, Immigrant Pupils, Homeless Pupils and School Fees & Waivers, www.isbe.net/Documents/guidance\_reg.pdf;
- 2. *Dear Colleague Letter: School Enrollment Procedures*, (OCR 05/08/14), www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201405.pdf;
- 3. Information on the Rights of All Children to Enroll in School: Questions and Answers for States, School Districts and Parents (revised 05/08/14), www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-201405.pdf; and
- 4. Fact Sheet: Information on the Rights of All Children to Enroll in School, www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/dcl-factsheet-201405.pdf.

#### **Transferring In**

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
Compliance with admission eligibility prerequisites in State law and School Board policy	All students seeking admission shall meet all residency, age, health examination, immunization, and other eligibility prerequisites as mandated by State law and School Board policy on admissions. See Board policy 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
Compliance with the Missing Children Records Act and Missing Children Registration Law	The Building Principal or designee of the school into which the student is transferring shall notify in writing the person enrolling the student that within 30 days he or she must provide a certified copy of the student's birth certificate. 325 ILCS 55/5(b); 20 Ill.Admin.Code §1290.60(a).
	If the person enrolling a student fails to comply with the above requirement, the Building Principal or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency and shall

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	also notify the person enrolling the student in writing that, unless he or she complies within 10 days, the matter will be referred to the local law enforcement authority for investigation. If compliance is not obtained within that 10-day period, refer the case.
	The Building Principal or designee shall immediately report to the local law enforcement authority and the Ill. Dept. of State Police (ISP) any affidavit explaining the inability to produce a copy of the birth certificate that appears inaccurate or suspicious in form or content. 325 ILCS 50/5 and 55/5(b).
	The Building Principal or designee shall, within 14 days after enrolling a transfer student, request directly from the student's previous school a certified copy of the student's record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(b); 325 ILCS 50/5(c).
Compliance with the Good Standing Requirement	The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student who is transferring from an Illinois public school shall ensure that a completed <i>Good Standing Form</i> from that school arrives at the school into which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a.
	The <i>Good Standing Form</i> , ISBE Form 33-78, available at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Documents/33-78">www.isbe.net/Documents/33-78</a> student transfer.pdf, indicates whether the student's medical records are current and whether the student is currently being disciplined by a suspension or expulsion. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(b).
	If the student is transferring from any private school (whether located in Illinois or not) or any non-Illinois public school, the parent(s)/guardian(s) shall certify in writing that the student is not currently serving a suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(b).
	The Building Principal or designee shall deny admittance to any student who was suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state until the student completes the entire term of the suspension or expulsion. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a). The Superintendent or designee may, upon the request of the parent(s)/guardian(s), place the student in an alternative school program established under the School Code. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a); 5/10-22.6. <b>Note:</b> Amend this paragraph as necessary to be consistent with board policy (see f/n 14, policy 7:50, <i>School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools</i> and policy 7:190, <i>Student Behavior</i> ).
	If the student is transferring from an Illinois public school, the Building Principal or designee shall refuse to admit the student unless the student can produce a <i>Good Standing Form</i> .
	If the student is transferring from any private school (whether

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	located in Illinois or not) or any non-Illinois public school, the Building Principal or designee shall refuse to admit the student unless his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) certify in writing that the student is not currently serving a suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring.
Compliance with the School Code and the Illinois School Student Records Act	If a request has not been made, the Building Principal shall request academic transcripts and medical records from the student's former school.
	The Building Principal or designee shall enroll a student whose former school transferred an unofficial record of grades in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a) and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(i). 105 ILCS 10/8.1.
	Out-of-state transfer students, including children of military personnel, may use unofficial transcripts for admission to a school until official transcripts are obtained from the student's last school district. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(d); 105 ILCS 70/32. Simultaneous with the enrollment of a child of active duty military personnel, the Building Principal or designee shall request the child's educational records from his or her former school. 105 ILCS 70/32.
Compliance with laws concerning education of homeless children	The Building Principal or designee shall immediately enroll a homeless child even if the child is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, in accordance with Board policy 6:140, <i>Education of Homeless Children</i> , and 6:140-AP; <i>Education of Homeless Children</i> . 42 U.S.C. §11432(g)(3)(C)(i) (McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act); 105 ILCS 45/1-20.
	The Building Principal or designee must immediately contact the school last attended by the child to obtain relevant academic and other records. 42 U.S.C. §11432(g)(3)(C)(ii); 105 ILCS 45/1-10.
Other admission steps	Building Principal or designee shall make the class or grade level assignment, with input from a counselor when needed, and may accept or reject the transferring school's recommendations.
	When parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student eligible for special education present a copy of the student's current individualized education program (IEP) to a new school, the student must be placed in a program described in the IEP. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.50(a)(1). If the school does not receive a copy of the student's current IEP or a verbal or written confirmation of the requirements of that IEP from the previous school district when the student is presented for enrollment, the student must be placed in a setting that the District believes will meet the student's needs until a copy of the current IEP is obtained or a new IEP is developed. 23 Ill.Admin.Code

Steps	Requirements and Actions That Must Be Completed
	§226.50(a)(2).
	The Building Principal or designee shall administer a Student Home Language Survey, to each student entering the District's schools for the first time. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §228.15(a). ISBE provides Sample Home Language Surveys that are available in English and twenty-nine other languages under the Home Language Surveys tab at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Screening-for-English-Language-Proficiency.aspx.
	If the Building Principal or designee did not send a request for records to the student's former school or school district, he or she shall send a notification to the school or school district from which the student transferred documenting that the student has enrolled in the school. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).
	The individual enrolling a student shall be given the opportunity to voluntarily state whether the student has a parent or guardian who is a member of a branch of the U.S. Armed Forces and who is either deployed to active duty or expects to be deployed to active duty during the school year. P.A. 99-30 repealed 105 ILCS 5/22-65; this language is not contained in 105 ILCS 70/. All course, program, extracurricular, graduation and other placements from the student's former school shall be initially honored if the District has those options, and spaces available. 105 ILCS 70/35.
	For Districts that collect biometric information:
	The Building Principal or designee shall notify the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of their rights with respect to the collection, distribution, and retention of biometric information in accordance with the <b>Student Biometric Information Collection</b> subhead in Board policy 7:340, <i>Student Records</i> . 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40; 23 Ill.AdminCode §375.30(a).

# **Transferring Out**

Steps	Requirements and Action That Must Be Completed
Initial step	The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student shall notify the Building Principal of their intent, pay outstanding fees or fines, sign a release form authorizing the release of student records, and return all school-owned property.
Compliance with the Illinois School Student Records Act	After receiving a request to transfer school student records, the Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must provide written notice of the nature and substance of the information to be transferred and the opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge the record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(a).

Steps	Requirements and Action That Must Be Completed
	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must, within 10 days of the notice of the student's transfer, forward a copy of the student's school record to the student's new school. 105 ILCS 10/8.1(b); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(c), (h). Each school must forward written information relative to the grade levels, subjects and record of academic grades achieved, current mathematics and language arts placement levels, health records, and a most current set of standardized test reports. However, if the student has unpaid fines or fees and is transferring to a public school located in Illinois or any other state, an official record of the student's grades will be sent in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(i).
	For children of active duty military personnel, if official educational records cannot be released to a student for the purpose of transferring, the Building Principal or designee shall prepare and furnish a complete set of unofficial educational records to the extent feasible. 105 ILCS 70/32(a).
	The Building Principal or designee shall, within 10 days after the student has paid all of his or her outstanding fines and fees and at the school's own expense, forward an official transcript of the scholastic records as defined in 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(i). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a).
	The Building Principal shall notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student of the destruction schedule for the student's permanent and temporary school records and of his or her right to request a copy of those records. 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(c).
	If within 150 days after a student leaves a school, the school has not received a request for the student's record, or been presented with other documentation that the student has enrolled in another school, the student is counted in the school's and District's calculation of its annual dropout rate. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).
Compliance with requirements for destruction of biometric information (if applicable)	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school shall, within 30 days, ensure the destruction of any biometric information collected in accordance with the <b>Student Biometric Information Collection</b> subhead in 7:340, <i>Student Records</i> .
	No biometric information shall be transferred to another school district in which a student has enrolled. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(a)(2). Destruction of a student's biometric information is not subject to authorization by the appropriate Local Record Commission (50 ILCS 205/7). 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40(d); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(c).

Steps	Requirements and Action That Must Be Completed
Compliance with the Missing Children Records Act and Missing Children Registration Law	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school must send the student's records within 10 days of receipt of the request, unless the record has been flagged pursuant to the Missing Children Records Act and/or Missing Children Registration Law; if flagged, the copy shall not be forwarded and the requested school must notify the local law enforcement authority and ISP of the request. 325 ILCS 55/5 and 50/5.
	If ISP notifies a school of a current or former student's disappearance, the school must flag the student's record so that whenever information regarding the record is requested, the school can immediately report the request to ISP.
Compliance with the Good Standing Requirement	The Building Principal or designee of the transferring school shall send to the school in which the student will or has enrolled a completed <i>Good Standing Form</i> (ISBE Form 33-78 available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/33-78">www.isbe.net/Documents/33-78</a> student transfer.pdf and, if a transferring student is currently suspended or expelled, indicate (105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(a)):  1. The date and duration of the suspension or expulsion, and
	2. Whether the suspension or expulsion is for knowingly possessing in a school building or on school grounds a weapon as defined in the Gun Free Schools Act (20 U.S.C. §7961 et seq.), for knowingly possessing, selling, or delivering in a school building or on school grounds a controlled substance or cannabis, or for battering a staff member of the school.
Compliance with the Illinois Domestic Violence Act	If a child transferring to another school is a <i>protected person</i> under an order of protection, the petitioner may request the Building Principal or designee to provide written notice of the order of protection, along with a certified copy of the order, to the institution to which the child is transferring. 750 ILCS 60/222(f).
	The Building Principal or designee shall respond to the above request by providing, within 24 hours of the transfer or sooner if possible, written notice of the order of protection, along with a certified copy of the order, to the institution to which the child is transferring. 750 ILCS 60/222(f).
Compliance with requirements for tracking transfer	The Superintendent and Building Principal, or their designees, shall count a student as a dropout in the calculation of a school's and District's annual student dropout rate unless the school or district to which a student transferred sends notification that the student has enrolled in the transferee school or school district. 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a(c); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a, and 5/10-20.40.

105 ILCS 10/, Ill. School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 45/, Education for Homeless Children Act.

105 ILCS 70/, Educational Opportunity for Military Children Act.

325 ILCS 50/, Missing Children Records Act. 325 ILCS 55/, Missing Children Registration Law. 750 ILCS 60/222, Ill. Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

20 Ill.Admin.Code §1290.60(a).

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

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## **Students**

## **Residence**

#### Resident Students

Only students who are residents of the District may attend a District school without a tuition charge, except as otherwise provided below or in State law. A student's residence is the same as the person who has legal custody of the student.

A person asserting legal custody over a student, who is not the child's natural or adoptive parent, shall complete a signed statement, stating: (a) that he or she has assumed and exercises legal responsibility for the child, (b) the reason the child lives with him or her, other than to receive an education in the District, and (c) that he or she exercises full control over the child regarding daily educational and medical decisions in case of emergency. If the District knows the current address of the child's natural or adoptive parent, the District shall request in writing that the person complete a signed statement or Power of Attorney stating: (a) the role and responsibility of the person with whom their child is living, and (b) that the person with whom the child is living has full control over the child regarding daily educational and medical decisions in case of emergency.

A student whose family moves out of the District during the school year will be permitted to attend school for the remainder of the year without payment of tuition.

When a student's change of residence is due to the military service obligation of the student's legal custodian, the student's residence is deemed to be unchanged for the duration of the custodian's military service obligation if the student's custodian made a written request. The District, however, is not responsible for the student's transportation to or from school.

If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent child of military personnel is housed in temporary housing located outside of the District, but will be living within the District within 60 days after the time of initial enrollment, the child is allowed to enroll, subject to the requirements of State law, and must not be charged tuition.

#### Requests for Nonresident Student Admission

Nonresident students may attend District schools upon the approval of a request submitted by the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) for nonresident admission. The Superintendent may approve the request subject to the following:

- 1. The student will attend on a year-to-year basis. Approval for any one year is not authorization to attend a following year.
- 2. The student will be accepted only if there is sufficient room.
- 3. The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be charged the maximum amount of tuition as allowed by State law.
- 4. The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be responsible for transporting the student to and from school.

#### Admission of Nonresident Students Pursuant to an Agreement or Order

Nonresident students may attend District schools tuition-free pursuant to:

- 1. A written agreement with an adjacent school district to provide for tuition-free attendance by a student of that district, provided both the Superintendent or designee and the adjacent district determine that the student's health and safety will be served by such attendance.
- 2. A written agreement with cultural exchange organizations and institutions supported by charity to provide for tuition-free attendance by foreign exchange students and nonresident pupils of charitable institutions.
- 3. According to an intergovernmental agreement.
- 4. Whenever any State or federal law or a court order mandates the acceptance of a nonresident student.

#### **Homeless Children**

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce records normally required to establish residency. School Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, and its implementing administrative procedure, govern the enrollment of homeless children.

#### Challenging a Student's Residence Status

If the Superintendent or designee determines that a student attending school on a tuition-free basis is a nonresident of the District for whom tuition is required to be charged, he or she on behalf of the School Board shall notify the person who enrolled the student of the tuition amount that is due. The notice shall detail the specific reasons why the Board believes that the student is a nonresident of the District and shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested. The person who enrolled the student may challenge this determination and request a hearing as provided by the School Code, 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b.

LEGAL REF.: McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a, 5/10-20.12b, and 5/10-22.5.

105 ILCS 45/ and 70/.23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240.

Israel S. by Owens v. Board of Educ. of Oak Park and River Forest High School

Dist. 200, 601 N.E.2d 1264 (Ill.App.1, 1992).

Joel R. v. Board of Education of Manheim School District 83, 686 N.E.2d 650

(Ill.App.1, 1997).

Kraut v. Rachford, 366 N.E.2d 497 (Ill.App.1, 1977).

CROSS REF.: 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student

Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy)

October 2016 7:60-AP1

# **Students**

## Administrative Procedure - Challenging a Student's Residence Status

Actor	Action
Superintendent or Designee	On behalf of the School Board, notifies the person who enrolled a student of the tuition amount due to the District for the nonresident student's attendance. The notice shall detail the specific reasons why the board believes that the student is a nonresident of the District and shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	Within ten calendar days after receipt of the notice, may request a hearing to review the determination that tuition is due. The request shall be sent certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Superintendent.
	If a hearing is requested to review the Board's decision: May request that the student continue attending the District's schools pending the Board's final decision. Such attendance shall not relieve the person who enrolled the student of the obligation to pay the tuition for that attendance if the Board decides the student is a nonresident who must pay tuition.
Superintendent or Designee	On behalf of the Board and within ten calendar days after receiving the hearing request, shall notify the person requesting the hearing of its time and place; the notification shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The hearing shall be held not less than ten nor more than 20 calendar days after this hearing notice is given. The hearing notice shall notify the person requesting the hearing that any written evidence and testimony or witnesses not disclosed at least three calendar days prior to the hearing are barred at the hearing without the District's consent.
	At least three calendar days prior to the hearing, discloses to the person requesting the hearing all written evidence and testimony the District may submit during the hearing and a list of witnesses it may call to testify during the hearing.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	At least three calendar days prior to the hearing, discloses to the District all written evidence and testimony he/she may submit during the hearing and a list of witnesses he/she may call to testify during the hearing.
School Board or Hearing Officer Designated by the Board	Conducts the hearing. At the hearing: (1) the Board and the person who enrolled the student may use representatives of their choice, and (2) the person who enrolled the student has the burden of going forward with the evidence concerning the student's residency.
	If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer: Within five calendar days after the hearing's conclusion, sends a written report

Actor	Action
	of his or her findings to the Board and to the person who enrolled the student. The report shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer: Within five calendar days after receiving the hearing officer's findings, may file written objections to the findings with the Board. The objections shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the Superintendent.
School Board	Whether the hearing is conducted by the Board or a hearing officer: Within 30 calendar days after the hearing's conclusion, decides whether or not the student is a resident of the District and the amount of any tuition required to be charged as a result of the student's attendance in the District's schools. Within five calendar days of its decision sends a copy of its decision to the person who enrolled the student by certified mail, return receipt requested. The decision must inform the person who enrolled the student that: (1) he/she may, within five calendar days after receipt of the Board's decision, petition the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center of schools to review the decision; and (2) at his/her request, the student may continue attending the District's schools pending the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center's review of the Board's decision. Such attendance shall not relieve the person who enrolled the student of the obligation to pay the tuition for that attendance if the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center decides the student is a nonresident.
Person Who Enrolled the Student	Within five calendar days after receiving the Board's decision, may petition the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center to review the decision. The petition must include the basis for the request and be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to both the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center and the Superintendent.
School Board	Within five calendar days after receiving petition, delivers to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center the Board's decision, any written evidence and testimony submitted by the parties during the hearing, a list of all witnesses that testified during the hearing, and any existing written minutes or transcript or verbatim record of the hearing. May also provide the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center and the person who enrolled the student with a written response to the petition.
Regional Superintendent of Schools or appropriate Intermediate Service Center	Within ten calendar days after receipt of documentation from the District, issues a written decision as to whether or not there is clear and convincing evidence the student is a resident of the District and eligible to attend the District's schools on a tuition-free basis. The

Actor	Action
	decision shall be transmitted to the Board and the person who enrolled the student, and shall, with specificity, detail the decision's rationale.

LEGAL REF: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b, amended by P.A. 99-670.

October 2016 7:60-AP2, E1

## **Students**

## Exhibit - Letter of Residence from Landlord in Lieu of Lease

A person seeking to enroll a child may use this form as evidence of residency when a signed lease is unavailable – other documents will also be required to establish residency. Return this completed form, signed by your landlord, to the Building Principal. The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented; completing this form does not guarantee admission.

To be completed and signed by the individual enrolling the child and returned to the Principal. Please print.

Child		School	
Individual enrolling the child		Home Telephone	
Relationship to the child		_	
Residence street address	City	Zip cod	e
Landlord's name		Landlord's telephone	
Landlord's address	City	Zip cod	e
Signature of the individual enrolling the student		Date	
Γο be signed by your landlord to verify that	you are rentir	ng this residence.	
I certify that the individuals named above are for / through /		sidence named above for the le	ase term
Landlord's signature		Date	

**WARNING:** If a student is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tuition must be charged, the persons enrolling the student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student began attending a District school as a nonresident.

A person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student known by that person to be a nonresident of the district is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very limited situations as defined in State law (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(e)).

A person who knowingly or willfully presents to the School District any false information regarding the residency of a student for the purpose of enabling that student to attend any school in that district without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(f)).

October 2016 7:60-AP2, E2

## **Students**

# Exhibit - Letter of Residence to Be Used When the Person Seeking to Enroll a Student Is Living with a District Resident

A person seeking to enroll a child should use this form as evidence of residency when he or she cannot produce a lease, purchase property agreement, or other similar document – other documents will also be required to establish residency. The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented; completing this form does not guarantee admission.

To be completed by the individual enrolling the child and returned to the Principal. Please print. Child School Home Telephone Individual enrolling the child Relationship to the child Residence street address City Zip code Signature of the individual enrolling the student To be completed and signed by the individual who is responsible for the residence. Please print. Telephone Name of the individual who is responsible for the residence I am responsible for this residence by  $\square$  ownership,  $\square$  lease, or  $\square$  other Total number of: Persons living at this residence \_\_\_\_\_\_ Rooms in residence \_\_\_\_\_ Bedrooms \_\_ State the reasons for this living arrangement, including your relationship to the individual enrolling the child: I certify that this information is true and that the individuals named above are living in my residence. Signature of the individual who is responsible for the residence Date

**WARNING:** If a student is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tuition must be charged, the persons enrolling the student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student began attending a District school as a nonresident.

A person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student known by that person to be a nonresident of the district is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very limited situations as defined in State law (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(e)).

A person who knowingly or willfully presents to the School District any false information regarding the residency of a student for the purpose of enabling that student to attend any school in that district without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(f)).

October 2016 7:60-AP2, E3

## **Students**

## Exhibit - Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control, and Responsibility of a Student

This form establishes a child's residency in the School District when the child is not living with a natural or adoptive parent. It must be completed by the individual who has assumed custody. Read **Important Warning** and submit this form with your signature to the Building Principal.

Student's name		District attendance building
Name of individual comp	pleting this form ( <i>Please print</i> )	Relationship to child
Please check all applie	cable boxes:	
☐ The child lives with	me at my residence address, a	s stated below, and is not living with me solely for the
	g the District's school.	
		for and control of the child regarding daily educational
medical decision	ns, including responsibility for:	food and clothing
	stitution for vandalism or other	
At my residence the chile	d regularly: (Please explain any	
Eats meals		
☐ Sleeps ☐ Spends weekend	s and summers	
<u> </u>	·	ne right to evaluate the evidence presented. Completing
		determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom
		ent are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the
student began attending a	a District school as a nonresiden	ıt.
		in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student
	to be a nonresident of the Distriction be a nonresident of the Distriction between the beautiful	ict is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very 0-20.12b(e)).
A person who knowingly	y or willfully presents to the Scl	hool District any false information regarding a student's
	student to attend any school in t ss C misdemeanor (105 ILCS 5/	the District without the payment of a nonresident tuition 10-20.12b(f)).
Date	Signature of individual compl	leting this form
Telephone	Address	
Optional: To be comp	pleted by the natural or adopt	tive parent(s), if one is available.
Please check all applie	cable boxes:	
	doptive parent of the child.	
☐ I have willingly tran	sferred full custody and control	of, as well as responsibility for this child to:
The transfer of custo	ody is not solely for the purpose	of attending the District's schools.
Date	Signature of individual compl	leting this form
Telephone	Address	

October 2017 7:60-AP2

# **Students**

## **Administrative Procedure - Establishing Student Residency**

Actor	Requirements and Actions that Must Be Completed
Anyone Seeking to	Must present a certified copy of the student's birth certificate.
Enroll a Student	Must present proof of residency within the District by providing the required number of documents from each of the following categories:
	Category I (One document required)
	Most recent property tax bill and proof of payment, e.g., canceled check or Form 1098 (homeowners)  Mortgage papers (homeowners)  Signed and dated lease and proof of last month's payment, e.g., canceled check or receipts (renters)  Letter from manager and proof of last month's payment, e.g., canceled check or receipt (trailer park residents)  Letter of residence from landlord in lieu of lease (7:60-AP2, E1)  Letter of residence to be used when the person seeking to enroll a student is living with a District resident (7:60-AP2, E2)
	Category II (Two documents showing proper address are required)
	Driver's license Vehicle registration Voter registration Most recent cable television and/or credit card bill Current bank statement Current public aid card Current homeowners/renters insurance policy and premium payment receipt Most recent gas, electric, and/or water bill Current library card Receipt for moving van rental Military Personnel Enrolling a Student for the First Time in the District.
	Must provide one of the following within 60 days after the date of student's initial enrollment)  Postmarked mail addressed to military personnel  Lease agreement for occupancy  Proof of ownership of residence
	Military Personnel with Legal Custody of a Child Who Want to Keep the Child Enrolled in the District Despite Having Changed Residence Due to a Military Service Obligation.
	Upon submitting a written request, the student's residence will be deemed to be unchanged for the duration of the custodian's military service obligation. The District, however, is not responsible for the student's

Actor	Requirements and Actions that Must Be Completed
	transportation to or from school.  Military Personnel Placing Nonresident Child with Non-Custodial Parent While on Active Military Duty.
	A student will not be charged tuition while he or she is placed with a <i>non-custodial parent</i> (a person who has temporary custody of a child of active duty military personnel and who is responsible for making decisions for the child). Must provide any "special power of attorney" created by the student's parent/guardian for the District to follow. A special power of attorney authorizes: (1) the student to enroll in a district of the non-custodial parent, and (2) the non-custodial parent to make decisions for the student. Any special power of attorney will be filed in the student's temporary record.
Anyone with a Custody Order Seeking to Enroll a Student	Presents court order, agreement, judgment, or decree that awards or gives custody of the student to any person (including divorce decrees awarding custody to one or both parents).
Non-Parent Seeking to Enroll a Student	Must complete and sign Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control, and Responsibility of a Student form, School Board exhibit 7:60-AP2, E3.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

The School District reserves the right to evaluate the evidence presented, and merely presenting the items listed in this Procedure does not guarantee admission.

#### **WARNING:**

If a student is determined to be a nonresident of the District for whom tuition must be charged, the persons enrolling the student are liable for nonresident tuition from the date the student began attending a District school as a nonresident.

A person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in this School District on a tuition-free basis a student known by that person to be a nonresident of the District is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, except in very limited situations as defined in State law. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(e).

A person who knowingly or willfully presents to the School District any false information regarding the residency of a student for the purpose of enabling that student to attend any school in that District without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b(f).

October 2017 7:70

## **Students**

## **Attendance and Truancy**

#### Compulsory School Attendance

This policy applies to individuals who have custody or control of a child: (a) between the ages of six (on or before September 1) and 17 years (unless the child has graduated from high school), or (b) who is enrolled in any of grades kindergarten through 12 in the public school regardless of age.

Subject to specific requirements in State law, the following children are not required to attend public school: (1) any child attending a private school (including a home school) or parochial school, (2) any child who is physically or mentally unable to attend school (including a pregnant student suffering medical complications as certified by her physician), (3) any child lawfully and necessarily employed, (4) any child over 12 and under 14 years of age while in confirmation classes, (5) any child absent because his or her religion forbids secular activity on a particular day, and (6) any child 16 years of age or older who is employed and is enrolled in a graduation incentives program.

The parent/guardian of a student who is enrolled must authorize all absences from school and notify the school in advance or at the time of the student's absence. A valid cause for absence includes illness, observance of a religious holiday, death in the immediate family, family emergency, other situations beyond the control of the student, other circumstances that cause reasonable concern to the parent/guardian for the student's safety or health, or other reason as approved by the Superintendent or designee.

#### Absenteeism and Truancy Program

The Superintendent or designee shall manage an absenteeism and truancy program in accordance with the School Code and School Board policy. The program shall include but not be limited to:

- A protocol for excusing a student from attendance who is necessarily and lawfully employed.
  The Superintendent or designee is authorized to determine when the student's absence is justified.
- 2. A protocol for excusing a student in grades 6 through 12 from attendance to sound *Taps* at a military honors funeral held in Illinois for a deceased veteran.
- 3. A protocol for excusing a student from attendance on a particular day(s) or at a particular time of day when his/her parent/guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat-support postings.
- 4. A process to telephone, within two hours after the first class, the parents/guardians of students in grade 8 or below who are absent without prior parent/guardian notification.
- 5. A process to identify and track students who are truants, chronic or habitual truants, or truant minors as defined in the School Code, Section 26-2a.
- 6. A description of diagnostic procedures for identifying the cause(s) of a student's unexcused absenteeism, including interviews with the student, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s), and staff members or other people who may have information about the reasons for the student's attendance problem.

- 7. The identification of supportive services that may be offered to truant, chronically truant, or chronically absent students, including parent-teacher conferences, student and/or family counseling, or information about community agency services. See Board policy 6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program.
- 8. A process to request the assistance and resources of outside agencies, such as, the juvenile officer of the local police department or the truant office of the appropriate Regional Office of Education, if truancy continues after supportive services have been offered.
- 9. A protocol for cooperating with non-District agencies including County or municipal authorities, the Regional Superintendent, truant officers, the Community Truancy Review Board, and a comprehensive community based youth service agency. Any disclosure of school student records must be consistent with Board policy 7:340, *Student Records*, as well as State and federal law concerning school student records.
- 10. An acknowledgement that no punitive action, including out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, or court action, shall be taken against a chronic truant for his or her truancy unless available supportive services and other school resources have been provided to the student.
- 11. The criteria to determine whether a student's non-attendance is due to extraordinary circumstances shall include economic or medical necessity or family hardship and such other criteria that the Superintendent believes qualifies.

[For high school and unit districts only]

- 12. A process for a 17-year-old resident to participate in the District's various programs and resources for truants. The student must provide documentation of his/her dropout status for the previous six months. A request from an individual 19 years of age or older to re-enroll after having dropped out of school is handled according to provisions in 7:50, Students School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
- 13. A process for the temporary exclusion of a student 17 years of age or older for failing to meet minimum academic or attendance standards according to provisions in State law. A parent/guardian has the right to appeal a decision to exclude a student.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/26-1 through 16.

705 ILCS 405/3-33.5, Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.242 and 1.290.

CROSS REF.: 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out

of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 6:150 (Home and Hospital Instruction), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:60 (Residence), 7:80 (Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:340 (Student Records)

July 2017 7:80

## **Students**

## Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance

A student shall be released from school, as an excused absence, to observe a religious holiday or for religious instruction. The student's parent/guardian must give written notice to the Building Principal at least five calendar days before the student's anticipated absence(s). This notice shall satisfy the District's requirement for a written excuse when the student returns to school.

The Superintendent shall develop and distribute to teachers appropriate procedures regarding student absences for religious reasons and include a list of religious holidays on which a student shall be excused from school attendance, how teachers are notified of a student's impending absence, and the State law requirement that teachers provide the student with an equivalent opportunity to make up any examination, study, or work requirement.

LEGAL REF.: Religious Freedom Restoration Act, 775 ILCS 35/.

105 ILCS 5/26-1 and 5/26-2b.

CROSS REF.: 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy)

August 2015 7:90

## **Students**

## **Release During School Hours**

For safety and security reasons, a prior written or oral consent of a student's custodial parent/guardian is required before a student is released during school hours: (1) at any time before the regular dismissal time or at any time before school is otherwise officially closed, and/or (2) to any person other than a custodial parent/guardian.

## Early Dismissal Announcement

The Superintendent or designee shall make reasonable efforts to issue an announcement whenever it is necessary to close school early due to inclement weather or other reason.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety)

March 2017 7:100

## **Students**

## Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students

#### Required Health Examinations and Immunizations

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) shall present proof that the student received a health examination, with proof of the immunizations against, and screenings for, preventable communicable diseases, as required by the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH), within one year prior to:

- 1. Entering kindergarten or the first grade;
- 2. Entering the sixth and ninth grades; and
- 3. Enrolling in an Illinois school, regardless of the student's grade (including nursery school, special education, Head Start programs operated by elementary or secondary schools, and students transferring into Illinois from out-of-state or out-of-country).

Proof of immunization against meningococcal disease is required for students in grades 6 and 12.

## As required by State law:

- 1. Health examinations must be performed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician authorizing the advanced practice nurse to perform health examinations, or a physician assistant who has been delegated the performance of health examinations by a supervising physician.
- 2. A diabetes screening is a required part of each health examination; diabetes testing is not required.
- 3. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, an age-appropriate developmental screening and an age-appropriate social and emotional screening are required parts of each health examination. A student will not be excluded from school due to his or her parent/guardian's failure to obtain a developmental screening or a social and emotional screening.
- 4. Before admission and in conjunction with required physical examinations, parents/guardians of children between the ages of one and seven years must provide a statement from a physician that their child was *risk-assessed* or screened for lead poisoning.
- 5. The IDPH will provide all female students entering sixth grade and their parents/guardians information about the link between human papilloma virus (HPV) and cervical cancer and the availability of the HPV vaccine.

Unless an exemption or extension applies, the failure to comply with the above requirements by October 15 of the current school year will result in the student's exclusion from school until the required health forms are presented to the District. New students who register after October 15 of the current school year shall have 30 days following registration to comply with the health examination and immunization regulations. If a medical reason prevents a student from receiving a required immunization by October 15, the student must present, by October 15, an immunization schedule and a statement of the medical reasons causing the delay. The schedule and statement of medical reasons must be signed by the physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or local health department responsible for administering the immunizations.

A student transferring from out-of-state who does not have the required proof of immunizations by October 15 may attend classes only if he or she has proof that an appointment for the required vaccinations is scheduled with a party authorized to submit proof of the required vaccinations. If the required proof of vaccination is not submitted within 30 days after the student is permitted to attend classes, the student may no longer attend classes until proof of the vaccinations is properly submitted.

#### **Eye Examination**

Parents/guardians are encouraged to have their children undergo an eye examination whenever health examinations are required.

Parents/guardians of students entering kindergarten or an Illinois school for the first time shall present proof before October 15 of the current school year that the student received an eye examination within one year prior to entry of kindergarten or the school. A physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed optometrist must perform the required eye examination.

If a student fails to present proof by October 15, the school may hold the student's report card until the student presents proof: (1) of a completed eye examination, or (2) that an eye examination will take place within 60 days after October 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this eye examination requirement in compliance with the rules of the IDPH. Schools shall not exclude a student from attending school due to failure to obtain an eye examination.

#### **Dental Examination**

All children in kindergarten and the second and sixth grades must present proof of having been examined by a licensed dentist before May 15 of the current school year in accordance with rules adopted by the IDPH.

If a child in the second or sixth grade fails to present proof by May 15, the school may hold the child's report card until the child presents proof: (1) of a completed dental examination, or (2) that a dental examination will take place within 60 days after May 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this dental examination requirement at least 60 days before May 15 of each school year.

#### Exemptions

In accordance with rules adopted by the IDPH, a student will be exempted from this policy's requirements for:

- 1. Religious or medical grounds, if the student's parents/guardians present the IDPH's Certificate of Religious Exemption form to the Superintendent or designee. When a Certificate of Religious Exemption form is presented, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately inform the parents/guardians of exclusion procedures pursuant to Board policy 7:280, *Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease* and State rules if there is an outbreak of one or more diseases from which the student is not protected.
- 2. Health examination or immunization requirements on medical grounds, if a physician provides written verification.
- 3. Eye examination requirement, if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or lack of access to a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who provides eye examinations or a licensed optometrist.
- 4. Dental examination requirement, if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or a lack of access to a dentist.

## **Homeless Child**

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce immunization and health records normally required for enrollment. School Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, governs the enrollment of homeless children.

LEGAL REF.: McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/27-8.1 and 45/1-20. 410 ILCS 45/7.1 and 315/2e. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 665. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 690.

CROSS REF.: 6:30 (Organization of Instruction), 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children),

6:180 (Extended Instructional Programs), 7:50 (School Admissions and Student

Transfers To and From Non-District Schools), 7:280 (Communicable and

Chronic Infectious Disease)

October 2015 7:130

## **Students**

#### Student Rights and Responsibilities

All students are entitled to enjoy the rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting. Students should exercise these rights reasonably and avoid violating the rights of others. Students who violate the rights of others or violate District policies or rules will be subject to disciplinary measures.

Students may, during the school day, during noninstructional time, voluntarily engage in individually or collectively initiated, non-disruptive prayer or religious-based meetings that, consistent with the Free Exercise and Establishment Clauses of the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions, are not sponsored, promoted, or endorsed in any manner by the school or any school employee. *Noninstructional time* means time set aside by a school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §7904.

105 ILCS 20/5.

Tinker v. Des Moines Independent School District, 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.: 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:160

(Student Appearance), 7:190 (Student Discipline)

October 2015 7:140

## **Students**

## Search and Seizure

In order to maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities are authorized to conduct reasonable searches of school property and equipment, as well as of students and their personal effects. "School authorities" includes school liaison police officers.

### School Property and Equipment as well as Personal Effects Left There by Students

School authorities may inspect and search school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school (such as, lockers, desks, and parking lots), as well as personal effects left there by a student, without notice to or the consent of the student. Students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places or areas or in their personal effects left there.

The Superintendent may request the assistance of law enforcement officials to conduct inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs.

#### Students

School authorities may search a student and/or the student's personal effects in the student's possession (such as, purses, wallets, knapsacks, book bags, lunch boxes, etc.) when there is a reasonable ground for suspecting that the search will produce evidence the particular student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's student conduct rules. The search itself must be conducted in a manner that is reasonably related to its objective and not excessively intrusive in light of the student's age and sex, and the nature of the infraction.

When feasible, the search should be conducted as follows:

- 1. Outside the view of others, including students,
- 2. In the presence of a school administrator or adult witness, and
- 3. By a certificated employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

Immediately following a search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the search, and given to the Superintendent.

## Seizure of Property

If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized and impounded by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. When appropriate, such evidence may be transferred to law enforcement authorities.

#### Notification Regarding Student Accounts or Profiles on Social Networking Websites

The Superintendent or designee shall notify students and their parents/guardians of each of the following in accordance with the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/:

- School officials may not request or require a student or his or her parent/guardian to provide a
  password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or
  profile on a social networking website.
- 2. School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school disciplinary rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 5/10-22.10a.

Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/.

Cornfield v. Consolidated High School Dist. No. 230, 991 F.2d 1316 (7th Cir., 1993).

People v. Dilworth, 661 N.E.2d 310 (Ill., 1996), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1692 (1996).

<u>People v. Pruitt</u>, 662 N.E. 2d 540 (Ill.App.1, 1996), *app. denied*, 667 N.E. 2d 1061 (Ill.App.1, 1996).

T.L.O. v. New Jersey, 105 S.Ct. 733 (1985).

Vernonia School Dist. 47J v. Acton, 115 S.Ct. 2386 (1995).

Safford Unified School Dist. No. 1 v. Redding, 129 S. Ct. 2633 (2009).

CROSS REF.: 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:150 (Agency and Police

Interviews), 7:190 (Student Discipline)

July 2017 7:140-AP

## **Students**

#### Administrative Procedure - Use of Metal Detectors for Student Safety

Nothing in this procedure shall limit the authority of school officials to search a student in accordance with School Board policy 7:140, *Search and Seizure*. All property removed as a result of this procedure that may be legitimately brought onto District property will be returned to the individual. Property removed from a student, possession of which violates Board policy, shall be confiscated and the student disciplined in accordance with Board policy.

Students who fail to cooperate with school personnel performing their duties may be subject to discipline for insubordination. Individuals who fail to cooperate will be asked to leave District property.

#### **Metal Detectors**

Metal detectors may be used when any one of the following occurs: (1) the administration has reasonable suspicion that a weapon is in the possession of unidentified students, (2) weapons or dangerous objects were found at school, on school property, or in the vicinity of a school, (3) violence involving weapons has occurred at a school or on school property, at school functions, or in a school's vicinity, or (4) a mass search takes place according to the District's standards for when and how metal detector searches are to be conducted. The Building Principal shall obtain the Superintendent's permission before using a metal detector. The reasons supporting the use of a metal detector shall be documented.

Signs will be posted to inform individuals that they will be required to submit to a screening for metal as a condition of entering District property. The screening will be conducted by District staff who may be assisted by law enforcement officials.

An individual will be asked to remove metal objects from his or her person prior to use of a metal detecting device. If, after the removal of metal objects, the metal detector activates, the individual will be asked to double-check that he/she removed all metal objects on his or her person, and the metal detecting device will be used again. If the metal detector activates a second time, the individual may be subjected to a *pat-down* search.

School personnel may inspect the contents of any briefcase, knapsack, purse, or parcel that activates the metal detector for the limited purpose of determining whether a weapon is concealed therein.

#### Pat-Down Search

When feasible, a pat-down search should be conducted: (1) outside the view of others, including students; (2) in the presence of a school administrator or adult witness; and (3) by a certificated employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

A pat-down search conducted by school personnel shall be limited to clothing for the purpose of discovering items that may have activated the metal detecting device. If school personnel conducting a pat-down search feel an object that may have activated the metal detecting device or may be other prohibited contraband, the individual will be asked to remove it.

Immediately following a pat-down search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the pat-down search, and given to the Superintendent.

October 2015 7:140-E

## **Students**

# Exhibit - Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act

On District letterhead

Re: When may school officials require a student to share the content from his or her account or profile on a social networking website?

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

State law requires the District to notify students and their parents/guardians of each of the following:

- 1. School officials may not request or require a student or his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) to provide a password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or profile on a social networking website. Examples of *social networking website* include Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, and ask.fm.
- 2. School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school disciplinary rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

Please contact the school if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

October 2019 7:150

## **Students**

#### **Agency and Police Interviews**

The Superintendent shall develop procedures to manage requests by agency officials or police officers to interview students at school. Procedures will:

- 1. Recognize individual student rights and privacy,
- 2. Recognize the potential impact an interview may have on an individual student,
- 3. Minimize potential disruption,
- 4. Foster a cooperative relationship with public agencies and law enforcement, and
- 5. Comply with State law including, but not limited to, ensuring that before a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or other school security person detains and questions on school grounds a student under 18 years of age who is suspected of committing a criminal act, the Superintendent or designee will:
  - a. Notify or attempt to notify the student's parent/guardian and document the time and manner in writing;
  - b. Make reasonable efforts to ensure the student's parent/guardian is present during questioning or, if they are not present, ensure that school employees (including, but not limited to, a school social worker, psychologist, nurse, guidance counselor, or any other mental health professional) are present during the questioning; and
  - c. If practicable, make reasonable efforts to ensure a trained law enforcement officer to promote safe interactions and communications with the student is present during questioning.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.64, 5/22-85 (final citation pending)

55 ILCS 80/, Children's Advocacy Center Act.

325 ILCS 5/, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. 720 ILCS 5/31-1 et seq., Interference with Public Officers Act. 725 ILCS 120/, Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

CROSS REF.: 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 7:130 (Student Rights and

Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

February 2016 7:150-AP

## **Students**

## <u>Administrative Procedure - Agency and Police Interviews</u>

These procedures should be used in conjunction with the Ill. Council of School Attorneys' *Guidelines* for Interview of Students which is available at:

www.iasb.com/law/ICSAGuidelinesforInterviewsofStudents2015.pdf.

Police officer means an officer who is not specifically assigned to the District or any of its buildings.

School resource officer (SRO) means a police officer who is assigned to the District or any of its buildings through an intergovernmental agreement or a memorandum of understanding with the District's local law enforcement agency.

#### Interviews by Police at School for Law Enforcement Purposes

- 1. The Building Principal or designee will check the police officer's credentials and any legal papers, such as, warrants for arrest, search warrants, or subpoenas to be served.
- 2. The Building Principal or designee will make a written record of the police officer's request and any accompanying paperwork.
- 3. The Building Principal or designee will copy the police officer's identification or note his or her badge number in the accompanying paperwork.
- 4. Interviews of minor students without permission of the parents/guardians are not permitted unless a legal process is presented or in extenuating circumstances. Prior to the interview, the Building Principal or designee will attempt to contact the student's parent/guardian, and inform him or her that their child is subject to an interview. In extreme emergency situations, DCFS employees, law enforcement personnel, or treating physicians may, in effecting temporary protective custody, request that the District not notify parents until the child's safety is ensured. The Building Principal or designee should ask that such a request be made in writing. If possible, the parent/guardian will be given the opportunity to be present and be represented by legal counsel at his or her own expense. Examples of extenuating circumstances include, but are not limited to the following instances:
  - a. There is a risk that delay in proceeding with the interview may pose imminent danger to the health or safety of students, school employees, or other persons in the community.
  - b. The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) are suspected of serious criminal activity or of coinvolvement with the student in criminal activity.
  - c. Law enforcement authorities need to act promptly to prevent destruction of evidence of a serious crime, or flight from the jurisdiction by a person suspected of serious criminal activity.
- 5. The Building Principal or designee will document attempts to contact the student's parents/guardians. If the parent/guardian conditions consent on being present then, absent exigent circumstances, the interview should be delayed until the parent/guardian arrives.
- 6. Interviews will be conducted in a private setting. If a parent/guardian is absent, and the Building Principal or designee determines that is appropriate for the police officer to interview the student at school, the Building Principal or designee and one other adult

witness, selected by the Building Principal or designee, will be present during the interview, unless the student requests them to leave. The Building Principal may allow the student to choose another staff member in the building to be present during the interview if the parent/guardian is not available. The SRO should also be present, if available.

- 7. If the student refuses to speak to law enforcement authorities, the interview may not proceed on school grounds.
- 8. Interview proceedings will be documented in writing for inclusion in the student's temporary records.
- 9. No minor student shall be removed from the school by the police officer without the consent of a parent/guardian, except upon service of a valid warrant of arrest, in cases of warrantless temporary protective custody or when probable cause for arrest exists. When a police officer has no warrant and asserts that probable cause exists, the Building Principal or designee shall inform the police officer that removal of the student from the school will occur in the least disruptive setting as determined by the Building Principal or designee. To protect the student's privacy and limit notoriety of the student, removal of the student from the building should occur through the shortest, least conspicuous, route possible. The least conspicuous route possible includes not using handcuffs during removal of the student from the building, unless the Building Principal and police officer agree that safety concerns exist. If a parent/guardian is absent, the Building Principal or designee and one other adult witness, selected by the Building Principal or designee, will be present during the removal of the student from the school building.

#### Interviews by the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS)

- 1. The Building Principal or designee will check the agent's credentials and any papers pertaining to a legal process. If DCFS presents a court order, an interview must be allowed. If no court order is presented by DCFS, the Building Principal or designee will allow reasonable access to interview the student who is a suspected victim of child abuse or neglect.
- 2. The Building Principal or designee shall immediately coordinate the timing of any necessary notifications to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) with DCFS, the applicable school resource officer (SRO), and/or local law enforcement when contacting or attempting to contact the student's parent/guardian to inform him or her that the student is subject to an interview.
- 3. If the DCFS agent does not want parents/guardians to be notified or present during the interview, this stipulation should be in writing and signed by the DCFS agent.
- 4. Interviews will be conducted in a private setting. If a parent/guardian is absent, the Building Principal or designee will condition the interview upon his or her presence along with one other adult witness, a member of the District staff.
- 5. If circumstances warrant, the student may be removed from school by the DCFS agent pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act, or if the police officer or a DCFS agent assumes temporary protective custody pursuant to the Illinois Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. The Building Principal or designee will request that the DCFS employee/agent or police officer: (1) sign an appropriate document memorializing that fact before assuming custody; or (2) provide permission for the Building Principal or designee to create a copy of the documentation presented authorizing the temporary custody of the student. The person taking or retaining a student in temporary protective custody shall immediately make every reasonable effort to notify the person responsible for the student's welfare and shall immediately notify DCFS.

6. No District employee may act as a DCFS agent.

LEGAL REF.: 55 ILCS 80/1 et seq., Children's Advocacy Center Act.

325 ILCS 5/1 et seq., Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. 720 ILCS 5/31-1 et seq., Interference with Public Officers Act. 725 ILCS 120/1 et seq., Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

July 2017 7:160

## **Students**

## **Student Appearance**

A student's appearance, including dress and grooming, must not disrupt the educational process, interfere with the maintenance of a positive teaching/learning climate, or compromise reasonable standards of health, safety, and decency. Procedures for handling students who dress or groom inappropriately will be developed by the Superintendent and included in the  $Student\ Handbook(s)$ .

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.25b.

Tinker v. Des Moines Independent School Dist., 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.: 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:165 (School Uniform), 7:190

(Student Behavior)

May/June 2018 7:165

## **Students**

## **School Uniforms**

Students are encouraged to wear school uniforms to school on all school attendance days, in order to maintain and promote orderly school functions, student safety, and a positive learning environment. The Building Principal is authorized to designate days on which this uniform policy is relaxed.

The Superintendent or designee shall designate a school-wide uniform after receiving input from school staff members, parents, and interested community members. Students may:

- 1. Display religious messages on items of clothing to the same extent they are permitted to display other messages;
- 2. Wear attire that is part of the student's religious practice;
- 3. Wear or display expressive items, such as a button, as long as such items do not contribute to disruption by substantially interfering with discipline or with the rights of others; and
- 4. Wear the uniform of a nationally recognized youth organization such as Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts on regular meeting days.

No student shall be denied attendance at school, penalized, or otherwise subject to compliance measures for failing to wear a uniform because of:

- 1. Personal choice;
- 2. Insufficient time in which to comply with this policy;
- 3. Financial hardship; or
- 4. Religious objection by the student's parent/guardian to the student's compliance with this policy or the applicable uniform, if they have provided the Superintendent with a signed statement detailing their objection.

Any student eligible for reduced or free lunches, or for a waiver of student fees, is eligible for financial assistance toward the purchase of school uniforms. The Superintendent or designee shall develop a process for informing parents/guardians of the availability of financial assistance and a method to process financial requests.

No student shall be suspended or expelled from school, or receive a lowered academic grade, because of failing to comply with this policy.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop incentives and positive reinforcement measures to encourage full compliance.

LEGAL REF: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.25b.

CROSS REF: 4:140 (Waiver of Student Fees), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:190 (Student

Behavior)

June 2019 7:170

# **Students**

## **Vandalism**

The School Board will seek restitution from students and their parents/guardians for vandalism or other student acts that cause damage to school property.

LEGAL REF.: 740 ILCS 115/.

CROSS REF.: 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

October 2019 7:180

## **Students**

## Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment

Bullying, intimidation, and harassment diminish a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. Preventing students from engaging in these disruptive behaviors and providing all students equal access to a safe, non-hostile learning environment are important District goals.

Bullying on the basis of actual or perceived race, color, national origin, military status, unfavorable discharge status from the military service, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender-related identity or expression, ancestry, age, religion, physical or mental disability, order of protection status, status of being homeless, or actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy, association with a person or group with one or more of the aforementioned actual or perceived characteristics, or any other distinguishing characteristic **is prohibited** in each of the following situations:

- 1. During any school-sponsored education program or activity.
- 2. While in school, on school property, on school buses or other school vehicles, at designated school bus stops waiting for the school bus, or at school-sponsored or school-sanctioned events or activities.
- 3. Through the transmission of information from a school computer, a school computer network, or other similar electronic school equipment.
- 4. Through the transmission of information from a computer that is accessed at a nonschool-related location, activity, function, or program or from the use of technology or an electronic device that is not owned, leased, or used by the School District or school if the bullying causes a substantial disruption to the educational process or orderly operation of a school. This paragraph (item #4) applies only when a school administrator or teacher receives a report that bullying through this means has occurred; it does not require staff members to monitor any nonschool-related activity, function, or program.

## Definitions from 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7

*Bullying* includes *cyberbullying* and means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student or students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student or students in reasonable fear of harm to the student's or students' person or property;
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's or students' physical or mental health;
- 3. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' academic performance; or
- 4. Substantially interfering with the student's or students' ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Cyberbullying means bullying through the use of technology or any electronic communication, including without limitation any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic system, photo-electronic system, or photo-optical system, including without limitation electronic mail, Internet communications, instant messages, or facsimile communications. Cyberbullying includes the creation of a webpage or weblog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person or the knowing impersonation of another person as the author of posted content or messages if the creation or impersonation creates any of the effects enumerated in the definition of bullying. Cyberbullying also includes the distribution by electronic means of a communication to more than one person or the posting of material on an electronic medium that may be accessed by one or more persons if the distribution or posting creates any of the effects enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Restorative measures means a continuum of school-based alternatives to exclusionary discipline, such as suspensions and expulsions, that: (i) are adapted to the particular needs of the school and community, (ii) contribute to maintaining school safety, (iii) protect the integrity of a positive and productive learning climate, (iv) teach students the personal and interpersonal skills they will need to be successful in school and society, (v) serve to build and restore relationships among students, families, schools, and communities, and (vi) reduce the likelihood of future disruption by balancing accountability with an understanding of students' behavioral health needs in order to keep students in school.

*School personnel* means persons employed by, on contract with, or who volunteer in a school district, including without limitation school and school district administrators, teachers, school guidance counselors, school social workers, school counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, cafeteria workers, custodians, bus drivers, school resource officers, and security guards.

#### Bullying Prevention and Response Plan

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a bullying prevention and response plan that advances the District's goal of providing all students with a safe learning environment free of bullying and harassment. This plan must be consistent with the requirements listed below; each numbered requirement, 1-12, corresponds with the same number in the list of required policy components in 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7(b) 1-12.

- 1. The District uses the definition of *bullying* as provided in this policy.
- 2. Bullying is contrary to State law and the policy of this District. However, nothing in the District's bullying prevention and response plan is intended to infringe upon any right to exercise free expression or the free exercise of religion or religiously based views protected under the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution or under Section 3 of Article I of the Illinois Constitution.
- 3. Students are encouraged to immediately report bullying. A report may be made orally or in writing to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, a Complaint Manager, or any staff member with whom the student is comfortable speaking. Anyone, including staff members and parents/guardians, who has information about actual or threatened bullying is encouraged to report it to the District named officials or any staff member. The District named officials and all staff members are available for help with a bully or to make a report about bullying. Anonymous reports are also accepted.

<b>Nondiscrimination Coord</b>	linator:

7:180 Page 2 of 5

Name

Tume	
Address	
Email	
Telephone	
<b>Complaint Managers:</b>	
Name	Name
Address	Address
Email	Email
Talanhona	Talanhona

- 4. Consistent with federal and State laws and rules governing student privacy rights, the Superintendent or designee shall promptly inform the parent(s)/guardian(s) of every student involved in an alleged incident of bullying and discuss, as appropriate, the availability of social work services, counseling, school psychological services, other interventions, and restorative measures.
- 5. The Superintendent or designee shall promptly investigate and address reports of bullying, by, among other things:
  - a. Making all reasonable efforts to complete the investigation within 10 school days after the date the report of a bullying incident was received and taking into consideration additional relevant information received during the course of the investigation about the reported bullying incident.
  - b. Involving appropriate school support personnel and other staff persons with knowledge, experience, and training on bullying prevention, as deemed appropriate, in the investigation process.
  - c. Notifying the Building Principal or school administrator or designee of the reported incident of bullying as soon as possible after the report is received.
  - d. Consistent with federal and State laws and rules governing student privacy rights, providing parents/guardians of the students who are parties to the investigation information about the investigation and an opportunity to meet with the Building Principal or school administrator or his or her designee to discuss the investigation, the findings of the investigation, and the actions taken to address the reported incident of bullying.

The Superintendent or designee shall investigate whether a reported incident of bullying is within the permissible scope of the District's jurisdiction and shall require that the District provide the victim with information regarding services that are available within the District and community, such as counseling, support services, and other programs.

6. The Superintendent or designee shall use interventions to address bullying, that may include, but are not limited to, school social work services, restorative measures, social-emotional skill building, counseling, school psychological services, and community-based services.

- 7. A reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of bullying **is prohibited**. A student's act of reprisal or retaliation will be treated as *bullying* for purposes of determining any consequences or other appropriate remedial actions.
- 8. A student will not be punished for reporting bullying or supplying information, even if the District's investigation concludes that no bullying occurred. However, knowingly making a false accusation or providing knowingly false information will be treated as *bullying* for purposes of determining any consequences or other appropriate remedial actions.
- 9. The District's bullying prevention and response plan must be based on the engagement of a range of school stakeholders, including students and parents/guardians.
- 10. The Superintendent or designee shall post this policy on the District's website, if any, and include it in the student handbook, and, where applicable, post it where other policies, rules, and standards of conduct are currently posted. The policy must be distributed annually to parents/guardians, students, and school personnel (including new employees when hired), and must also be provided periodically throughout the school year to students and faculty.
- 11. The Superintendent or designee shall assist the Board with its evaluation and assessment of this policy's outcomes and effectiveness. This process shall include, without limitation:
  - a. The frequency of victimization;
  - b. Student, staff, and family observations of safety at a school;
  - c. Identification of areas of a school where bullying occurs;
  - d. The types of bullying utilized; and
  - e. Bystander intervention or participation.

The evaluation process may use relevant data and information that the District already collects for other purposes. The Superintendent or designee must post the information developed as a result of the policy evaluation on the District's website, or if a website is not available, the information must be provided to school administrators, Board members, school personnel, parents/guardians, and students.

- 12. The Superintendent or designee shall fully implement the Board policies, including without limitation, the following:
  - a. 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*. A student may use this policy to complain about bullying.
  - b. 6:60, *Curriculum Content*. Bullying prevention and character instruction is provided in all grades in accordance with State law.
  - c. 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development. Student social and emotional development is incorporated into the District's educational program as required by State
  - d. 6:235, *Access to Electronic Networks*. This policy states that the use of the District's electronic networks is limited to: (1) support of education and/or research, or (2) a legitimate business use.
  - e. 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*. This policy prohibits *any* person from harassing, intimidating, or bullying a student based on an identified actual or perceived characteristic (the list of characteristics in 7:20 is the same as the list in this policy).
  - f. 7:185, *Teen Dating Violence Prohibited*. This policy prohibits teen dating violence on school property, at school sponsored activities, and in vehicles used for school-provided transportation.

- g. 7:190, *Student Behavior*. This policy prohibits, and provides consequences for, hazing, bullying, or other aggressive behaviors, or urging other students to engage in such conduct.
- h. 7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools, and 7:315, Restrictions on Publications; High Schools. These policies prohibit students from and provide consequences for: (1) accessing and/or distributing at school any written, printed, or electronic material, including material from the Internet, that will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities, and (2) creating and/or distributing written, printed, or electronic material, including photographic material and blogs, that causes substantial disruption to school operations or interferes with the rights of other students or staff members.

LEGAL REF.: 405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/24-24, and 5/27-23.7.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.240 and §1.280.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 4:170

(Safety), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:285 (Food Allergy Management Program), 7:310 (Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools), 7:315 (Restrictions on

Publications; High Schools)

May/June 2018 7:180-AP1, E1

## **Students**

## **Exhibit - Resource Guide for Bullying Prevention**

#### General Resources

ISBE's School Bullying Prevention Task Force Report: www.isbe.net/Documents/sbptf report 030111.pdf

*Resources* section of the website managed by the U.S. Department of Health & Human Services: www.stopbullying.gov

Bullying in Schools - Cops – U.S. Department of Justice:

https://cops.usdoj.gov/html/cd rom/solution gang crime/pubs/BullyinginSchools.pdf

#### Restorative Discipline Resources

Positive Behavior Intervention & Supports (PBIS):

www.pbis.org/school/default.aspx

Social and Emotional Learning Standards:

www.isbe.net/Pages/Social-Emotional-Learning-Standards.aspx

Dignity in Schools:

http://dignityinschools.org/take-action/model-school-code/

Illinois Balanced and Restorative Justice:

www.ibarj.org

#### Conditions for Development and Learning; Data Collection Resources

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)'s *Measuring Bullying Victimization*, *Perpetration*, *and Bystander Experiences: A Compendium of Assessment Tools*: https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/bullycompendium-a.pdf

Safe Supportive Learning's School Climate Measurement Compendium:

https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/index.php?id=133

PBIS:

www.pbis.org/school/default.aspx

CDC's Youth Violence: Measuring Violence-Related Attitudes, Behaviors, and Influences Among Youths: A Compendium of Assessment Tools - Second Edition: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/yv\_compendium.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/yv\_compendium.pdf</a>

CDC's Intimate Partner Violence and Sexual Violence Victimization Assessment Instruments for Use in Healthcare Settings, Version 1:

https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/ipv/ipvandsvscreening.pdf

World Health Organization Information Series on School Health's *Document 10, Creating an Environment for Emotional and Social Well-Being*:

www.who.int/school youth health/media/en/sch childfriendly 03 v2.pdf

Rachel's Challenge:

https://rachelschallenge.org

# **Students**

## **Exhibit - Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying**

	·	
Who reports?	YOU, if you have information about bullying, harassment, and/or a threat of one of these actions. It doesn't matter whether you are the target of bullying or think someone is being bullied, please report it!	
What do I report?	Any activity that targets someone to be hurt. Bullying, harassment, and threats take many forms. One thing they have in common – someone is targeted to be hurt. Examples of these hurtful behaviors include unwanted teasing, intimidation, physical violence, humiliation, spreading false rumors, social exclusion, or theft or destruction of property.	
	Bullying, harassment, and threats may occur almost anywhere students go – in school buildings, on school grounds or busses, at bus stops, for example. Bullying or harassing may also occur using social networking sites or cell phones.	
When should I report?	As soon as possible.	
Where or how do I report?	Tell any school staff member. You may do this in person, by phone, or by email. You may be asked to complete 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.	
	You may make an anonymous tip.	
Why should I report?	Fear and abuse have no place in our school. Be a hero and report bullying. If you are being bullied, a report will help you and other students who may also be targeted for bullying.	
What will happen after I report?	An Administrator will:	
	Acknowledge and review your report.	
	2. Treat your report with privacy and respect its sensitive nature.	
	3. Investigate your report. The school will not bring students who bully and those they bully into the same room to confront each other. All interviews will be private.	
	4. Take appropriate action that may include increased monitoring and supervision, restructuring schedules, additional resources, and disciplinary action for conduct code violations, among others.	
	5. Provide you with feedback, if appropriate.	



August 26, 2019

Re: Bullying

All staff members:

Please join me in stopping and preventing student bullying in our school. The purpose of this letter is to introduce you to our three-pronged approach that will help accomplish this goal.

**First** - If a student reports bullying to you, respond immediately and with compassion. Ask for the basic facts (who-what-when-where). Refer the report to my office. Give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, *Report Form for Bullying*.

**Second** - Provide me your feedback and concerns. Do you know of any bullying *hot spots* that need additional supervision or monitoring? Are there known bullies or targets of bullying?

**Third** - Intervene immediately to stop a bullying incident. When teachers or adults ignore bullying, students interpret it as acceptable behavior. Immediately contact administration and building security or law enforcement if the incident involves a weapon or other illegal activity.

Bullying is defined in School Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, as follows:

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or property.
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's physical or mental health.
- 3. Substantially interfering with the student's academic performance.
- 4. Substantially interfering with the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying, intimidation, and/or harassment may take various forms, including without limitation: threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.

The Board's entire policy may be found on the District's website. Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

# **Students**

## Exhibit - Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying

On District Letterhead

Date

Re: Bullying

All staff members:

Please join me in stopping and preventing student bullying in our school. The purpose of this letter is to introduce you to our three-pronged approach that will help accomplish this goal.

**First** - If a student reports bullying to you, respond immediately and with compassion. Ask for the basic facts (who-what-when-where). Refer the report to my office. Give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, *Report Form for Bullying*.

**Second** - Provide me your feedback and concerns. Do you know of any bullying *hot spots* that need additional supervision or monitoring? Are there known bullies or targets of bullying?

**Third** - Intervene immediately to stop a bullying incident. When teachers or adults ignore bullying, students interpret it as acceptable behavior. Immediately contact administration and building security or law enforcement if the incident involves a weapon or other illegal activity.

Bullying is defined in School Board policy 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment, as follows:

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or property.
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's physical or mental health.
- 3. Substantially interfering with the student's academic performance.
- 4. Substantially interfering with the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying, intimidation, and/or harassment may take various forms, including without limitation: threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.

The Board's entire policy may be found on the District's website. Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

# **Students**

# **Exhibit - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying**

On District Letterhead

Date

Re: Bullying

Dear Parents/Guardians:

At our school, bullying of any kind, by any person, is unacceptable. All students should be free from worries about being bullied. Students who bully others must be taught other, appropriate ways of interacting with peers. The purpose of this letter is to provide you with information concerning the School District's anti-bullying program and to encourage you to help us identify students who are being bullied.

The School Board policy on bullying begins with this goals statement:

Bullying, intimidation, and harassment diminish a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. Preventing students from engaging in these disruptive behaviors is an important District goal.

Bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

- 1. Placing the student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or property.
- 2. Causing a substantially detrimental effect on the student's physical or mental health.
- 3. Substantially interfering with the student's academic performance.
- 4. Substantially interfering with the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying, intimidation, and/or harassment may take various forms, including without limitation: threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.

I asked our school staff members to respond immediately and with compassion to a student who reports bullying or school violence. After evaluating the situation to determine if an immediate referral to my office is needed, a staff member will give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, *Report Form for Bullying*. I will inform you whenever your child is involved in a bullying report.

I also asked our staff members for their feedback and concerns specifically regarding locations that may be bullying *hot spots* needing additional supervision or monitoring or if there are any known bullies or targets of bullying in our building. I want to ask you to do the same thing. Please inform me if you know of any bullying *hot spots* in or around our school, or if you are aware of a known bully or target of bullying.

Finally, I requested our staff members to intervene immediately to stop a bullying incident. They will immediately contact building security and or law enforcement if the incident involves a weapon or other illegal activity.

Below are some of the signs that a young person is being bullied:

- Does not want to go to school and refuses to explain the reason
- Talks about not having any friends
- Has unexplained bruises, cuts, scratches, or abrasions
- Has unexplained damage to clothing, possessions, books, etc.
- Frequently loses money or possessions
- Loses interest in school and/or has declining grades
- Becomes withdrawn and/or has stress or depression symptoms

These signs do not necessarily mean your child is being bullied, but if present, ask your child whether he or she is being bullied.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

# **Students**

# **Exhibit - Report Form for Bullying**

To be completed by the bullying target, witness, or person with information about an incident of bullying and submitted to the Building Principal's office. Make readily accessible via website(s) and other publicized designated areas in schools.

*Please print and check appropriate boxes.* Name: Date: Student Parent Staff Other Indicate here if you prefer to remain anonymous. Yes No Are you the target of the bullying that you are reporting? 

Yes 

No Date of incident: Time of incident: Person(s) being reported as targets of bullying: Name: Student Staff ☐ Student ☐ Staff Name: Student Staff Name: Person(s) being reported as aggressors engaged in bullving: Student Staff Other Name: Student Staff Other Name: ☐ Student ☐ Staff ☐ Other Name: Person(s) who witnessed the bullying: Name: Student Staff Other Student Staff Other Name: Student Staff Other Name: Was the incident based on any of these characteristics? (Check all that apply.) Race Color Nationality Sexual orientation Sex Gender identity Gender-related expression Ancestry Pregnancy Age Religion Physical disability Order of protection status Mental disability Homeless status | Marital status Parental status Associated with person/group with one or more of the above actual or perceived characteristics Other I do not know.

Student(s) were targeted for bullying	g in the following way(s): (Check all that apply.)
	t, social media platforms, text, email, cyberbullying, etc.)
	andwritten notes, other written documents, email, etc.)
	shing, hitting, destruction of property, stalking, etc.)
☐ Verbal act or conduct (e.g., rum	ors, lies, name-calling, using derogatory slurs, etc.)
Social (e.g., purposeful exclusion	on, causing psychological harm, etc.)
	or prejudice were worn, possessed or displayed
Other (please explain):	, 1 . 3 , 1
G. 1 .// \ 1 G. 1 11 .	' 4 6 11 ' 1 ( ) (01 1 11 4 ( 1 )
Student(s) were targeted for bullying	g in the following place(s): (Check all that apply.)
Classroom	Locker room
Hallway	Extracurricular activity
Cafeteria	Bus
Restroom	Bus stop
∐ Gym	School or related activity or event
Other	
incident(s) take place, who witness written, social, electronic, etc.)	ed it, what was said, what types of interactions occurred (physical,
☐ The above information is true as	nd accurate to the best of my knowledge.
	, ,
Signature:	Date:

# **Students**

## **Exhibit - Interview Form for Bullying Investigation**

	signee to obtain information about a bullying report
Use this form as a coversheet for each person in	erviewed during the investigation.
Name of person interviewed:	Date:
Name of interviewer:	Title:

#### Instructions for Interviewer

- 1. Protect the identity of the student who reports. Begin a prompt, thorough and impartial investigation by interviewing witnesses separately in a private location with a school colleague present (not the school resource officer). Use the **Questions** section below to guide your notes while you interview the person listed above. Attach to 7:180-AP1, E7, *Response to Bullying*.
- 2. Make your notes on a separate document and attach them to this form.
- 3. Review and preserve any videos, photos, screenshots or other physical evidence and label it.
- 4. File this form, notes, and any other evidence provided in a designated investigation and response folder.
- 5. Use this form to complete 7:180-AP1, E7, Response to Bullying.
- 6. Create a *Basic Facts* section, i.e., who, what, where, when, why and how.
- 7. Record the actions and behavior that were experienced or observed (follow-up with leading questions to complete the description of what happened and its consequences, if necessary).
- 8. Include open-ended questions. For example, ask "How are you feeling?" "How has what happened affected you?"

#### Questions

- 1. Has this happened before?
- 2. Do you fear for your safety? How? Where (at school, home, or both places)?
- 3. Do you fear that harm would come to any of your personal property? How?
- 4. Age appropriately ask whether the target's health (physical, emotional, and/or mental) has been affected. How (seen by a doctor, missing school)?
- 5. Has your academic performance been affected? How (increase in tardiness/absences, grades going down, missed assignments)?
- 6. Have you quit or modified attendance in any extracurricular activities?
- 7. Have you changed any of your usual routines at school (using different hallway, skipping lunch in lunchroom or using different lunch period, taking different route to school, etc.)?
- 8. Why do you think this behavior is happening?
- 9. What will help make you feel safe?

# **Students**

## Exhibit - Response to Bullying

To be completed by the Building Principal and attached as a coversheet for the school office's designated bullying report investigation and response folder. Place a copy of the completed coversheet only (not attachments) in each listed student's temporary school student record. Redact all student names other than the student's name for which the record pertains. Investigator: Title: <u>Investigation</u> File an interview form for each party interviewed in the designated investigation and response folder. Check here to indicate that all interview forms have been properly completed and filed. Aggressor: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_ Witnesses: Date: Date: Date: Are there any prior documented incidents by the aggressor identified above? Yes No (Attach information) If yes, have incidents involved target or target group previously? Yes No **Findings** Bullying Other: Aggressor motivated by protected characteristics listed in policy 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited. Bullying Investigation Response **Response and Plan for Target** (Check all that apply and include descriptions.) Contact parent/guardian: Date: Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other: Safety plan: ☐ Increase staff supervision: Education: Minimize contact with aggressor: District resources: (Student Services/IDEA/504) Target follow-up scheduled date: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date and initial completed: Parent/guardian follow-up date: Date and initial completed: Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:

Provide parent/guardian with copies of Board policy 2:260 and 7:180. Date:

<b>Response and Plan for Aggressor</b> (Check all that apply and include descripting	ions.)
Contact parent/guardian:	Date:
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	
7:190-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form sent	Date:
☐ Provide parent/guardian with copies of Board policy 2:260 and 7:180	Date:
Restorative Responses	
Safety plan:	
☐ Increase staff supervision:	
Education:	
Non-District affiliated psychological services:	
Alternative school assignment:	
Minimize contact with target:	
District resources (Student Services/IDEA/504):	
Other:	_
<u>Punitive Responses</u>	
Loss of privileges:	
Detention:	
Suspension:	
Expulsion:	
Community agency service:	
Reciprocal Reporting Act utilized: Yes No	
Report to School Resource Officer/Law Enforcement:	
Other:	
Aggressor follow-up date: Date and initial comp	pleted:
Circle contact method: Phone Email Letter In-person Other:	
Parent/guardian follow-up date: Date and initial comp	pleted:
Contact District complaint manager:	Date:
Target response implementation:	
Aggressor response implementation:	
Systemic culture/climate intervention:	
Referral to address needs for ideal conditions for developmental learning:	
Other:	
Submit reports to: Building Principal (if not the investigator)	Date:
Superintendent	Date:
Signature of investigator:	Date:

# **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying</u>

The strategic components for integrating an anti-bullying program into the District's existing policies and procedures are listed below. Each component lists specific implementation steps along with resources and accompanying exhibits. The Superintendent or designee, at the District-level, or the Building Principal or designee, at the Building-level, is responsible for the integration of these components. Use the local conditions of the community and other available resources to determine the best implementation methods. At times, support from the School Violence Prevention Team (see 4:170-AP7, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*) may be appropriate as bullying and threats of school violence often arise from the same behavior pattern(s), i.e., interpersonal aggression.

#### Preventing Bullying

- 1. Review 7:180-AP1, E1, Resource Guide for Bullying Prevention.
- 2. Assess the District's Conditions for Development and Learning. Below are resources that discuss and provide information about how to implement school climate measurement instruments:

School Bullying Prevention Task Force Report, *Selection of School Climate Measures*, p. 19 at: www.isbe.net/Documents/sbptf\_report\_030111.pdf.

*Safe Supportive Learning's* School Climate Measurement compendium at: safesupportiveschools.ed.gov/index.php?id=133.

#### **Identifying Bullying**

- 1. Post 7:180-AP1, E2, *Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying*, in school buildings, student handbooks, online, etc.
- 2. Train staff to recognize and accept reports of bullying, 7:180-AP1, E3, *Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying*.
- 3. Inform parents about the District's anti-bullying program, 7:180-AP1, E4, *Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying*.
- 4. Inform students how to make a report, including an anonymous report, i.e., complete and submit 7:180-AP1, E5, *Report Form for Bullying*.

#### **Investigating Reports of Bullying**

- 1. Conduct a prompt, thorough and impartial investigation upon receiving a report.
- 2. Review the report, i.e., 7:180-AP1, E5, Report Form for Bullying.
- 3. Interview the listed aggressor(s), target(s) and witnesses using 7:180-AP1, E6, *Interview Form for Bullying Investigation*.

#### Responding to Bullying

1. Complete 7:180-AP1, E7, Response to Bullying.

- 2. Notify the District's Non-Discrimination Coordinator if the findings indicate that the behavior was based upon the protected statuses listed in 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*.
- 3. Communicate and partner with the parents/guardians of the students involved. Ask parents/guardians, "How can we help you and your child?"
- 4. Stop the behavior(s).
- 5. Eliminate any hostile environment(s) and its effects (see **Preventing Bullying** #2, above).
- 6. Prevent the bullying from happening again.
- 7. Implement appropriate interventions for the target, aggressor, and District.
- 8. Address any findings of repeated inaccurate accusations against an alleged-aggressor that are beginning to impede his or her education, e.g., reverse bullying.
- 9. Follow-up with target, aggressor and their parent(s)/guardian(s) to ensure subsequent bullying has not occurred and no new concerns have arisen.

7:185

# **Students**

### **Teen Dating Violence Prohibited**

Engaging in teen dating violence that takes place at school, on school property, at school-sponsored activities, or in vehicles used for school-provided transportation is prohibited. For purposes of this policy, the term *teen dating violence* occurs whenever a student who is 13 to 19 years of age uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a program to respond to incidents of teen dating violence that:

- 1. Fully implements and enforces each of the following Board policies:
  - a. 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*. This policy prohibits any person from harassing intimidating, or bullying a student based on the student's actual or perceived characteristics of sex; sexual orientation; gender identity; and gender-related identity or expression (this policy includes more protected statuses).
  - b. 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.* This policy prohibits students from engaging in bullying, intimidation, and harassment at school, school-related events and electronically. Prohibited conduct includes threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, sexual violence, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.
- 2. Encourages anyone with information about incidents of teen dating violence to report them to any of the following individuals:
  - a. Any school staff member. School staff shall respond to incidents of teen dating violence by following the District's established procedures for the prevention, identification, investigation, and response to bullying and school violence.
  - b. The Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager identified in policy 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*.
- 3. Incorporates age-appropriate instruction in grades 7 through 12, in accordance with the District's comprehensive health education program in Board policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*. This includes incorporating student social and emotional development into the District's educational program as required by State law and in alignment with Board policy 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*.
- 4. Incorporates education for school staff, as recommended by the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager.
- 5. Notifies students and parents/guardians of this policy.

## Elmwood CUSD #322

Incorporated

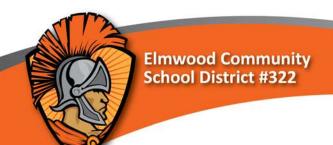
by Reference: 7:180-AP1, (Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying)

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 110/3.10.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:230

(Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular

Activities)



June 19, 2018

Re: Teen Dating Violence

#### Dear Parents/Guardians:

At our school, teen dating violence is unacceptable. We are committed to providing our students with a school environment where they can learn free from worries about school violence. The purpose of this letter is to inform you of School Board policy, 7:185, *Teen Dating Violence Prohibited*, which is a component of the District's anti-bullying program.

Research has shown that teen dating violence can form lifelong, unhealthy habits during young adults' formative years. Educating parents/guardians, students, and staff about teen dating violence can help us identify incidents of teen dating violence at school or school-related activities. The Board's policy states that *teen dating violence* occurs whenever a student uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

Students in grades 7 through 12 will receive age-appropriate instruction on teen dating violence including its warning signs and prevention. School staff will also receive training on handling the signs and incidents of teen dating violence. I have asked our school staff members to respond immediately and with compassion to a student who reports teen dating violence. After evaluating the situation to determine if an immediate referral to my office is needed, a staff member will give the student our form for reporting bullying, 7:180-AP1, E5, *Report Form for Bullying*.

Finally, I have directed staff members to intervene immediately to stop incidents of teen dating violence occurring at school. They will proceed under our District's procedures for responding to incidences of bullying and school violence.

Below are some warning signs that your child may be involved in teen dating violence:

- Name-calling and *put-downs*. Does one individual in the relationship call the other person names? Does he or she use insults to put the other person down?
- Extreme Jealousy. Does one individual in the relationship act overly jealous when the other talks to peers? Does one person accuse the other of flirting even when it's innocent conversation?
- Making Excuses. Does one individual in the relationship make excuses for the other? Does he or she have to apologize for the other person's behavior?
- Canceling or changing plans. Does one individual cancel plans often, and at the last minute? Do the reasons make sense or sound untrue?
- Monitoring. Does one person call, text message, or check up on the other constantly? Does he or she demand to know the other person's plans or with whom the other person was with?

- Uncontrolled Anger. Have you seen one individual lose his or her temper? Does he or she throw things or break things when angry? Does one person in the relationship worry a lot about upsetting the other?
- Isolation. Has one individual in the relationship given up spending time with friends? Has that individual stopped doing activities that used to be important?
- Dramatic Changes. Have either of the individuals in the relationship had appearance changes? Has he or she lost or gained weight? Have his or her grades dropped? Does he or she seem depressed?
- Injuries. Does one person in the relationship have unexplained injuries, or does he or she give explanations that don't make sense?
- Quick Progression. Did the relationship get serious very quickly?

These signs do not necessarily mean that your child is involved in teen dating violence, but, if present, talk to your child about teen dating violence.

For more information about this issue, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's educational materials at:

www.cdc.gov/ViolencePrevention/intimatepartnerviolence/teen\_dating\_violence.html.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

May/June 2018 7:185-E

# **Students**

## Exhibit - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Teen Dating Violence

On District letterhead

Date

Re: Teen Dating Violence Dear Parents/Guardians:

At our school, teen dating violence is unacceptable. We are committed to providing our students with a school environment where they can learn free from worries about school violence. The purpose of this letter is to inform you of School Board policy, 7:185, *Teen Dating Violence Prohibited*, which is a component of the District's anti-bullying program.

Research has shown that teen dating violence can form lifelong, unhealthy habits during young adults' formative years. Educating parents/guardians, students, and staff about teen dating violence can help us identify incidents of teen dating violence at school or school-related activities. The Board's policy states that *teen dating violence* occurs whenever a student uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship.

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- Isolation. Has one individual in the relationship given up spending time with friends? Has that individual stopped doing activities that used to be important?
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For more information about this issue, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's educational materials at:

www.cdc.gov/ViolencePrevention/intimatepartnerviolence/teen\_dating\_violence.html.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns. Sincerely,

**Building Principal** 

October 2019 7:190

# **Students**

#### **Student Behavior**

The goals and objectives of this policy are to provide effective discipline practices that: (1) ensure the safety and dignity of students and staff; (2) maintain a positive, weapons-free, and drug-free learning environment; (3) keep school property and the property of others secure; (4) address the causes of a student's misbehavior and provide opportunities for all individuals involved in an incident to participate in its resolution; and (5) teach students positive behavioral skills to become independent, self-disciplined citizens in the school community and society.

#### When and Where Conduct Rules Apply

A student is subject to disciplinary action for engaging in prohibited student conduct, as described in the section with that name below, whenever the student's conduct is reasonably related to school or school activities, including, but not limited to:

- 1. On, or within sight of, school grounds before, during, or after school hours or at any time;
- 2. Off school grounds at a school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school;
- 3. Traveling to or from school or a school activity, function, or event; or
- 4. Anywhere, if the conduct interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the school environment, school operations, or an educational function, including, but not limited to, conduct that may reasonably be considered to: (a) be a threat or an attempted intimidation of a staff member; or (b) endanger the health or safety of students, staff, or school property.

#### **Prohibited Student Conduct**

The school administration is authorized to discipline students for gross disobedience or misconduct, including but not limited to:

- 1. Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling tobacco or nicotine materials, including without limitation, electronic cigarettes.
- 2. Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling alcoholic beverages. Students who are under the influence of an alcoholic beverage are not permitted to attend school or school functions and are treated as though they had alcohol in their possession.
- 3. Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, selling, or offering for sale:
  - a. Any illegal drug or controlled substance, or cannabis (including marijuana, hashish, and medical cannabis unless the student is authorized to be administered a medical cannabis infused product under *Ashley's Law*).
  - b. Any anabolic steroid unless it is being administered in accordance with a physician's or licensed practitioner's prescription.
  - c. Any performance-enhancing substance on the Illinois High School Association's most current banned substance list unless administered in accordance with a physician's or licensed practitioner's prescription.
  - d. Any prescription drug when not prescribed for the student by a physician or licensed practitioner, or when used in a manner inconsistent with the prescription or prescribing

- physician's or licensed practitioner's instructions. The use or possession of medical cannabis, even by a student for whom medical cannabis has been prescribed, is prohibited unless the student is authorized to be administered a medical cannabis infused product under *Ashley's Law*.
- e. Any inhalant, regardless of whether it contains an illegal drug or controlled substance: (a) that a student believes is, or represents to be capable of, causing intoxication, hallucination, excitement, or dulling of the brain or nervous system; or (b) about which the student engaged in behavior that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student intended the inhalant to cause intoxication, hallucination, excitement, or dulling of the brain or nervous system. The prohibition in this section does not apply to a student's use of asthma or other legally prescribed inhalant medications.
- f. Any substance inhaled, injected, smoked, consumed, or otherwise ingested or absorbed with the intention of causing a physiological or psychological change in the body, including without limitation, pure caffeine in tablet or powdered form.
- g. Look-alike or counterfeit drugs, including a substance that is not prohibited by this policy, but one: (a) that a student believes to be, or represents to be, an illegal drug, controlled substance, or other substance that is prohibited by this policy; or (b) about which a student engaged in behavior that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student expressly or impliedly represented to be an illegal drug, controlled substance, or other substance that is prohibited by this policy.
- h. Drug paraphernalia, including devices that are or can be used to: (a) ingest, inhale, or inject cannabis or controlled substances into the body; and (b) grow, process, store, or conceal cannabis or controlled substances.

Students who are under the influence of any prohibited substance are not permitted to attend school or school functions and are treated as though they had the prohibited substance, as applicable, in their possession.

- 4. Using, possessing, controlling, or transferring a *weapon* as that term is defined in the **Weapons** section of this policy, or violating the **Weapons** section of this policy.
- 5. Using or possessing an electronic paging device. Using a cellular telephone, video recording device, personal digital assistant (PDA), or other electronic device in any manner that disrupts the educational environment or violates the rights of others, including using the device to take photographs in locker rooms or bathrooms, cheat, or otherwise violate student conduct rules. Prohibited conduct specifically includes, without limitation, creating, sending, sharing, viewing, receiving, or possessing an indecent visual depiction of oneself or another person through the use of a computer, electronic communication device, or cellular phone. Unless otherwise banned under this policy or by the Building Principal, all electronic devices must be kept powered-off and out-of-sight during the regular school day unless: (a) the supervising teacher grants permission; (b) use of the device is provided in a student's individualized education program (IEP); (c) it is used during the student's lunch period, or (d) it is needed in an emergency that threatens the safety of students, staff, or other individuals.
- 6. Using or possessing a laser pointer unless under a staff member's direct supervision and in the context of instruction.
- 7. Disobeying rules of student conduct or directives from staff members or school officials. Examples of disobeying staff directives include refusing a District staff member's request to stop, present school identification, or submit to a search.

- 8. Engaging in academic dishonesty, including cheating, intentionally plagiarizing, wrongfully giving or receiving help during an academic examination, altering report cards, and wrongfully obtaining test copies or scores.
- 9. Engaging in hazing or any kind of bullying or aggressive behavior that does physical or psychological harm to a staff person or another student, or urging other students to engage in such conduct. Prohibited conduct specifically includes, without limitation, any use of violence, intimidation, force, noise, coercion, threats, stalking, harassment, sexual harassment, public humiliation, theft or destruction of property, retaliation, hazing, bullying, bullying using a school computer or a school computer network, or other comparable conduct.
- 10. Engaging in any sexual activity, including without limitation, offensive touching, sexual harassment, indecent exposure (including mooning), and sexual assault. This does not include the non-disruptive: (a) expression of gender or sexual orientation or preference, or (b) display of affection during non-instructional time.
- 11. Teen dating violence, as described in Board policy 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited.
- 12. Causing or attempting to cause damage to, or stealing or attempting to steal, school property or another person's personal property.
- 13. Entering school property or a school facility without proper authorization.
- 14. In the absence of a reasonable belief that an emergency exists, calling emergency responders (such as calling 911); signaling or setting off alarms or signals indicating the presence of an emergency; or indicating the presence of a bomb or explosive device on school grounds, school bus, or at any school activity.
- 15. Being absent without a recognized excuse; State law and School Board policy regarding truancy control will be used with chronic and habitual truants.
- 16. Being involved with any public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, by: (a) being a member; (b) promising to join; (c) pledging to become a member; or (d) soliciting any other person to join, promise to join, or be pledged to become a member.
- 17. Being involved in gangs or gang-related activities, including displaying gang symbols or paraphernalia.
- 18. Violating any criminal law, including but not limited to, assault, battery, arson, theft, gambling, eavesdropping, vandalism, and hazing.
- 19. Making an explicit threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a student, or any school-related personnel if the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or was available to third parties who worked or studied within the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the safety and security of the threatened individual because of his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.
- 20. Operating an unmanned aircraft system (UAS) or drone for any purpose on school grounds or at any school event unless granted permission by the Superintendent or designee.
- 21. Engaging in any activity, on or off campus, that interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the school environment, school operations, or an educational function, including but not limited to, conduct that may reasonably be considered to: (a) be a threat or an attempted

intimidation of a staff member; or (b) endanger the health or safety of students, staff, or school property.

For purposes of this policy, the term *possession* includes having control, custody, or care, currently or in the past, of an object or substance, including situations in which the item is: (a) on the student's person; (b) contained in another item belonging to, or under the control of, the student, such as in the student's clothing, backpack, or automobile; (c) in a school's student locker, desk, or other school property; or (d) at any location on school property or at a school-sponsored event.

Efforts, including the use of positive interventions and supports, shall be made to deter students, while at school or a school-related event, from engaging in aggressive behavior that may reasonably produce physical or psychological harm to someone else. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the parent/guardian of a student who engages in aggressive behavior is notified of the incident. The failure to provide such notification does not limit the Board's authority to impose discipline, including suspension or expulsion, for such behavior.

No disciplinary action shall be taken against any student that is based totally or in part on the refusal of the student's parent/guardian to administer or consent to the administration of psychotropic or psychostimulant medication to the student.

## **Disciplinary Measures**

School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and out-of-school suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and, where practicable and reasonable, shall consider forms of non-exclusionary discipline before using out-of-school suspensions or expulsions. School personnel shall not advise or encourage students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic difficulties. Potential disciplinary measures include, without limitation, any of the following:

- 1. Notifying parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 2. Disciplinary conference.
- 3. Withholding of privileges.
- 4. Temporary removal from the classroom.
- 5. Return of property or restitution for lost, stolen, or damaged property.
- 6. In-school suspension. The Building Principal or designee shall ensure that the student is properly supervised.
- 7. After-school study or Saturday study provided the student's parent/guardian has been notified. If transportation arrangements cannot be agreed upon, an alternative disciplinary measure must be used. The student must be supervised by the detaining teacher or the Building Principal or designee.
- 8. Community service with local public and nonprofit agencies that enhances community efforts to meet human, educational, environmental, or public safety needs. The District will not provide transportation. School administration shall use this option only as an alternative to another disciplinary measure, giving the student and/or parent/guardian the choice.
- 9. Seizure of contraband; confiscation and temporary retention of personal property that was used to violate this policy or school disciplinary rules.
- 10. Suspension of bus riding privileges in accordance with Board policy 7:220, Bus Conduct.

- 11. Out-of-school suspension from school and all school activities in accordance with Board policy 7:200, *Suspension Procedures*. A student who has been suspended may also be restricted from being on school grounds and at school activities.
- 12. Expulsion from school and all school activities for a definite time period not to exceed 2 calendar years in accordance with Board policy 7:210, *Expulsion Procedures*. A student who has been expelled may also be restricted from being on school grounds and at school activities.
- 13. Transfer to an alternative program if the student is expelled or otherwise qualifies for the transfer under State law. The transfer shall be in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of the School Code.
- 14. Notifying juvenile authorities or other law enforcement whenever the conduct involves criminal activity, including but not limited to, illegal drugs (controlled substances), *lookalikes*, alcohol, or weapons or in other circumstances as authorized by the reciprocal reporting agreement between the District and local law enforcement agencies.

The above list of disciplinary measures is a range of options that will not always be applicable in every case. In some circumstances, it may not be possible to avoid suspending or expelling a student because behavioral interventions, other than a suspension and expulsion, will not be appropriate and available, and the only reasonable and practical way to resolve the threat and/or address the disruption is a suspension or expulsion.

Corporal punishment is prohibited. *Corporal punishment* is defined as slapping, paddling, or prolonged maintenance of students in physically painful positions, or intentional infliction of bodily harm. Corporal punishment does not include reasonable force as needed to maintain safety for students, staff, or other persons, or for the purpose of self-defense or defense of property.

#### Weapons

A student who is determined to have brought one of the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of at least one calendar year but not more than two calendar years:

- 1. A *firearm*, meaning any gun, rifle, shotgun, or weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. § 921), firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act (430ILCS65/), or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 (720 ILCS 5/24-1).
- 2. A knife, brass knuckles, or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including *look-alikes* of any *firearm* as defined above.

The expulsion requirement under either paragraph one or two above may be modified by the Superintendent, and the Superintendent's determination may be modified by the Board on a case-by-case basis. The Superintendent or designee may grant an exception to this policy, upon the prior request of an adult supervisor, for students in theatre, cooking, ROTC, martial arts, and similar programs, whether or not school-sponsored, provided the item is not equipped, nor intended, to do bodily harm.

This policy's prohibitions concerning weapons apply regardless of whether: (1) a student is licensed to carry a concealed firearm, or (2) the Board permits visitors, who are licensed to carry a concealed firearm, to store a firearm in a locked vehicle in a school parking area.

## Re-Engagement of Returning Students

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a process to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are returning from an out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or an alternative school setting. The goal of re-engagement shall be to support the student's ability to be successful in school following a period of exclusionary discipline and shall include the opportunity for students who have been suspended to complete or make up work for equivalent academic credit.

### Required Notices

A school staff member shall immediately notify the office of the Building Principal in the event that he or she: (1) observes any person in possession of a firearm on or around school grounds; however, such action may be delayed if immediate notice would endanger students under his or her supervision, (2) observes or has reason to suspect that any person on school grounds is or was involved in a drug-related incident, or (3) observes a battery committed against any staff member. Upon receiving such a report, the Building Principal or designee shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency, Ill. Dept. of State Police (ISP), and any involved student's parent/guardian. School grounds includes modes of transportation to school activities and any public way within 1000 feet of the school, as well as school property itself.

### **Delegation of Authority**

Each teacher, and any other school personnel when students are under his or her charge, is authorized to impose any disciplinary measure, other than suspension, expulsion, corporal punishment, or inschool suspension, that is appropriate and in accordance with the policies and rules on student discipline. Teachers, other certificated [licensed] educational employees, and other persons providing a related service for or with respect to a student, may use reasonable force as needed to maintain safety for other students, school personnel, or other persons, or for the purpose of self-defense or defense of property. Teachers may temporarily remove students from a classroom for disruptive behavior.

The Superintendent, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, or Dean of Students is authorized to impose the same disciplinary measures as teachers and may suspend students guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct from school (including all school functions) and from riding the school bus, up to ten consecutive school days, provided the appropriate procedures are followed. The Board may suspend a student from riding the bus in excess of ten school days for safety reasons.

#### Student Handbook

The Superintendent, with input from the parent-teacher advisory committee, shall prepare disciplinary rules implementing the District's disciplinary policies. These disciplinary rules shall be presented annually to the Board for its review and approval.

A student handbook, including the District disciplinary policies and rules, shall be distributed to the students' parents/guardians within 15 days of the beginning of the school year or a student's enrollment.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §6081, Pro-Children Act of 1994.

20 U.S.C. §7961 et seq., Gun Free Schools Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.5b, 5/10-20.14, 5/10-20.28, 5/10-20.36, 5/10-21.7, 5/10-21.10, 5/10-22.6, 5/10-27.1A, 5/10-27.1B, 5/22-33, 5/24-24, 5/26-12, 5/27-23.7, 5/31-

3, and 110/3.10.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program.

410 ILCS 647/, Powdered Caffeine Control and Education Act.

430 ILCS 66/, Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.280.

**CROSS REF.:** 

2:150 (Committees), 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:110 (Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program), 7:70 (Attendance and Truancy), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:160 (Student Appearance), 7:170 (Vandalism), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:270 (Administering Medicines to Students), 7:310 (Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property)

May/June 2018 7:190-AP1

# **Students**

#### Student Handbook - Hazing Prohibited

Soliciting, encouraging, aiding, or engaging in hazing, no matter when or where it occurs, is prohibited. *Hazing* means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed to or required of a student for the purpose of being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any group, organization, club, or athletic team whose members are or include other students.

Students engaging in hazing will be subject to one or more of the following disciplinary actions:

- 1. Removal from the extracurricular activities,
- 2. Conference with parents/guardians, and/or
- 3. Referral to appropriate law enforcement agency.

Students engaging in hazing that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of another person may also be subject to:

- 1. Suspension for up to 10 days, and/or
- 2. Expulsion for the remainder of the school term.

February 2016 7:190-AP2

# **Students**

#### Student Handbook - Gang Activity Prohibited

Students are prohibited from engaging in gang activity. A *gang* is any group of 2 or more persons whose purpose includes the commission of illegal acts.

No student shall engage in any gang activity, including but not limited to:

- 1. Wearing, using, distributing, displaying, or selling any clothing, jewelry, emblem, badge, symbol, sign, or other thing that are evidence of membership or affiliation in any gang;
- 2. Committing any act or omission, or using any speech, either verbal or non-verbal (such as gestures or hand-shakes) showing membership or affiliation in a gang; and
- 3. Using any speech or committing any act or omission in furtherance of any gang or gang activity, including but not limited to: (a) soliciting others for membership in any gangs, (b) requesting any person to pay protection or otherwise intimidating or threatening any person, (c) committing any other illegal act or other violation of school district policies, (d) inciting other students to act with physical violence upon any other person.

Students engaging in any gang-related activity will be subject to one or more of the following disciplinary actions:

Removal from extracurricular and athletic activities Conference with parent(s)/guardian(s) Referral to appropriate law enforcement agency Suspension for up to 10 days Expulsion not to exceed 2 calendar years

7:190-AP3

# **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses</u> <u>Committed by Students</u>

State law requires a reciprocal reporting system between the School District and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the School Code set requirements for the management and sharing of law enforcement records and other information about students if they have contact with local law enforcement. Implementation of reciprocal reporting procedures relies heavily on the District's parent-teacher advisory committee and Building Principals, in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14. The parent-teacher advisory committee is a School Board committee and, thus, is subject to the Open Meetings Act. 5 ILCS 120/1.02. Local implementation of reciprocal reporting procedures may be modified based upon the District's and local law enforcement's specific implementation needs.

## Guidelines for Reports from the District to Local Law Enforcement

When sharing information, school officials should be aware of State and federal laws regarding school student records. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99; Illinois School Student Records Act, 105 ILCS 10/; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375. Information kept by law enforcement professionals working in a school is not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 10/2. Also, law enforcement records maintained by law enforcement agencies are not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 5/22-20. For more detailed information about school student records and its definition, see 7:340-AP1, School Student Records.

- 1. The Building Principal and/or the Police Department School Liaison Officer (Liaison Officer) will arrange meetings as needed between school officials and individuals representing law enforcement to share information. While not required by State law, meetings may enhance a cooperative relationship between the school and local law enforcement agencies. The following people should be invited to these meetings: dean, building principal, guidance counselor, State's Attorney, juvenile probation officer, and police department school liaison officer.
- 2. The Building Principal and the Liaison Officer will share information with the appropriate law enforcement agencies regarding the arrest of a student who is less than 17 years of age and is enrolled in the Building Principal's school when the arrest was for any offense listed in the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14.
  - a. The reporter should identify the student by name and describe the circumstances of the alleged criminal activity. If the information is a *school student record*, local law enforcement officials must certify in writing that they will not disclose it to any other party except as provided by State law without the prior written consent of the student's parent/guardian. See administrative procedure 7:340-AP1, *School Student Records*, Section H. The *written certification requirement* is at 105 ILCS 10/6(6.5) and 20 U.S.C. §1232g(b)(1)(E)(ii)(II).
  - b. The report should be made as soon as possible after the Liaison Officer or Building Principal reasonably suspects that a student is involved in such activity.

c. The Building Principal's duty to report such activity arises only when the activity occurs on school property or off school grounds at a school-related function.

## Guidelines for Reporting from Local Law Enforcement to the District

The information shared with the District from law enforcement agencies and the confidentiality of shared juvenile law enforcement records are managed under 105 ILCS 5/22-20 and 705 ILCS 405/1-7, amended by P.A. 100-1162. These laws require the Building Principal to maintain all information and records that the District receives from local law enforcement separate from a student's official school student record. Unless otherwise indicated, the information received from local law enforcement may only be used by school staff having a legitimate educational or safety interest in the information to support (1) the proper rehabilitation of the student, and/or (2) the protection and safety of students and employees in the school.

- 1. The State's Attorney shall provide to the Building Principal a copy of any delinquency dispositional order concerning any student regardless of age where the crime would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (deadly weapon offenses). Access to this information is limited to only the Building Principal, the Superintendent, and any guidance counselor designated by either administrator. 705 ILCS 405/1-8(F).
- 2. Local law enforcement may disclose the identity of a victim of aggravated battery, battery, attempted first degree murder, or another non-sexual violent offense to appropriate school officials if the presiding judge of the juvenile court approves the disclosure to prevent foreseeable violence. 705 ILCS 405/5-905(2.5).
- 3. Local law enforcement may transmit juvenile law enforcement records relating to a minor who is arrested or taken into custody before his or her 17th birthday only if law enforcement believes that there is imminent threat of physical harm to students, school personnel, or others who are present in the school or on school grounds. 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8), amended by P.A. 100-1162, and 405/5-905(h). For an example of relevancy and implementation of this type of law enforcement information in a school building, see Board policy 4:190, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*.
- 4. Local law enforcement agencies and all courts must report to the Building Principal the fact that a student enrolled in the building has been detained for proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or for any crime or violation of a municipal or county ordinance. 105 ILCS 5/22-20.
- 5. Local law enforcement may allow the Building Principal or appropriate school official(s) to inspect and copy juvenile law enforcement records concerning a minor enrolled in the school who has been arrested or taken into custody for violating the following Ill. laws: Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (deadly weapons); Ill. Controlled Substances Act; Cannabis Control Act; forcible felonies defined at Section 2-8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; Section 1-2 of the Harassing and Obscene Communications Act; Hazing Act; or Section 12 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (bodily harm); or Article 25 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 (mob action and related offenses). 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8)(A), amended by P.A. 100-1162, and 405/5-905(h)(A).

- 6. Local law enforcement shall provide a copy of all arrest records, and the State's Attorney shall provide a copy of all conviction records, to the Building Principal if the record involves a student who is arrested or taken into custody *after* his or her 17th birthday.
- 7. Local law enforcement may disclose only *oral information* about a minor who is the subject of a current police investigation that is directly related to school safety. 705 ILCS 405/5-905(h). For an example of relevancy and implementation of this type of law enforcement information in a school building, see Board policy 4:190, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*.
- 8. Local law enforcement and the State's Attorney may share or disclose information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders. 705 ILCS 405/1-8(G).

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14 and 5/22-20.

705 ILCS 405/1-7, 1-8(F), 1-8(G), and 5-905.

CROSS REF.: 2:150 (Committees), 4:190 (Targeted School Violence Prevention Program),

7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews)

ADMIN PROC.: 7:150-AP (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:340-AP1 (School Student Records)

February 2016 7:190-AP4

# **Students**

#### Administrative Procedure - Use of Isolated Time Out and Physical Restraint

This administrative procedure applies to all students. Isolated time out and physical restraint shall be used only as a means of maintaining discipline in schools, that is, as a means of maintaining a safe and orderly environment for learning and only to the extent that they are necessary to preserve the safety of students and others. Neither isolated time out nor physical restraint shall be used in administering discipline to individual students, i.e., as a form of punishment. The use of isolated time out and physical restraint by any staff member shall comply with the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) rules, Section 1.285, "Requirements for the Use of Isolated Time Out and Physical Restraint." Isolated time out and physical restraint are defined as follows:

**Isolated time out** - the confinement of a student in a time-out room or some other enclosure, whether within or outside the classroom, from which the student's egress is restricted.

**Physical restraint** - holding a student or otherwise restricting his or her movements. Restraint does not include momentary periods of physical restriction by direct person-to-person contact, without the aid of material or mechanical devices, accomplished with limited force and designed to: (1) prevent a student from completing an act that would result in potential physical harm to himself, herself, or another or damage to property; or (2) remove a disruptive student who is unwilling to leave the area voluntarily.

## The following also apply:

- 1. The circumstances under which isolated time out or physical restraint will be applied are limited to maintaining a safe and orderly learning environment. §1.280(c)(1).
- 2. The ISBE rules are adopted as the District's written procedure to be followed by staff for the use of isolated time out or physical restraint. §1.280(c)(2).
- 3. Staff members shall inform the Building Principal whenever isolated time out or physical restraint is used and the Building Principal shall maintain the documentation required according to Section 1.285. §1.280(c)(3).
- 4. The Building Principal shall investigate and evaluate any incident that results in a serious injury as reported by the affected student, parent/guardian, staff member, or other individual. §1.280(c)(4).
- 5. The Building Principal shall compile a description of alternative strategies that will be implemented when determined advisable pursuant to Section 1.285(f)(4). §1.280(c)(5).
- 6. The Superintendent or designee shall compile an annual review of the use of isolated time out or physical restraint. The Building Principal shall report the following information to the Superintendent in order to facilitate the report's compilation: §1.280(c)(6).
  - a. The number of incidents involving the use of these interventions;
  - b. The location and duration of each incident:
  - c. Identification of the staff members who were involved;
  - d. Any injuries or property damage that occurred; and
  - e. The timeliness of parental notification and administrative review.

# ELMWOOD CUSD #322

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.33.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.280 and 1.285.

August 2015 7:190-AP5

# **Students**

## Student Handbook - Electronic Devices

#### **Electronic Signaling Devices**

Students may not use or possess electronic signaling (paging) devices or two-way radios on school property at any time, unless the Building Principal specifically grants permission.

#### Cell Phones and Other Electronic Devices

The possession and use of smartphones, cell phones, and other electronic devices, other than paging devices and two-way radios, are subject to the following rules:

- 1. They must be kept out of sight and in an inconspicuous location, such as a backpack, purse, or locker.
- 2. They must be turned **off** during the regular school day unless the supervising teacher grants permission for them to be used or if needed during an emergency.
- 3. They may not be used in any manner that will cause disruption to the educational environment or will otherwise violate student conduct rules.
- 4. They may not be used for creating, sending, sharing, viewing, receiving, or possessing indecent visual depictions or non-consensual dissemination of private sexual images as defined in State law, i.e., sexting. Possession is prohibited regardless of whether the depiction violates State law. Any cellular phone or electronic device may be searched upon reasonable suspicion of sexting or other violations of policy. All sexting violations will require school administrators to follow student discipline policies in addition to contacting the police and reporting suspected child abuse or neglect when appropriate.

Electronic study aids may be used during the school day if:

- 1. Use of the device is provided in the student's IEP, or
- 2. Permission is received from the student's teacher; e.g., BYOT programs.

Examples of electronic devices that are used as study aids include devices with audio or video recording, iPods®, some cellular telephones, smartphones, laptop computers, and tablet computers or devices, e.g., iPads®.

Examples of electronic devices that are **not** used as study aids include: hand-held electronic games, CD players, MP3 players/iPods® used for a purpose other than a study aid, global positioning systems (GPS), radios, and cellular telephones (with or without cameras) used for a purpose other than a study aid.

The use of technology as educational material in a curriculum-based program is not a necessity but a privilege, and a student does not have an absolute right to use his or her electronic device while at school. Using technology as a study aid must always follow the established rules for the BYOT program. Using technology at all other times must always follow the established rules for cell phones and other electronic devices at school.

The School District is not responsible for the loss or theft of any electronic device brought to school.

October 2019 7:190-AP6

# **Students**

## Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations

Establishing procedures with local law enforcement agencies and State's attorneys to investigate allegations of sexting protects the District, its staff and its students from the broad legal implications that sexting allegations present. This administrative procedure contains three sections:

- 1. Glossary of Terms
- 2. Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations
- 3. Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations

## Glossary of Terms

**Electronic device**: any type of electronic communication device, defined at 705 ILCS 405/3-40(a). It includes, but is not limited to, a wireless telephone, personal digital assistant, or a portable or mobile computer, that is capable of transmitting images or pictures. This includes cellular telephones (see <a href="https://www.thesaurus.com">www.thesaurus.com</a>, listing cellular and wireless telephones as synonyms). For more discussion, see f/n 3 in administrative procedure 7:190-AP5, *Electronic Devices - Student Handbook*.

**Sexting**: a portmanteau word of sex and texting with no clear definition. It is commonly explained as the act of sending sexually explicit photos, images, or messages electronically, primarily by mobile phone or the internet. For purposes of this procedure, it also includes:

- 1. *Indecent visual depiction*, which means a depiction or portrayal in any pose, posture, or setting involving a lewd exhibition of the unclothed or transparently clothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if such person is female, a fully or partially developed breast of the person (705 ILCS 405/3-40(a) (enacted to provide law enforcement officials an alternative to bringing child pornography charges against minors in possession of indecent visual depictions through placing them under the supervision of juvenile courts), or
- 2. *Non-consensual dissemination of private sexual images*, which is a crime that is committed when a person:
  - (1) intentionally disseminates an image of another person:
    - (A) who is at least 18 years of age; and
    - (B) who is identifiable from the image itself or information displayed in connection with the image; and
    - (C) who is engaged in a sexual act or whose intimate parts are exposed, in whole or in part; and
  - (2) obtains the image under circumstances in which a reasonable person would know or understand that the image was to remain private; and
  - (3) knows or should have known that the person in the image has not consented to the dissemination (720 ILCS 5/11-23.5).

## Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations

This section identifies best practices to create guidelines for investigating sexting allegations at the District-wide level. The Superintendent should discuss this procedure with local law enforcement agencies and State's attorneys to minimize the potential legal implications for students and

administrators that managing sexting in school presents. Customize the procedure to each District's specific needs.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Convene a meeting with the Board Attorney, local law enforcement agencies, and State's attorney to determine best practices and procedures for investigating sexting in the District. Use the <b>Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations</b> section (see below) as a template for discussion at the meeting and customize it to meet local considerations as necessary.
	Ask the Board Attorney to provide direction about searching student owned electronic devices in Step 2: Isolate Evidence / Confiscate Device in the <b>Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations</b> section (see below).
	Searching electronic devices involves Fourth Amendment search and seizure and the federal Stored Communication Act (SCA) (18 U.S.C. §2701) issues. Generally asking for permission, calling the parents to come and look through the phone, or getting a warrant solves this issue. Note: See Searching and Seizing Computers and Obtaining Electronic Evidence Manual (Sept. 2009), Chapter 3, The Stored Communication Act, at: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/sites/default/files/criminal-ccips/legacy/2015/01/14/ssmanual2009.pdf">www.justice.gov/sites/default/files/criminal-ccips/legacy/2015/01/14/ssmanual2009.pdf</a> , and Orin S. Kerr, A User's Guide to the Stored Communications Act, and a Legislator's Guide to Amending It, George Washington Law Review (Aug. 2004), at: <a href="https://courses.ischool.berkeley.edu/i205/s10/readings/week10/kerr-storedcomm.pdf">www.justice.gov/sites/default/files/criminal-ccips/legacy/2015/01/14/ssmanual2009.pdf</a> , and Orin S. Kerr, A User's Guide to Amending It, George Washington Law Review (Aug. 2004), at: <a href="https://courses.ischool.berkeley.edu/i205/s10/readings/week10/kerr-storedcomm.pdf">ccips/legacy/2015/01/14/ssmanual2009.pdf</a> , at: <a href<="" td=""></a>
	Provide the local State's attorney offices and law enforcement agencies with an annual list of school buildings and the names of each building's administrators that are located within their jurisdictions.
	Invite local State's attorney offices and law enforcement agencies to meet with District school officials to provide input on how the District should manage sexting.
	Add an agenda item about sexting to a Parent Teacher Advisory Committee meeting (see policy 2:150, <i>Committees</i> ). Include information from discussions with State's attorneys and local law enforcement about the issue. Discuss local considerations for:
	<ol> <li>Disciplinary actions and consequences in response to sexting; and</li> <li>Sexting education and prevention efforts.</li> <li>Consider adding information about the negative consequences of sexting to the District's sex education curriculum. See, U.S. Dept. of Justice (DOJ) Guide titled Citizen's Guide to United States Federal Child Exploitation and Obscenity Laws, at: www.justice.gov/criminal-</li> </ol>

Actor	Action		
	ceos/citizens-guide-us-federal-child-exploitation-and-obscenity-laws;		
	MTV's four-part series titled Sexting in America: When Privates Go		
	Public, available at:		
	Part 1: www.mtv.com/videos/news/483801/sexting-in-america-when-		
	privates-go-public-part-1.jhtml		
	Part 2: www.mtv.com/videos/news/483802/sexting-in-america-when-		
	privates-go-public-part-2.jhtml		
	Part 3: www.mtv.com/videos/news/483803/sexting-in-america-when-		
	privates-go-public-part-3.jhtml		
	Part 4: www.mtv.com/videos/news/483804/sexting-in-america-when-		
	<u>privates-go-public-part-4.jhtml</u> ; and the resources available at		
	www.athinline.org.		
	Consider adding the above resources to 4:170-AP2, E4, Exhibit-Letter to		
	Parents/Guardians About Preventing and Reducing Incidences of Sexting.		
	Convene a meeting with Building Principals to inform them of the District's Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations procedures (see below).		
	Raise awareness of and increase educational opportunities about sexting as necessary. Follow the Parent Teacher Advisory Committee's recommendations for providing sexting education and prevention efforts. Invite the local State's attorney and local law enforcement to participate in the District's education and prevention efforts.		
Building Principals	Educate building staff members about the procedures for <b>Investigation</b> and <b>Management of Sexting Allegations</b> (see below).		
	Follow the Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations.		

# <u>Investigation and Management of Sexting Allegations</u>

This section relies upon the Building Principal or designee to manage several practical and legal implications when conducting sexting allegation investigations.

Actor	Action
Building Principal or	Step 1: Investigate
designee	Determine where actions took place.
	Contact parents/guardians of all students involved.
	Contact the Superintendent and request permission to contact the Board Attorney.
	Step 2: Isolate Evidence / Confiscate Device
	NEVER transfer or store depictions on personal or school electronic devices to minimize accusations of possession of child pornography. (See 720 ILCS 5/11-20.1 et seq., 720 ILCS 5/11-23.5 (provides an exception on transfer of an image for a lawful purpose), and 18 U.S.C. §§2251, 2252, and 2252A). Also see the DOJ's Child Exploitation and Obscenity

Actor	Action		
	Section discussing child pornography issues, available at: <a href="https://www.justice.gov/criminal-ceos">www.justice.gov/criminal-ceos</a> .		
	Contact the Board Attorney for guidance to determine whether to involve local law enforcement or manage the situation within the District's disciplinary policy.		
	See Joshua D. Herman, <i>Criminal Law. Sexting: It's No Joke, It's a Crime</i> . Illinois Bar Journal, Volume 98, No. 4, P. 192 at f/n 42 (published April 2010), at:  www.isba.org/ibj/2010/04/criminallaw, (quoting an attorney in the Ill. Attorney General's High Tech Crimes Bureau who advises school administrators to immediately confiscate devices with such material on them and report the incident to law enforcement immediately, stating that possession of a sext message that is child pornography is no different than possessing a "kilo of cocaine.")		
	Follow Board policy 7:140, Search and Seizure and 7:150-AP, Agency and Police Interviews.		
	Follow the Board Attorney's direction regarding searches of student owned technological devices. See Preparation of Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations (above).		
	Step 3: Follow the reporting requirements of Board policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting, when applicable		
	A <i>sexted</i> image may constitute child abuse depending upon the visual depiction or image, the ages of the individuals involved, and other circumstances. See 325 ILCS 5/3 and 705 ILCS 405/2-3 (2) which includes sex offenses defined at 720 ILCS 5/1-1 et seq. School personnel are granted broad immunities against civil and criminal claims for filing reports in good faith, even if the report is unfounded. In contrast, school personnel who willfully fail to report may be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor (325 ILCS 5/4) and face suspension of their teaching certificates (105 ILCS 5/21B-75, amended by P.A. 101-531).		
	Step 4: Determine appropriate disciplinary actions for all students involved in the incident		
	Evaluate disciplinary options. Remember that a student who forwards sexts of himself or herself likely expected the depiction to remain private. As a result, consider the social stigma, bullying, harassment, and severe embarrassment issues involved in the issue.		
	Provide an equivalent discipline to all students involved in the creation, dissemination and storage of the sexted image, whenever possible.		
	See Sorenen, Vitale, and Haase, Sexting at School: Lessons Learned the Hard Way. National School Board Association, Council of School Attorney's Inquiry & Analysis, f/n 40		

Actor	Action	
	(published February 2010) discussing several sex equality claims against school districts for punishing students differently when they are involved in the same incident.	
	For situations that may require unequal punishment, contact the Superintendent so that he or she may consult the Board Attorney.	
	Step 5: Prepare a plan to prevent harassment and bullying of involved students	
	Remind the students and their parents/guardians of the Board policies 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited; 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying Intimidation and Harassment; and 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited.	
	Instruct involved students not to harass anyone involved in the sexting incident and keep the issues confidential.	
	Consider involving the social worker or guidance counselor, if available, in the process to assist students.	
	Follow 7:180, <i>Prevention of and Response to Bullying Intimidation and Harassment</i> , for students who violate the policy.	

October 2019 7:190-AP7

# **Students**

## Administrative Procedure - Student Discipline Guidelines

The intent of these guidelines is to enhance school climate, improve school discipline practices, and ensure that students are disciplined without discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, disability, or other protected status. Data collected from Ill. school districts on student discipline is available at www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx.

### Recordkeeping

- 1. Develop and implement a District-wide uniform discipline referral form that documents each of the following:
  - a. Student name
  - b. Identity of staff member making referral
  - c. Date and time of incident
  - d. Location of incident
  - e. Description of incident
  - f. Description of interventions attempted prior to incident
  - g. Description of the incident's effect on other students and/or the learning environment
  - h. Parent/guardian contact made (when, how, and by whom)
- 2. Maintain each of the following data related to student discipline referrals:
  - a. Race of the student referred for discipline
  - b. Gender of the student referred for discipline
  - c. Disability status of the student referred for discipline
  - d. Basis for the referral
  - e. Identity of the staff member making referral
  - f. Race of the staff member making referral
  - g. Gender of the staff member making referral
  - h. Basis for imposing or not imposing discipline
  - i. Description of discipline imposed, if any, and the rationale for its selection
  - j. Whether the referral was made to the school resource officer (SRO) or law enforcement
  - k. Basis for making the referral to the SRO or law enforcement (if applicable)
  - l. Whether there were any criminal charges filed as a result of the student's misconduct
  - m. If the student received an exclusionary consequence (out-of-school suspension or expulsion) for his/her misconduct, whether the student was offered any academic or behavior support services and, if so, which support services

### Periodic Review and Self-Monitoring

Review the following on a periodic basis and at least annually:

- 1. Discipline-related District policies and procedures
  - a. Such policies may include:
    - 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited
    - 7:70, Attendance and Truancy
    - 7:130, Student Rights and Responsibilities
    - 7:140, Search and Seizure
    - 7:150, Agency and Police Interviews
    - 7:160, Student Appearance
    - 7:165, School Uniforms
    - 7:170, Vandalism
    - 7:180, Prevention and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment
    - 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited
    - 7:190, Student Behavior
    - 7:200, Suspension Procedures
    - 7:210, Expulsion Procedures
    - 7:220, Bus Conduct
    - 7:230, Misconduct by Students With Disabilities
    - 7:240, Conduct Code For Participants in Extracurricular Activities
    - 7:250, Student Support Services
    - 7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools
  - b. This review should:
    - 1) Include input from all members of the school community (administrators, staff, students, parents/guardians, volunteers and community members). Such input may be obtained through school climate surveys, school forums, and the District's parent-teacher advisory committee (established per 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) and the behavior interventions committee for students with disabilities (established per 105 ILCS 5/14-8.05).
    - 2) Ensure policies and procedures (e.g., an individual school's conduct code) have clear definitions of prohibited student conduct, especially those entailing the subjective exercise of discretion.
    - 3) Attempt to incorporate alternative disciplinary measures into Board policies and procedures.
    - 4) Implement a system of Positive Behavioral Interventions and Support (PBIS) or, if PBIS has been implemented, analyze and monitor its effectiveness and ways to improve it.
- 2. Discipline data
  - a. Data review should analyze each of the following:
    - 1) Number of referrals by teacher/staff member.
    - 2) Race/gender/disability status of referred students by teacher/staff member.

- 3) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
- 4) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals for a specific offense (i.e., tardy, dress code violation) by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
- 5) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals resulting in an exclusionary consequence by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
- 6) Overall percentage of student disciplinary referrals resulting in a referral to law enforcement by race, gender, and disability status versus the overall percentage of said student groups in the school and District.
- 7) Comparison of discipline imposed for the same or similar offense for students of different races, gender, and disability statuses.
- b. Compare the District's student discipline data with the data from other school districts. As required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.162, by Oct. 31 annually, ISBE prepares a report on student discipline from data collected from all Ill. school districts. The report includes data on the issuance of out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, and removals to alternative settings in lieu of another disciplinary action, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, gender, age, grade level, whether a student is an English learner, incident type, and discipline duration. It is available at <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx</a>.
- c. According to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.162:
  - 1) School districts that are identified in the top 20% of any of the metrics for three consecutive years must submit a plan identifying its strategies to reduce the use of exclusionary disciplinary practices or racial disproportionality or both, if applicable.
  - 2) The plan must be approved by the school board and posted on the district's website. Within one year after being identified, the school district must submit to ISBE and post on the district's website a progress report describing the plan's implementation and the results achieved.
- d. If there are any *red flags* resulting from the data analysis, the discipline committee should meet to determine if there are comparably effective alternative practices or policies that would meet the school's stated educational goal with less of a burden or adverse impact on the disproportionately affected group.

### **Training**

- 1. Annually train all District staff and school-based law enforcement on each of the following:
  - a. The District's discipline-related policies and procedures, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct defined therein so that there is consistency in application.
  - b. How to apply school discipline policies, procedures, and practices in a fair and equitable manner so as not to disproportionately impact students of color, students of a particular gender, students with disabilities, or at-risk students.
  - c. Effective classroom management strategies, recognizing that the removal of students from the classroom is to be used as a last resort.
  - d. How to engage students and support positive behavior, including through any PBIS program implemented in the District.

- e. Classroom management techniques and resources available to staff who are having difficulty with classroom management.
- f. The role that school-based law enforcement is expected to play in the discipline process, including when it is or is not appropriate to refer a student to school-based law enforcement.
- 2. Provide ongoing professional development on the adverse consequences of exclusion and justice system involvement, effective classroom management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, the appropriate and available supportive services for the promotion of student attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school climates to administrators, teachers, staff, school board members, and SROs.

#### Notice

Annually notify students and parents/guardians of the District's discipline-related policies and procedures.

- 1. Use varied communication methods, such as student handbooks, District or school websites, posters, classroom instruction, assemblies, etc.
- 2. Ensure such notice is provided in an age-appropriate, easily understood manner.
- 3. Ensure such notice is provided in multiple languages.
- 4. Explain to students:
  - a. The District's discipline-related policies and procedures, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct.
  - b. Their particular school's discipline-related procedures and conduct codes, including which behaviors fall into categories of misconduct.
  - c. Behavior expectations.
  - d. Resources and support services available to students.

### Collaboration with Law Enforcement

- 1. Annually train SROs on the District's discipline-related policies and procedures (if applicable).
- 2. Review the District's reciprocal reporting agreement with local law enforcement agencies to determine if revisions are necessary.
- 3. Develop and enter into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with local law enforcement agencies. The MOU should clearly define law enforcement's role in the District's schools. Follow an existing MOU and suggest modifications as the need arises.

### Resources

Dear Colleague letter, issued by the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Dept. of Justice and the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Dept. of Education at:

www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201401-title-vi.pdf.

**Note:** These guidance documents were rescinded by a joint *Dear Colleague* letter dated 12-21-18, at: www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/letters/colleague-201812.pdf.

Civil Rights Data Collection at: <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/data.html?src=rt">www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/data.html?src=rt</a> .

ISBE Data Analysis of Expulsions, Suspensions, and Truants by District at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Expulsions-Suspensions-and-Truants-by-District.aspx</a>.

October 2019 7:190-AP8

# **Students**

# Administrative Procedure - Student Re-Engagement Guidelines

Actor	Action	
Building Principal and/or Dean of	Determine on a case-by-case basis whether a <i>re-engagement conference</i> and/or a <i>re-engagement plan</i> is/are appropriate.	
Students or designee(s), student's teacher	School boards must adopt a policy on the re-engagement of students who are returning from an exclusionary discipline or an alternative school. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25). See 7:190, <i>Student Behavior</i> .	
	While neither a <i>re-engagement conference</i> nor a <i>re-engagement plan</i> is mandatory, one or both will advance "supporting the student's ability to be successful in school following a period of exclusionary discipline," from Board policy 7:190, <i>Student Behavior</i> .	
	As appropriate:	
	1. Initiate and schedule a <i>re-engagement conference</i> with the suspended or expelled student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) for a time soon after the student is excluded. If the student is expelled, a second re-engagement conference may be needed before the student's scheduled return date.	
	2. Develop a <i>re-engagement plan</i> for each student who is returning from an exclusionary discipline. The plan may address each of the following, as determined on a case-by-case basis:	
	a. Appropriate and available support services, if any, during the period of exclusionary discipline. For students who are suspended out-of-school for longer than 4 days (5-10 days), districts are required to: (1) provide "appropriate and available support services" during the period of their suspension, (2) determine what are the "appropriate and available support services," and (3) document whether such services are to be provided or whether there are no "appropriate and available support services." 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25). Districts may refer students who are expelled to "appropriate and available support services." 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-25).	
	b. Provisions for a suspended student to continue work during an out- of-school suspension or makeup academic credit, such as completing academic work; taking tests or exams; or enrolling in an alternative education program. Districts are required to do this for students who are suspended; it is optional whether to give expelled students this opportunity. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(b-30).	
	c. Academic and behavioral re-engagement strategies and interventions, such as the following:	

Actor	Action			
	1) A plan for the student to receive tutoring (during school, after school, at an alternative site, etc.).			
	<ol> <li>Regularly scheduled and/or impromptu meetings with counseling, guidance, or other staff members.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Steps to prevent future misconduct, such as avoiding certain other students and/or situations.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Ways to develop the social and emotional skills to cope with adversity.</li> </ol>			
	5) An altered schedule.			
	6) A communication plan between the school and the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s).			
	7) Completion of identified behavioral assessments, with the consent of the parent/guardian, and/or a safety plan where appropriate.			
	3. Identify community resources that may help the student, such as mental health and behavioral support services and academic supports.  Note: 20 ILCS 1705/76, added by P.A. 101-45, requires the Ill. Dept. of Public Health to create and maintain an online database and resource page on its website that contains mental health resources specifically geared toward school social workers, school counselors, parents, teachers, and school support personnel. See the database at: <a href="https://www.dhs.state.il.us">www.dhs.state.il.us</a> . Also, the Ill. Public Aid Code, 305 ILCS 5/5-5.23(g), amended by P.A. 101-461, eff 7-1-20, requires the Ill. Dept. of Healthcare and Family Services to restructure the Family Support Program (formerly known as the Individual Care Grant program) to enable early treatment of youth, emerging adults, and transition-age adults with a serious mental illness or serious emotional disturbance.			
Parent(s)/Guardian(s), Student, and Building	If scheduled, attend the re-engagement conference during which the following occurs:			
Principal or Dean of Students, or	1. Help the student understand why he or she was suspended or expelled.			
designee(s)	2. Review the re-engagement plan, if any, and make adjustments as needed.			
	3. Engage in identified community resources that may help the student, such as mental health and behavioral support services and academic supports.			

February 2016 7:190-E1

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form**

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

Please be advised that your child engaged in behavior that, if repeated, may escalate into aggressive behavior, such as bullying. Illinois law requires school districts to notify the parent or guardian of a child who demonstrated behaviors that put him or her at risk for aggressive behavior.

The School Board policy on student behavior prohibits a student while at school or a school-related activity from: (1) engaging in any kind of bullying or aggressive behavior that causes physical or psychological harm to someone else, and/or (2) urging other students to engage in such conduct.

psychological narm to someone cise, and/or (2) ar	ging other students to engage in such conduct.	
This early notification is intended to help all of us	work together to avoid repetition of the behavior.	
Student	Incident date	
Incident location		
Reported by	Reporting date	
<b>Description of the behavior:</b> (Reporters, be specific. Describe what happened, what harm result the child's explanation, and any known or suspected causes for what happened.)		
meeting or telephone conference to discuss what	office will telephone you to schedule an in-person occurred and ways to help your child, (1) be award 2) to understand boundaries and manage conflict.	
The following consequence(s) or intervention(s)	is/are recommended:	
Counseling or other support services for y	our child.	
Providing opportunities for all individuals	involved in an incident to reach a resolution.	
☐ Enabling your child to make amends for the	ne harm caused.	
Suggesting your child receive non-District	t affiliated services.	
The District is committed to helping those involve	d learn from this experience.	
Building Principal	Date	
Dunung FillCipai	Date	

March 2017 7:190-E2

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Student Handbook Checklist**

The Checklist contains mandatory and recommended notices that schools should give to their students and the students' parents/guardians. *Mandatory* means the notices are legally required. *Recommended* means including the notices are a best practice. The Checklist is in the IASB Policy Reference Manual (PRM) format, and it lists corresponding policies, procedures, and exhibits in numerical order within each sub-headed category. A corresponding citation to the Illinois Principals Association **Online Model Student Handbook** (**MSH**) is also listed, if one exists. Any handbook should be reviewed by the Board Attorney before distribution to ensure that all mandatory notices are included as this Checklist is subject to change without notice. This Checklist is not a substitute for legal advice.

### **Mandatory Notices**

### Student Services

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Transportation	4:110, Transportation	4.10, Bus Transporta- tion
Transportation reimbursement eligibility and dispute resolution  Note: this program has been withdrawn due to lack of funding	4:110, Transportation	4.10, Bus Transporta- tion
Eligibility criteria for free and reduced lunch	4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services 4:130-E, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services; Meal Charge Notifications	3.10, Fees, Fines & Charges; Waiver of Student Fees
Waiver of school fees along with the fee waiver application form	4:140, Waiver of Student Fees 4:140-AP, Fines, Fees, and Charges - Waiver of Student Fees 4:140-E1, Application for Fee Waiver 4:140-E2, Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and Response to Appeal	3.10, Fees, Fines & Charges; Waiver of Student Fees 3.10-E1, Application for Fee Waiver
Alternative learning opportunities	6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Pro- gram	2.90, Course Alterna- tives & Substitu- tions
Notification to parents/guardians of English Learners regarding their child's placement in, and infor-	6:160, English Learners	12.60, English learners

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
mation about, the District's English Learners programs		
Parental involvement under Title I (only when the district receives Title I funds)	6:170, Title 1 Programs 6:170-AP1, Checklist of Development, Implementation, and Maintenance of Parent and Family Engagement Compacts for Title I Programs 6:170-AP1, E1, District-Level Parent and Family Engagement Compact 6:170-AP1, E2, School-Level Parent and Family Engagement Compact 6:170-AP2, Notice to Parents Required by Elementary and Secondary Education Act, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, and Protection of Pupil Rights Act	12.50, Parent Involve- ment Compact
Notice to parents required by No Child Left Behind Act of 2001	6:170-AP2, Notice to Parents Required by Elementary and Secondary Education Act, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, and protections of Pupil Rights Act	
Surveys that request personal information from students	7:15, Student and Family Privacy Rights	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
Birth certificate requirements for enrollment	7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools 7:50-AP, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools	
Administration of medications (includes asthma inhalers and epinephrine auto-injectors)	7:270, Administering Medicines to Students 7:270-AP1, Dispensing Medication 7:270-E, School Medication Au- thorization Form	5.20, Student Medication 5.20-E1, Student Medical Authorization Form 5.20-E2, Authorization for Student Self Medication Form

# **Student Programs**

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Notice of instruction in recognizing and avoiding sexual abuse (K-8 only)	6:60-AP, Comprehensive Health Education Program 6:60-E, Notice to Parents/Guardians of Students Enrolled in Family Life and Sex Education Classes	12.40, Sex Education Instruction 12.40-E1, Notice to Parents on Sex Ed- ucation Instruction
Free appropriate public education to students with disabilities	6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities 6:120-AP1, Special Education Pro-	10.10, Education of Children with Dis- abilities
Special education services to eligible children whether or not enrolled in the District	cedures Assuring the Implementa- tion of Comprehensive Program- ming for Children with Disabili- ties (downloadable from IASB website, www.iasb.com)	

### Student Responsibilities

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
IHSA policy on banned substances (required only for IHSA schools)	6:190, Extracurricular and Co- Curricular Activities 6:190-AP, Eligibility for Participa- tion in Extracurricular Activities 7:240, Conduct Code for Partici- pants in Extracurricular Activities 7:240-AP1, Code of Conduct for Ex- tracurricular Activities	9.10, Athletic Rules & Code of Conduct
Absenteeism and truancy	7:70, Attendance and Truancy	2.10, Attendance 2.50, Truancy
Statement of district ownership of and right to search student lockers	7:140, Search and Seizure	8.10, Search & Seizure
Search procedures for school grounds and lockers	7:140, Search and Seizure	8.10, Search & Seizure
Notification regarding access to student accounts or profiles on social networking websites	7:140, Search and Seizure	8.10, Search & Seizure
Bullying prohibited and reporting encouraged	7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Har- assment	6.40, Bullying, Intimidation, & Harassment 6.40-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter & Form
Teen dating violence prohibited and reporting encouraged	7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited	

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Prohibition of electronic paging devices and making threat by Internet	7:190, Student Behavior	6.30, Student Disci- pline
All prohibited conduct in the school discipline code, including, but not limited to:  1. Controlled substances 2. Firearms and other weapons 3. E-cigarettes 4. Gangs and gang-related activity 5. Sexting prohibited	4:170-AP2, E4, Letter to Parents/Guardians About Preventing and Reducing Incidences of Sexting 7:190, Student Discipline 7:190-AP5, Student Handbook - Electronic Devices 7:190-AP6, Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations	6.30, Student Disci- pline
Inform parents/guardians when their child engaged in aggressive behavior along with the school's early intervention procedures	7:190-E1, Aggressive Behavior Reporting Letter and Form	6.40-E1, Aggressive Behavior Report- ing Letter & Form
Suspension and expulsion, and due process requirements	7:200, Suspension Procedures 7:210, Expulsion Procedures	
School bus safety	7:220, Bus Conduct 4:110-AP3, School Bus Safety Rules	4.10, Bus Transporta- tion
Videotape surveillance of buses (if applicable)	7:220, Bus Conduct 7:220-AP, Electronic Recordings on School Buses	4.10, Bus Transporta- tion
Behavior interventions (these may be developed through the Spec. Ed. Coop if the district belongs to one)	7:230, Misconduct by Students With Disabilities	
Dress code	7:160, Student Appearance	6.20, School Dress Code & Student Appearance
All other conduct prohibited by Board policy - school discipline code	7:190, Student Behavior	6.30, Student Disci- pline

# **Student Rights**

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Notice of non-discrimination coordinator(s) and making complaint of discrimination or sexual harassment	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure	6.40, Bullying, Intimidation & Harassment
Prohibition of discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, ancestry, age, religious beliefs, physical or mental disability, status as home-	7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities	1.50, Equal Opportunity & Sex Equity

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
less, or actual or potential marital or parental status, including pregnancy		
Sex equity and grievance procedures	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure 7:10, Equal Educational Opportunities	1.50, Equal Opportunity & Sex Equity
Sexual harassment prohibited and grievance procedures	2:260, Uniform Grievance Procedure 7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited	6.40, Bullying, Intimi- dation & Harass- ment
Notify parents of their right to request their child's classroom teachers' qualifications	5:190-E1, Notice of Parents of Their Right to Request Their Child's Classroom Teachers' Qualifica- tions	12.10, Teacher Quali- fications
Educational rights of homeless students in the location where homeless children receive services	6:140, Education of Homeless Children 6:140-AP, Education of Homeless Children	12.30, Homeless Child's Right to Education
Notice of parent and student rights under the Children's Privacy Pro- tection and Parental Empowerment Act	7:15, Student and Family Privacy Rights 7:15-E, Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
Notice to parents/guardians about social network passwords	7:140, Search and Seizure 7:140- E, Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act	6.70 (Pending)
Notice concerning privacy and access rights to school student records	7:340, Student Records 7:340-E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records 7:340-E2, Using a Photograph or Video Recording of a Student	11.20, Student Rec- ords
Disclosure of directory information	7:340-E1, Notice to Par- ents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Stu- dent's School Records 7:340-E2, Using a Photograph or Video Recording of a Student	11.20, Student Rec- ords
Information classified as directory information and for objecting to disclosure of information	7:340-E1, Notice to Par- ents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Stu-	11.20, Student Rec- ords

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
	dent's School Records	
Military recruiting	7:340-E3, Letter to Parents Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information 7:340-E4, Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiter Access to Students and Student Information	11.20, Student Records
Student biometric information (when applicable)	7:340, Student Records 7:340-E5, Biometric Information Collection Authorization	11.30, Student Bio- metric Information
Notice of disability accommodation	8:70, Accommodating Individuals with Disabilities	1.110, Accommodat- ing Individuals with Disabilities

### **General Information**

Mandatory Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Notice before a pesticide application	4:160-AP, Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds	12.80, Pesticide Application Notice
Availability of information concerning sex offenders	4:175-AP1, Criminal Offender Noti- fication Laws; Screening 4:175-AP1, E1, Informing Parents About Offender Community Noti- fication Laws	12.120, Sex Offender Notification Law
School bus safety	4:110-AP3, School Bus Safety Rules	4.10, Bus Transporta- tion
Notice to parents/guardians and staff of IHSA's online training video about hands-only CPR and AED	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP6, E1, School Staff AED Notification Letter	
Notice that a student athlete and his/her parent must sign acknowl- edgement of receiving the concus- sion policy (required only for IHSA schools)	7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries	9.30, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries
School visitation rights notice	8:95-E1, Letter Notifying Par- ents/Guardians of School Visita- tion Rights 8:95-E2, Verification of School Vis- itation	12.70, School Visita- tion Rights

# **Recommended Notices**

# **Student Services**

Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Information regarding waiver of student fees	4:140, Waiver of Student Fees	
Fire drill program, building specific plan	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan	5.40, Safety Drill Pro- cedures
School safety plans, including severe weather and injury or sudden illness	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan 4:170-AP1, E1, Accident or Injury Form	2.100, Home and Hospital Instruc- tion
Home and hospital instruction	6:150, Home and Hospital Instruc- tion	2.100, Home and Hospital Instruc- tion
Student residency and tuition	<ul> <li>7:60, Residence</li> <li>7:60-AP1, Challenging a Student's Residence Status</li> <li>7:60-AP2, Establishing Student Residency</li> <li>7:60-AP2, E1, Letter from Landlord in Lieu of Lease</li> <li>7:60-AP2, E2, Letter of Residence to be Used When the Person Seeking to Enroll a Student is Living with a District Resident</li> <li>7:60-AP2, E3, Evidence of Non-Parent's Custody, Control and Responsibility of a Student</li> </ul>	
Parking, building specific	7:140, Search and Seizure	4.20, Parking
Health and guidance counselor and social work access	7:250, Student Support Services	5.30, Guidance & Counseling
Communicable and infectious disease	7:280, Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease 7:280-AP, Managing Students with Communicable and Infectious Diseases	5.50, Communicable Diseases 5.60, Head Lice
Students with diabetes	6:120-AP4, Care of Students with Diabetes	1.130, Care of Students with Diabetes 1.130-E1, Authorization to Provide Diabetes Care

Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Food allergy management program	7:285, Food Allergy Management Program 7:285-AP, Implementing a Food Al- lergy Management Program	1.120, Students with Food Allergies
Telephone use, building specific		

### **Student Programs**

Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Weighted grades		
District philosophy and goals	1:30, School District Philosophy 3:10, Goals and Objectives 6:10, Educational Philosophy and Objectives	
Anti-bias curriculum	6:60, Curriculum Content	
Driver education eligibility and requirements (high schools only)	6:60, Curriculum Content	
Parental objections to sex education, family life instruction, and sexually transmitted diseases	6:60-E, Notice to Parents/Guardians of Students Enrolled in Family Life and Sex Education Classes	12.40, Sex Education Instruction 12.40-E1, Notice to Parents on Sex Ed- ucation Instruction
Adaptive physical education program exemption	6:310, High School Credit for Non- District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Stu- dents	2.80, Exception from PE Requirement (Regular Education)
Bilingual education availability	6:160, English Learners	12.60, English Learn- ers
Co-curricular activities	6:190, Extracurricular and Co- Curricular Activities	9.10, Athletic Rules & Code of Conduct
"No Pass, No Play"	6:190, Extracurricular and Co- Curricular Activities 6:190-AP, Academic Eligibility for Participation in Extracurricular Activities	9.10, Athletic Rules & Code of Conduct
Parental right to review instructional materials	6:210, Instructional Materials	11.10, Student Privacy Protections
Acceptable use and Internet safety	6:235, Access to Electronic Networks 6:235-AP1, Acceptable Use of the District's Electronic Networks 6:235-AP1, E1, Student Authoriza- tion for Access to the District's	7.10, Internet Acceptable Use 7.10-E1, Internet Acceptable Use Sign-Off

Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
	Electronic Networks 6:235-AP1, E2, Staff Authorization for Access to the District's Elec- tronic Networks	
Social promotion	6:280, Grading and Promotion 6:280-AP, Evaluating and Reporting Student Achievement	2.60, Grading & Pro- motion
High school graduation requirements (high schools only)	6:300, Graduation Requirements	2.120, Graduation Requirements
Right of students with IEP to participate in graduation ceremony (high schools only)	6:300, Graduation Requirements	10.40, Certificate of High School Com- pletion
Physical education, including waiver of required classes	6:310, High School Credit for Non- District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Stu- dents	2.80, Exception from PE Requirement (Regular Education) 10.30, Exemption from PE Requirement (Special Education)
Class schedules, building specific		
Schedule of testing programs, building specific	6:340, Student Testing and Assess- ment Program	
Student distribution of non- curricular material	7:310, Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools 7:310-AP, Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School Spon- sored Publications	7.20, Guidelines for Student Distribu- tion of Non-School Sponsored Publica- tions

# **General Information**

Recommended Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Asbestos management plan, notice of availability		
School calendar	6:20, School Year Calendar and Day	
Field trip	6:240, Field Trips 6:240-AP, Field Trip Guidelines	6.60, Field Trips
Release time for religious instruction/observance	7:80, Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance	2.30, Release Time for Religious Instruc- tion/Observance
Extra-curricular drug and alcohol testing (if applicable)	7:240-AP2, Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program 7:240-E, Consent to Participate in	9.10, Athletic Rules & Code of Conduct

<b>Recommended Topics</b>	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
	Extracurricular Drug and Alco- hol Testing Program	
Eligibility to remove college entrance exams from student transcripts	7:340, Student Records	11.20, Student Rec- ords
Equal access to school facilities	8:20, Access to School Facilities	
Identification and registration of persons entering the school building	8:30, Visitors to and Conduct on School Property	1.40, Visitors
Statement that the handbook is:  1. Only a summary of board policies governing the district; board policies are available to the public at the district office  2. A document that may be amended during the year without notice  3. Is a communication tool of all policies to persons expected to execute and comply with them	2:240, Board Policy Development	1.10, Parent/Guardian Handbook Acknowledgement 1.20, Student Hand- book Acknowl- edgement 1.30, General School Information
Address of District offices, list of administrators, and contact information	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web-Posted Reports and Records	1.30, General School Information
Board members' names	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web-Posted Reports and Records	1.30, General School Information
List of District school addresses	2:250, Access to District Public Records 2:250-E2, Immediately Available District Public Records and Web-Posted Reports and Records	1.30, General School Information

# **Special Circumstance Notifications**

Special Circumstance Topics	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
Notification for unsafe school transfer choice	4:170, Safety 4:170-AP5, Unsafe School Choice Option	12.100, Unsafe School - Transfer
Notification of right to review teachers' qualifications	5:190, Teacher Qualifications 5:190-E1, Notice to Parents of Their	12.10, Teacher Quali- fications

<b>Special Circumstance Topics</b>	IASB PRM	IPA MSH
	Right to Request Their Child's Classroom Teachers' Qualifications 5:190-E2, Notice to Parents When Their Child Is Assigned To or Has Been Taught for at Least Four Straight Weeks By a Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State Certification/Licensure Requirements 5:190-E3, Letter to Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State Certification/Licensure Requirements for the Grade Level and Subject Area of Assignment	
<ol> <li>Notice when:</li> <li>Student is being taught by a teacher who is not highly qualified,</li> <li>School identified as in need of improvement,</li> <li>Schools are identified for corrective action,</li> <li>Schools are identified for restructuring,</li> <li>There is eligibility for supplemental educational services, and</li> <li>The district offers voluntary school choice, if applicable.</li> </ol>	5:190-E2, Notice to Parents When Their Child Is Assigned To or Has Been Taught for at Least Four Straight Weeks By a Teacher Who Does Not Meet Applicable State Certification/Licensure Requirements 6:15, School Accountability	
Credit for proficiency	6:110, Programs for Students At Risk of Academic Failure and/or Dropping Out of School and Graduation Incentives Program	2.90, Course Alterna- tives & Substitu- tions

October 2019 7:190-E3

## **Students**

### **Exhibit - Memorandum of Understanding**

Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) vary by community. This exhibit contains two sample MOUs in two subheads: General Law Enforcement Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and School Resource Officer (SRO) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). Depending upon the needs in the District, each MOU is designed to stand alone or be combined into one MOU.

Use these sample MOUs to develop the District's MOU with (1) assistance from the Board Attorney, (2) careful attention to the footnotes, which provide instructions, information, best practice considerations, and other resources, (3) alignment of their sample language to the District's or its individual school building's local conditions and student discipline needs, (4) careful attention to [INSERT] the requested information and fill boxes and blanks with the information indicated in the final MOU, (5) deletions of all sample language not used from the final MOU, (6) deletions of all footnotes from the final MOU.

General Law Enforcement Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

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#### A. Introduction

In consideration of the mutual promises, terms, and conditions set forth in the sections below, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby expressly acknowledged, this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is entered into by [INSERT District's name] (District) and [INSERT Local Law Enforcement Agency's name] (LLEA)on the [INSERT DATES \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_].

The District and LLEA agree that they may enter into and participate in joint programs and intergovernmental agreements with units of local government and other school districts to obtain or share services and to exercise, combine, or transfer any power or function, in any manner not prohibited by law or by ordinance (Ill. Constitution, Art. VII, Sec. 10, 5 ILCS 220/1 et seq., and Board Policy 1:20, District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements).

The District is organized and operates as follows	:	

The LLEA is organized and operates as follows:

The District and LLEA further agree to the following sections:	

#### B. Definitions/Acronyms

**Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) -** Defines a local law enforcement agency's role in schools and describes the respective duties of a school district and local law enforcement agencies (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b) encourages school districts to create memoranda of understanding (MOU) with law enforcement agencies). Its purpose is to prevent confusion, decrease conflict, and promote school safety.

**Leadership Team (Team)** - A group of designated key staff members from each party. These individuals will be responsible for the implementation of the MOU. They will communicate directly with the each other about MOU issues.

**Local Law Enforcement Agency (LLEA) -** A police department or State's Attorney's Office within the District's boundaries.

**Police Officer -** A police officer employed by the LLEA but who is not specifically assigned to the District or any of its buildings.

**School Resource Officer (SRO)** - A police officer who is assigned to the District or any of its buildings through an intergovernmental agreement or a memorandum of understanding with the LLEA.

### **C.** MOU Leadership Team (Team)

The following individuals are designated for the MOU Team as described in Section B, above.		
District Staff:		
LLEA Staff:		

#### D. District Authority Over the Educational Environment

The District has identified the need for a partnership with LLEA. LLEA will partner with District school officials to manage disruptive student behavior and discipline issues. Collaboration between the District and LLEA and respect for the important role each party holds in connection with our community's youth are essential to the success of the mission of both parties. Where it is necessary for LLEA to be present on school property, its employees will conduct themselves according to accepted legal practices, always recognizing the responsibility and authority of the District's officials to manage the educational environment and work with them to minimize any impact its actions might have upon that environment.

Both parties recognize that disciplining students is better left for District officials to manage, especially in light of 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b). If a student in the District is recommended for prosecution in a court of law, the Team conferences about the most appropriate form of discipline for the student. Final discretion regarding whether to charge an individual with an ordinance, criminal, or traffic violation lies with the LLEA.

#### E. Identified Needs for Services to Maintain the Educational Environment

LLEA's activities shall align to the District's identified needs for creating and maintaining its educational environment. All services rendered by LLEA for the District shall seek to implement a partnership that creates effective and positive school student discipline that (a) functions in concert with efforts to address

i.

school safety and climate; (b) includes more than punitive measures, e.g., restorative discipline; (c) is clear, consistent, and equitable; and (d) reinforces positive behaviors.

- 1. The District's identified needs for services from LLEA are each of the following:
  - a. When requested, assistance with conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the District for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities and turned over to law enforcement authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(e) and 10-22.10a.
  - b. Utilization by Building Principals of proper law enforcement agency resources when the safety and welfare of students and teachers are threatened by illegal use of drugs and alcohol, by illegal possession or use of weapons, or by illegal gang activity. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.4a.
  - c. Cooperation with the parent-teacher advisory committee to develop policy guideline procedures that establish and maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the District applicable local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14 and see Board Policy 2:150, Committees.
  - d. Immediate required reporting to local law enforcement authorities by the superintendent of batteries committed against teachers, teacher personnel, administrative personnel or educational support personnel. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7.
  - e. Immediate required notification by the Building Principal or his or her designee to a local law enforcement agency upon receiving a report that any person has been observed in possession of a firearm on school grounds, other than a law enforcement official engaged in the conduct of his or her official duties. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A.
  - f. Upon receipt of a report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving a firearm in a school or on school owned or leased property, immediate required notification by the Superintendent or designee to the local law enforcement authorities of all such firearm-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A.
  - g. Upon receipt of a report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving drugs in a school or on school owned or leased property, immediate required reporting by the Superintendent or designee to the local law enforcement authorities of all such drug-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1B.
  - h. Implementation of other sections of the School Code that authorize the District to work with LLEA for the purposes of keeping schools safe and providing education or training.

Based upon locally based District outcomes, the District has identified these additional needs:

- 2. The LLEA has identified partnership needs from the District, which include each of the following:
  - a. Sharing required reports to applicable Building Principals whenever a child enrolled in the District is detained for proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 (705 ILCS 405/), or for any criminal offense or any violation of a municipal or county ordinance (105 ILCS 5/22-20). The report shall include the basis for detaining the child, circumstances surrounding the events that led to the child's detention, and status of proceedings. The report shall be updated as appropriate to notify the Building Principal of developments and the disposition of the matter. Building Principals shall keep this information separate from the official school record of the student and ensure that it does not become part of the official school record of the student. Such information shall not be a public record and will be used solely by the appropriate school official or officials that the Building Principal determines have a legitimate educational or safety interest to aid in the

proper rehabilitation of the child and to protect the safety of students and employees in the school. 105 ILCS 5/22-20.

- b. In accordance with administrative procedure 7:190-AP3, *Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students*, transmitting juvenile law enforcement records concerning a minor enrolled in any District school who has been arrested or taken into custody for certain offenses. 705 ILCS 405/1-7(A)(8)(A) and 405/5-905(1)(h)(A) and see *Section H., Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students*, below.
- c. Based upon locally-based LLEA outcomes, the LLEA has identified these additional needs:

### F. Annual Evaluation of MOU; Renewal; Termination

The parties will periodically review the MOU for relevancy, monitor its terms for effectiveness, and consider whether any modifications are required. This review may align with the School Board's annual policy review and monitoring calendar. The MOU will remain in effect and automatically renew from year to year unless terminated. Any party may terminate its participation in this MOU upon thirty (30) days prior written notice to the other(s).

### G. Record Sharing

Both parties recognize the privacy protections of federal and State law in the disclosure of student records. When sharing information, State and federal laws regarding *school student records* apply. See the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99) and the Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375). The applicable federal and/or State law shall control, and the District may refuse disclosure requests by LLEA without a warrant or subpoena/court order. The SRO and LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with the confidentiality of student and education records and may only seek such records in accordance with the requirements of the District's Policy 7:340, *Student Records*.

School student records may only be released to the LLEA by the Building Principal. Information kept by law enforcement professionals working in a school is not considered a school student record. See 105 ILCS 10/2. Information derived from reports of law enforcement to principals regarding students detained for proceedings are not considered a school student record. 105 ILCS 5/22-20. The school student records definition and 7:340-AP1, School Student Records are incorporated into this agreement.

Within its standard operating procedures, the LLEA will include training for its officers about these laws, along with information about how to access the District's policies and procedures for school student records. For general guidance both parties will refer to *Answers to FAQs Responding to a Subpoena* (Illinois Council of School Attorneys, Revised January 2015) at: www.iasb.com/law/ICSAFAQRespondingtoaSubpoena2015.pdf.

#### H. Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students

As outlined in Section E.2.b., above, the District and LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with (a) the School Code requirements for a reciprocal reporting system regarding criminal offenses committed by students (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14), and (b) the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the School Code's requirements for the management and sharing of law enforcement records and other information about students who have contact with LLEA.

The District's administrative procedure 7:190-AP3, Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students is incorporated into this MOU.

Nothing in this MOU is intended to impose upon any party a duty to report information to any other party that is not otherwise required by law. This MOU shall not be interpreted as making an obligation of a party mandatory that is otherwise discretionary under the law or vice versa. No party to this MOU waives any defenses or immunities it otherwise has under the law, including without limitation any immunities under the Sections 2-204 or 2-205 of the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act or the State Employee Indemnification Act. 5 ILCS 350/.

#### I. Live Feeds

The District will provide access to its live feeds to one or more of its buildings in the event of a health or safety emergency. Access is strictly to allow LLEA tactical forces to become familiar with current conditions that underlie the health or safety emergency in the District's building(s).

#### J. Cell Phone/Electronic Device Searches

The established procedures between the parties for searching cell phones/electronic devices must be followed. Both parties agree that cell phone/electronic device searches involve Fourth Amendment search and seizure issues and the federal Stored Communication Act (SCA) (18 U.S.C. §2701) issues. Generally asking for permission, calling the parents to come and search the phone, or getting a warrant solves this issue. Investigations of sexting allegations shall follow administrative procedure, 7:190-AP6, *Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations*, which is incorporated into this agreement.

#### K. Agency and Police Interviews

Board Policy 7:150, Agency and Police Interviews, and administrative procedure 7:150-AP, Agency and Police Interviews, are incorporated into this MOU and must be followed at all times.

Within its standard operating procedures, LLEA will include training for its officers about this policy and procedure, along with information about how to access the District's policies and procedures.

Before a student under 18 years of age who is suspected of committing a criminal act is detained and questioned on school grounds, a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or other school security personnel will (a) notify or attempt to notify the student's parent/guardian, (b) document the time and manner of the notification or attempted notification, (c) make reasonable efforts to ensure the student's parent/guardian is present during questioning or, if not present, ensure that school personnel (including, but not limited to, a school social worker, school psychologist, school nurse, school guidance counselor, or any other mental health professional) are present during the questioning, and (d) if practicable, make reasonable efforts to ensure a law enforcement officer trained in promoting safe interactions and communications with youth is present during questioning.

### L. Body-Worn Cameras (BWCs)

All parties agree that any use of BWCs by officers must be subject to and in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations regarding the use and operation of them. The LLEA shall use its best efforts to notify the District at least two weeks before its officers assigned to the District are to begin use of BWCs, and it will provide written information and training to the Building Principals and assistant principals of the schools in which the officers may enter. Training shall include the objectives and procedures for the use of BWCs in public and in schools. Every officer equipped with a BWC shall be trained in the operation of the equipment prior to its use. To maximize the effectiveness of the BWC and the integrity of the video documentation, officers shall adhere to the objectives and procedures outlined in this MOU and the LLEA's General Operations Orders or similar policies when they utilize BWCs. LLEA may, if not otherwise prohibited by law, provide to the District copies of any such filming of students, parents, employees, or others upon school property, upon request for such copies by the District, as a law enforcement record. In the event that the LLEA receives advice that providing a copy of such videos is prohibited, the LLEA agrees to utilize its best efforts to facilitate the availability of its officer(s) that made the video to testify, upon request by the District, in any school disciplinary hearing concerning his/her/their knowledge of the facts and circumstances of the videoed incident. Any such film or video taken by, and kept in the possession of LLEA's officers may be considered law enforcement records under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. §1232g and 34 C.F.R. §99.8) and Ill. School Student Records Act (ISSRA) (105 ILCS 10/2(d)). Any copy of such film or video, if permitted by law to be provided to the District, may become an *educational record* of the District. The LLEA's officers shall at all times recognize and comply with the confidentiality of student and education records and may only seek such records in accordance with the requirements of Board Policy 7:340, Student Records, which is incorporated into the terms of this MOU.

#### M. General Provisions

### 1. Scope of Agreement

Nothing in this MOU is intended to impose upon any party a duty to report information to any other party that is not otherwise required by law. This MOU shall not be interpreted as making an obligation of a party mandatory that is otherwise discretionary under the law or vice versa. No party to this MOU waives any defenses or immunities it otherwise has under the law, including without limitation any immunities under Sections 2-204 and/or 2-205 of the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act or the State Employee Indemnification Act. 5 ILCS 350/.

#### 2. Amendment

No change or modification of this MOU shall be valid unless it is in writing and is signed by all parties.

#### 3. Assignment

No party to this MOU may assign it or its rights or obligations.

#### 4. Notices

All notices required pursuant to this MOU shall be in writing and sent by U.S. certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested or by overnight express delivery to the address of the party set forth below or as otherwise directed in writing by such party or as provided under applicable state law. Notice is deemed given three (3) days after being deposited in the U.S. Mail for certified mail delivery or one (1) day after being deposited with an overnight express delivery courier for delivery to the correct address.

#### 5. Governing Law

This MOU shall be construed in accordance with and pursuant to the laws of the State of Illinois.

#### 6. Non-Waiver of Breach

The failure of any party to insist upon strict performance of any of the terms or conditions of this MOU shall not be construed to be a waiver of such term or condition or any subsequent breach of it.

### 7. Severability

The invalidity or unenforceability of any particular provision of this MOU shall not affect the other provisions of it, and it shall be construed in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision were omitted.

#### 8. Enforcement

No party to this MOU shall be liable for any negligent or wrongful acts, either by omission or commission, chargeable to the other party. This MOU shall not be construed to create a duty owed by any party to any third party. The District and LLEA agree that the exclusive claims or remedies for breach of this MOU are limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus action or termination of the MOU. Each party waives any and all other claims and remedies, direct or indirect, by way of subrogation or otherwise, that it may have against the other party arising out of the performance or non-performance of any provision of this MOU.

Board President	Date	
Authorized Signatory for LLEA	Date	

School Resource Officer (SRO) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

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- E. Funding; Payment for SROs; Chain of Command
- G. SRO Selection Process; Qualifications & Certification
- H. SRO Employer; Assignments; Mentoring & Outreach; Supervision; Performance Evaluations; Conflict Resolution; Termination/Replacement; Extra Duties/Projects

#### A. Introduction

[INSERT Section A from General MOU here.]

B. Definitions/Acronyms

[INSERT Section B from General MOU here.]

C. MOU Leadership Team

[INSERT Section C from General MOU here.]

D. District Authority Over the Educational Environment

[INSERT Section D from General MOU, above. End Section D with this sentence: "The LLEA recognizes that assigning SROs to District buildings is not a substitute for effective student discipline policies."]

#### E. Funding; Payment for SROs; Chain of Command

1.	<b>Funding.</b> Members of the Leadership Team (Team) will negotiate the terms for funding including any grant funding that is available. Any terms tied to grant funding, such as data collection include:
2.	Payment for SROs. The Team has agreed that the District shall compensate LLEA for the SROs in 10 equal installments commencing on August 15th of each fiscal year in the following amounts:
3.	Chain of Command. The Team shall develop a local, District-specific chain of command for the placement of SROs in school buildings. Each District administrator responsible for supervising and evaluating the SRO in his/her/their assigned building(s) shall be included in an individual SRO's District-specific chain of command.

#### F. Ongoing Training of SROs

Both parties agree that training is critical to the success of this partnership. The LLEA's assigned SROs (as defined in Section H below) will receive minimum in-service training and certification requirements as would normally apply to all other certified officers of LLEA through LLEA and/or local State's attorney offices. In addition, an ongoing District training calendar shall be developed for assigned SROs and District officials.

Trainings will consist of updates from the District's School Board Attorney on current laws and difficult issues such as search and seizure, questioning, and requests for student records. In addition, trainings will delineate legal authority for when assigned SROs will be acting at the direction of a District official (reasonableness) or at the direction of LLEA (probable cause).

Other LLEA employees that are not SROs but have frequent contact with District buildings will be encouraged to attend any of these trainings.

All trainings, when possible, must occur during school breaks or at times that would least impact the District and should include: (1) emerging education issues, (2) state law training requirements, (3) mental health awareness training, (4) restorative justice (if applicable), and (5) record sharing.

#### G. SRO Selection Process; Qualifications & Certification

1.	<b>Selection Process.</b> The Team shall develop formal screening criteria based upon the following <i>Office</i>
	of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) characteristics: (1) likes kids - wants to, and is able
	to, work with kids; (2) has the right demeanor and people skills, including being calm, patient,
	approachable, and "able to put up gracefully with guff from kids;" (3) has experience as a patrol officer
	or road deputy; (4) has above-average integrity; (5) demonstrated willingness to work hard, be
	dependable and on time, be self-directed, and has the ability to teach. Other formal screening criteria
	shall include:

In addition, the Team shall designate the appropriate school officials in buildings to be assigned an SRO to provide input to LLEA on SRO applicants for open SRO positions, such as reviewing applications and memoranda of interest provided by candidates, sitting in on interviews of candidates and/or rating of applicants.

2. **SRO Qualifications & Certification.** The LLEA must ensure that the SRO has either of the following qualifications issued by the Ill. Law Enforcement Training Standards Board under Section 10.22 of the Ill. Police Training Act: (1) a certificate of completion for the required course of instruction or (2) an approved waiver (prior experience and training only). The certificate of completion or waiver of it must be obtained within one year of assignment to the District. The SRO must possess, at minimum, 48 hours of National Association of School Resource Officer (NASRO) training, along with the following other qualifications:

# H. SRO Employer; Assignments; Mentoring & Outreach; Supervision; Performance Evaluations; Conflict Resolution; Termination/Replacement; Extra Duties/Projects

- 1. **Employer.** SROs are employed by LLEA. The District does not employ any SROs that are assigned in any of its buildings. The District is not considered a joint employer of SROs for purposes of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The SRO remains covered by the LLEA's insurance and continues to enjoy the immunities specific to his or her employment with LLEA. Section D, *District Authority Over the Educational Environment*, above shall apply to the District's specific responsibilities for supervision and performance evaluations of assigned SROs while in District school buildings as their duties pertain to fulfilling the identified needs and goals of a District building.
- Assignments. For purposes of this section, SRO means a sworn police officer of LLEA who has been
  assigned to a District building pursuant to this MOU. SROs shall be assigned to District buildings by
  the LLEA with input from the MOU Leadership Team. Staffing issues at LLEA may take precedence
  to the assignment of an SRO to the District.
  - a. SRO Work Hours, Uniform, and Visibility on Campus. The SRO shall remain on school grounds during normal school hours, except when necessary to attend a law enforcement emergency, to attend any meetings or trainings described in this MOU, or on limited occasions to attend to official law enforcement business off campus. With the exception of emergency situations out of the SRO's control, the SRO shall give the SRO Supervisor and Building Principal(s) reasonable advanced notice of any times when the SRO is not expected to be on campus during normal school hours, and LLEA may provide a replacement SRO to the extent possible.

The SRO shall wear the official law enforcement uniform or other apparel issued by the LLEA at all times while serving on District property. The SRO shall make best efforts to maintain high visibility at all times when practical and safe to do so, especially in areas where incidents of crime or violence are most likely to occur.

The SRO shall, whenever possible and in accordance with guidance from the Building Principal or designee, participate in or attend school functions during the SRO's regular duty hours in order to assure the peaceful operation of school-related programs.

- b. Student Search Assistance. When requested, assistance with conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the District for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating the law, local ordinance, or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities and/or turned over to law enforcement authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6 and 10-22.10a.
- c. Administrative Hearings. Contingent upon pre-approval by the LLEA, the SROs will attend suspension review and/or expulsion hearings upon the request of school officials or the Superintendent. The SRO will be prepared to provide testimony on any actions that were taken by the SRO and any personally observed conduct witnessed by the SRO.

d.	Goal Setting for Services in District.

- 3. **Mentoring & Outreach.** The SRO shall conduct himself or herself as a role model at all times and in all facets of the job; shall seek to establish a strong rapport with staff, faculty, students, parents and other members of the school community; and shall encourage students to develop positive attitudes toward the school, education, law enforcement officers, and good citizenship in general.
- 4. Supervision. With input from the LLEA and/or the MOU Team, the District will assign school officials to supervise SROs in District buildings based upon the individual SRO's needs, School Board policies, available local resources, specific school building needs, and geographical realities. Both parties expect excellence from SROs and commit to frequent communication between supervising school officials and the SROs assigned to their buildings. The SRO and his or her supervising District official shall meet both formally and informally on a regular basis to discuss issues, duties, and responsibilities.
- 5. **Performance Evaluations.** An instrument for SRO performance evaluations in the school setting shall be agreed upon by the assigned SRO and the District's official supervising the SRO. Both parties recognize that a performance evaluation instrument for an SRO should incorporate data results from the District's school climate assessments, if available.
- 6. **Conflict Resolution.** If the District's expectation of excellence is not being met by an SRO, the supervising District official will report unresolved concerns to the SRO's direct law enforcement supervisor at LLEA sooner rather than later. Addressing issues promptly helps increase understanding and minimize potential negative impact on the school environment. If that method of communication does not solve the conflict, the Team has agreed to the following formal conflict resolution process between the District and LLEA:
- 7. **Termination/Replacement of SROs.** When paragraph 6, *Conflict Resolution*, above, has not been successful, the District may request that the SRO be removed from his or her assignment and replaced with another SRO from LLEA. If a replacement is not immediately available, the District reserves the right to terminate the SRO's assignment in a specific building until a replacement is available.
- 8. Extra Duties/Projects. The Team has negotiated the below terms for special projects and/or extra duties:

Board President  Authorized Signatory for LLEA		Date	
		Date	
Incorporated			
by reference:	(Committees), 7:150-AP (Agency at Behavior), 7:190-AP3 (Guidelines f Offenses Committed by Students), 7 Sexting Allegations), 7:200 (Suspen	1:20 (District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements), 2:150 (Committees), 7:150-AP (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:190-AP3 (Guidelines for Reciprocal Reporting of Criminal Offenses Committed by Students), 7:190-AP6 (Guidelines for Investigating Sexting Allegations), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:340 (Student Records)	
LEGAL REF.:	105 ILCS 5/10-20.14(b) and 5/22-20 705 ILCS 405/1-7, 1-8(F), 1-8(G), ar		

February 2016 7:190-E4

# **Students**

# <u>Exhibit - Acknowledgement of Receiving Student Behavior Policy and Student Conduct Code</u>

Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior* and the *Student Conduct Code* were developed to help all students receive quality instruction in a safe and positive educational environment. Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*, is contained in the *Student Conduct Code*.

Please review and discuss the Board policy on *Student Behavior* and the *Student Conduct Code* with your child, sign this sheet, and return it to your child's school. Should you have any questions, please contact your child's Building Principal.

one of the state o	
You may access electronic copies of the Board policy on the District website:	licy on Student Behavior and the Student Conduct
	e will not relieve a student or the parent/guardian g with the rules contained within the Board policy
<u>Acknowledgement</u>	
acknowledge receiving the Board policy on <i>Stude</i> have reviewed them and understand the responsibility	ent Behavior and the Student Conduct Code, and I ities contained in them.
Parent/Guardian:	Date:
	udent Behavior and the Student Conduct Code. I Student Conduct Code and to help maintain a safe
Student	Date:

October 2019 7:200

# **Students**

### Suspension Procedures

### In-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee is authorized to maintain an in-school suspension program. The program shall include, at a minimum, each of the following:

- 1. Before assigning a student to in-school suspension, the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges.
- 2. Students are supervised by licensed school personnel.
- 3. Students are given the opportunity to complete classroom work during the in-school suspension for equivalent academic credit.

### Out-of-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee shall implement suspension procedures that provide, at a minimum, for each of the following:

- 1. A conference during which the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges before he or she may be suspended.
- 2. A pre-suspension conference is not required, and the student can be immediately suspended when the student's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the educational process. In such cases, the notice and conference shall follow as soon as practicable.
- 3. An attempted phone call to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 4. A written notice of the suspension to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student, which shall:
  - a. Provide notice to the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their child's right to a review of the suspension;
  - b. Include information about an opportunity to make up work missed during the suspension for equivalent academic credit;
  - c. Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend;
  - d. Provide rationale or an explanation of how the chosen number of suspension days will address the threat or disruption posed by the student or his or her act of gross disobedience or misconduct; and
  - e. Depending upon the length of the out-of-school suspension, include the following applicable information:
    - i. For a suspension of 3 school days or less, an explanation that the student's continuing presence in school would either pose:
      - a) A threat to school safety, or
      - b) A disruption to other students' learning opportunities.

- ii. For a suspension of 4 or more school days, an explanation:
  - a) That other appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted,
  - b) As to whether school officials attempted other interventions or determined that no other interventions were available for the student, and
  - c) That the student's continuing presence in school would either:
    - i) Pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or
    - ii) Substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- iii. For a suspension of 5 or more school days, the information listed in section 4.e.ii., above, along with documentation by the Superintendent or designee determining what, if any, appropriate and available support services will be provided to the student during the length of his or her suspension.
- 5. A summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length, must be given to the Board by the Superintendent or designee.
- 6. Upon request of the parent(s)/guardian(s), a review of the suspension shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by the Board. At the review, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may appear and discuss the suspension with the Board or its hearing officer and may be represented by counsel. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the suspension, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from the Department of Human Services to consult with the Board. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall take such action as it finds appropriate. If the suspension is upheld, the Board's written suspension decision shall specifically detail items (a) and (e) in number 4, above.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6.

Goss v. Lopez, 95 S.Ct. 729 (1975).

Sieck v. Oak Park River-Forest High School, 807 F.Supp. 73 (N.D. Ill., E.D., 1992).

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities),

7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

February 2016 7:200-E1

# **Students**

# Exhibit - Short Term Out-of-School Suspension (1-3 Days) Reporting Form

De	ear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):
	inois law requires a School District to provide the following information to a parent/guardian of a ild who is suspended from school due to an act of gross disobedience or misconduct.
Stu	udent Incident Date
Stı	udent handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violated:
Da	ate and time of pre-suspension conference with student:
	this conference was not held because the student's conduct posed an immediate danger to person. property, list the date and time the pre-suspension conference will be conducted.)
Da	nte(s) of suspension:
Da	ate student is eligible to return to school:
	escription of incident: (List all pertinent information (date, time, location) regarding the specific t(s) of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend.)
Ra	ntionale for the specific duration of the suspension:
It	has been further determined that: (At least one of the following must be completed.)
I.	Your child's continued presence at school poses a threat to school safety. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past conduct, school officials have determined that your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in the future. These determinations include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following additional reasons: ( <i>List explanation below</i> .)

<b>opportunities.</b> Due to the egregious nature of your child's threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past contact (a) your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in your child at school will foster a culture that his or her be	Your child's continued presence at school poses a disruption to other students' learning opportunities. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's past conduct school, officials have determined that (a) your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in the future, and/or (b) the presence of your child at school will foster a culture that his or her behavior(s) at school is/are acceptable or tolerated. These determinations include, but are not limited to, or more of the following: (List explanation below.)	
During the period of suspension, your child may not be procontrolled by the School District or at any School District directive constitutes a trespass and will be dealt with accord Upon returning to school, your child will be given an opportunity	activity. Failure to comply with this dingly.	
suspension for equivalent academic credit.  To discuss this matter, you may contact the Building Principal. Alternatively, you have the right to have the suspension reviewed by the School Board or a hearing officer acting on the Board's behalf. To schedule a Board hearing, please send a written request within ten (10) calendar days to (insert name and address of the Superintendent).		
Building Principal	Date	
cc: School Board		

February 2016 7:200-E2

# **Students**

## Exhibit - Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 Days) Reporting Form

De	ar Parent(s)/Guardian(s):
	nois law requires a School District to provide the following information to a parent/guardian of a fild who is suspended from school due to an act of gross disobedience or misconduct.
Stu	ndent Incident Date
Stı	ident handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violated:
Da	te and time of pre-suspension conference with student:
	this conference was not held because the student's conduct posed an immediate danger to person. property, list the date and time the pre-suspension conference will be conducted.)
Da	tte(s) of suspension:
Da	te student is eligible to return to school:
	scription of incident: (List all pertinent information (date, time, location) regarding the specific t(s) of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend.)
Ra	tionale for the specific duration of the suspension:
It	has been further determined that: (At least one of the following must be completed.)
I.	Your child's continued presence at school poses a threat to school safety of other students staff, or members of the school community. Due to the egregious nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record of your child's pass conduct, school officials have determined that your child is likely to engage in similar conduct in the future. These determinations include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following additional reasons: ( <i>List explanation below</i> .)

II. Your child's continued presence at school subst the operation of the school. Due to the egregiou harm, violence, threat) and/or the history or record	s nature of your child's conduct (i.e., physical d of your child's past conduct school, officials	
have determined that (a) your child is likely to eng the presence of your child at school will foster a cu acceptable or tolerated. These determinations in following: ( <i>List explanation below</i> .)	alture that his or her behavior(s) at school is/are	
The school is required to make all reasonable efforts to resolve threats or disruptions and minimize the length of out-of-school suspensions. To this end, the following behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted (List all behavioral and disciplinary interventions and resources previously utilized to address the student's behavior or indicate if there are no appropriate and evailable interventions and resources. Examples of behavioral and disciplinary interventions include that are not limited to any previous correspondence with parents or guardians about the behavior, wheek-in/check-out, functional behavioral analysis (FIB), behavioral improvement plan (BIP), social incademic instructional group (SAIG), in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension and/or other interventions and resources.)		
During the period of suspension, your child may no controlled by the School District or at any School	•	
directive constitutes a trespass and will be dealt with		
Your child will be given an opportunity to complete a suspension for equivalent academic credit.	missed assignments or work missed during the	
Students that are suspended out-of-school for longe appropriate and available support services during the services are available to your child: (Note that this suspended out-of-school for 5 through 10 school day support services are appropriate and available.)	e period of suspension. The following support requirement only applies to students who are	
To discuss this matter, you may contact the Building Pr	rincipal.	
Alternatively, you have the right to have the suspension officer acting on the Board's behalf. To schedule a within ten (10) calendar days to ( <i>insert name and address</i> )	Board hearing, please send a written request	
Building Principal	Date	
cc: School Board		

February 2016 7:210

## **Students**

This policy becomes effective and replaces the current policy on *Expulsion Procedures* on the first student attendance day of the 2016-2017 school year.

#### **Expulsion Procedures**

The Superintendent or designee shall implement expulsion procedures that provide, at a minimum, for the following:

- 1. Before a student may be expelled, the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be provided a written request to appear at a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. The request shall be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. The request shall:
  - a. Include the time, date, and place for the hearing.
  - b. Briefly describe what will happen during the hearing.
  - c. Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to recommend expulsion.
  - d. List the student's prior suspension(s).
  - e. State that the School Code allows the School Board to expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis.
  - f. Ask that the student or parent(s)/guardian(s) or attorney inform the Superintendent or Board Attorney if the student will be represented by an attorney and, if so, the attorney's name and contact information.
- 2. Unless the student and parent(s)/guardian(s) indicate that they do not want a hearing or fail to appear at the designated time and place, the hearing will proceed. It shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by it. If a hearing officer is appointed, he or she shall report to the Board the evidence presented at the hearing and the Board shall take such final action as it finds appropriate. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the recommended expulsion, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from the Dept. of Human Services to consult with the Board.
- 3. During the expulsion hearing, the Board or hearing officer shall hear evidence concerning whether the student is guilty of the gross disobedience or misconduct as charged. School officials must provide: (1) testimony of any other interventions attempted and exhausted or of their determination that no other appropriate and available interventions were available for the student, and (2) evidence of the threat or disruption posed by the student. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) may be represented by counsel, offer evidence, present witnesses, cross-examine witnesses who testified, and otherwise present reasons why the student should not be expelled. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall decide the issue of guilt and take such action as it finds appropriate.
- 4. If the Board acts to expel the student, its written expulsion decision shall:
  - a. Detail the specific reason why removing the student from his or her learning environment is in the best interest of the school.

- b. Provide a rationale for the specific duration of the recommended expulsion.
- c. Document how school officials determined that all behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted by specifying which interventions were attempted or whether school officials determined that no other appropriate and available interventions existed for the student.
- d. Document how the student's continuing presence in school would (1) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or (2) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- 5. Upon expulsion, the District may refer the student to appropriate and available support services.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(a).

Goss v. Lopez, 95 S.Ct. 729 (1975).

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development); 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190

(Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by

Students with Disabilities)

February 2016 7:210-E1

## **Students**

#### **Exhibit - Notice of Expulsion Hearing**

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

Due to the act(s) of gross disobedience or misconduct described herein, a recommendation has been made to the School Board to expel your child from school. The School Code allows the School Board to expel a student for a definite time period not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis.

Student	Incident Date	
tudent handbook rule(s) and/or Board policy violated:		
Length of the proposed expulsion:		
information is contained in the Long Term	ification for a recommendation of expulsion: This a Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 days) Reporting Form erm suspension, the specific acts of gross disobedience or expel are described in the attached sheet.	
The following additional efforts to resolvent-of-school suspensions were also provide	ve threats or disruptions and minimize the length of ded:	

#### Evidence will be presented and the Board will decide:

- 1. Whether removing your child from his or her learning environment is in the best interest of the school;
- 2. What the rationale is for the specific duration of the recommended expulsion;
- 3. Whether all appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions were exhausted; and
- 4. Whether your child's continuing presence in school would either: (a) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or (b) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.

You are requested to appear at a hearing before the board of education or a hearing officer acting on the Board's behalf to determine if your child should be expelled from school.			
Hearing Date	Time	Location	
your child is g	guilty of gross disobedie:	nce or misconduct as charge	er evidence concerning whether ed and should be expelled from you have each of the following
1. To be j	present.		
	represented by counsel. `attorney and, if so, the attorney and		if your child will be represented
3. To offe	er evidence.		
4. To pre	sent witnesses and cross-e	examine witnesses who testif	y.
5. To pre	sent other reasons why yo	our child should not be expell	ed.
-		eipt of the hearing officer'ns as it finds appropriate.	s report, the Board will decide
Superintendent			Date
cc: Schoo	l Board		
enclosure: Copy of 7:200-E2, Long Term Out-of-School Suspension (4-10 Days) Reporting Form or a list of the specific acts of gross disobedience or misconduct			

7:210-E1 Page 2 of 2

February 2016 7:220

## **Students**

#### **Bus Conduct**

All students must follow the District's School Bus Safety Rules.

#### **School Bus Suspensions**

The Superintendent, or any designee as permitted in the School Code, is authorized to suspend a student from riding the school bus for up to 10 consecutive school days for engaging in gross disobedience or misconduct, including but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Prohibited student conduct as defined in School Board policy, 7:190, Student Behavior.
- 2. Willful injury or threat of injury to a bus driver or to another rider.
- 3. Willful and/or repeated defacement of the bus.
- 4. Repeated use of profanity.
- 5. Repeated willful disobedience of a directive from a bus driver or other supervisor.
- 6. Such other behavior as the Superintendent or designee deems to threaten the safe operation of the bus and/or its occupants.

If a student is suspended from riding the bus for gross disobedience or misconduct on a bus, the School Board may suspend the student from riding the school bus for a period in excess of 10 days for safety reasons. The District's regular suspension procedures shall be used to suspend a student's privilege to ride a school bus.

#### Academic Credit for Missed Classes During School Bus Suspension

A student suspended from riding the bus who does not have alternate transportation to school shall have the opportunity to complete or make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of the student's parent or guardian to notify the school that the student does not have alternate transportation.

#### Electronic Recordings on School Buses

Electronic visual and audio recordings may be used on school buses to monitor conduct and to promote and maintain a safe environment for students and employees when transportation is provided for any school related activity. Notice of electronic recordings shall be displayed on the exterior of the vehicle's entrance door and front interior bulkhead in compliance with State law and the rules of the Illinois Department of Transportation, Division of Traffic Safety.

Students are prohibited from tampering with electronic recording devices. Students who violate this policy shall be disciplined in accordance with the Board's discipline policy and shall reimburse the School District for any necessary repairs or replacement.

### ELMWOOD CUSD #322

LEGAL REF.: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 10/.

720 ILCS 5/14-3(m).

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.

CROSS REF.: 4:110 (Transportation), 4:170 (Safety), 7:130 (Student Rights and

Responsibilities), 7:170 (Vandalism), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities),

7:340 (Student Records)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:110-AP3 (School Bus Safety Rules)

August 2015 7:220-AP

## **Students**

#### <u>Administrative Procedure - Electronic Recordings on School Buses</u>

#### Review of Electronic Recordings

Electronic video and audio recordings are viewed to investigate an incident reported by a bus driver, administrator, law enforcement officer working in the District, supervisor, student, or other person. They are also viewed at random.

Viewing and/or listening to electronic video and/or audio recordings is limited to law enforcement officers working in the District and District personnel. These individuals must have, (1) a law enforcement, security, or safety reason, or (2) a need to investigate and/or monitor student or driver conduct. A written log will be kept of those individuals viewing a video recording stating the time, name of individual viewing it, and date the video recording was viewed.

If the content of an electronic recording becomes the subject of a student disciplinary hearing, it will be treated like other evidence in the proceeding.

An electronic video or audio recording may be reused or erased after 14 days unless it is needed for an educational or administrative purpose.

#### Notice of Electronic Recordings 720 ILCS 5/14-3(m).

The Eavesdropping Act exempts electronic recordings on school buses from its coverage when transportation is provided for a school activity, provided the School Board adopted a policy authorizing their use. Notice of the adopted policy regarding video and audio recordings shall be: (1) clearly posted on the front door and interior of the school bus, (2) provided to students and parents/guardians, and (3) included in student handbooks and other documents.

February 2016 7:230

## **Students**

#### Misconduct by Students with Disabilities

#### **Behavioral Interventions**

Behavioral interventions shall be used with students with disabilities to promote and strengthen desirable behaviors and reduce identified inappropriate behaviors. The School Board will establish and maintain a committee to develop, implement, and monitor procedures on the use of behavioral interventions for children with disabilities.

#### **Discipline of Special Education Students**

The District shall comply with the Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 and the Illinois State Board of Education's *Special Education* rules when disciplining special education students. No special education student shall be expelled if the student's particular act of gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of his or her disability.

LEGAL REF.: Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, 20 U.S.C.

§§1412, 1413, and 1415.

Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. §7151 <u>et seq.</u> 34 C.F.R. §§300.101, 300.530 - 300.536. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6 and 5/14-8.05.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.400.

Honig v. Doe, 108 S.Ct. 592 (1988).

CROSS REF.: 2:150 (Committees), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 7:130

(Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

February 2016 7:240

## **Students**

#### **Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities**

The Superintendent or designee, using input from coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities, shall develop a conduct code for all participants in extracurricular activities consistent with School Board policy. The conduct code shall: (1) require participants in extracurricular activities to conduct themselves as good citizens and exemplars of their school at all times, including after school, on days when school is not in session, and whether on or off school property; (2) emphasize that hazing and bullying activities are strictly prohibited; and (3) notify participants that failure to abide by it could result in removal from the activity. The conduct code shall be reviewed by the Building Principal periodically at his or her discretion and presented to the Board.

Participants in extracurricular activities must abide by the conduct code for the activity and Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*. All coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities shall annually review the conduct code with participants and provide participants with a copy. In addition, coaches and sponsors of interscholastic athletic programs shall provide instruction on steroid abuse prevention to students in grades 7 through 12 participating in these programs.

#### Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

The District maintains an extracurricular drug and alcohol testing program in order to foster the health, safety, and welfare of its students. Participation in extracurricular activities is a privilege and participants need to be exemplars. The program promotes healthy and drug-free participation.

Each student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must consent to having the student submit to random drug and alcohol testing in order to participate in any extracurricular activity. Failure to sign the District's "Random Drug and Alcohol Testing Consent" form will result in non-participation.

If a test is *positive*, the student will not participate in extracurricular activities until after a *follow-up* test is requested by the Building Principal or designee and the results are reported. The Building Principal or designee will request a *follow-up* test after such an interval of time that the substance previously found would normally be eliminated from the body. If this *follow-up* test is negative, the student will be allowed to resume extracurricular activities. If a *positive* result is obtained from the *follow-up* test, or any later test, the same previous procedure shall be followed.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement this policy. No student shall be expelled or suspended from school as a result of any verified positive test conducted under this program other than when independent reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol usage exists. This program does not affect the District policies, practices, or rights to search or test any student who at the time exhibits cause for reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol use.

#### Performance Enhancing Drug Testing of High School Student Athletes

The Illinois High School Association (IHSA) prohibits participants in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by IHSA from ingesting or otherwise using any performance enhancing substance on its banned substance list, without a written prescription and medical documentation provided by a licensed physician who evaluated the student-athlete for a legitimate medical condition. IHSA administers a performance-enhancing substance testing program. Under this program, student athletes are subject to random drug testing for the presence in their bodies of performance-enhancing

substances on the IHSA's banned substance list. In addition to being penalized by IHSA, a student may be disciplined according to Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*.

LEGAL REF.: Board of Education of Independent School Dist. No. 92 v. Earls, 122 S.Ct. 2559

(2002).

Clements v. Board of Education of Decatur, 478 N.E.2d 1209 (Ill.App.4, 1985).

Kevin Jordan v. O'Fallon THSD 203, 706 N.E.2d 137 (Ill.App.5, 1999).

<u>Todd v. Rush County Schools</u>, 133 F.3d 984 (7th Cir., 1998). <u>Veronia School Dist. 475 v. Acton</u>, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

105 ILCS 5/24-24, 5/27-23.3, and 25/2.

CROSS REF.: 5:280 (Duties and Qualifications), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-Curricular

Activities), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

October 2019 7:240-AP1

## **Students**

#### Administrative Procedure - Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities

This Code of Conduct applies to all school-sponsored activities that are neither part of an academic class nor otherwise carry credit or a grade. Sponsors shall create a roster of students who are members or participants in an extracurricular activity and maintain attendance records.

The goal of the extracurricular program is to provide opportunities for students to pursue interests and develop life skills beyond the classroom. An additional goal of the athletic program is to develop the physical skills of student athletes, which will allow them to compete to the best of their ability within the School Board policies and the by-laws of any association of which the school is a member.

Members must conduct themselves at all times, including after school and on days school is not in session, as good citizens and exemplars of their school - they must behave in ways that are consistent with good sportsmanship, leadership, and appropriate moral conduct. They are expected to demonstrate good citizenship and exemplary conduct in the classroom, in the community, and during all facets of the activity.

The Code of Conduct below describes the expectations and goals of the extracurricular and athletic programs. This Code does not contain a complete list of inappropriate behaviors for students in extracurricular activities and athletics. This Code of Conduct will be enforced 365 days a year, 24 hours a day. A student may be excluded from activities or competition while the school is conducting an investigation regarding that student's conduct.

Students and their parents/guardians are encouraged to seek assistance from the student assistance program regarding alcohol or other drug problems. Family-referrals or self-referrals will be taken into consideration in determining consequences for Code of Conduct violations.

#### Code of Conduct

A student participating in an activity or athletic program will be subject to disciplinary action if he or she violates this Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities. Violations will be treated cumulatively, with disciplinary penalties increasing with subsequent violations.

#### The student shall not:

- 1. Violate the District's policies or procedures on student behavior;
- 2. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute a beverage containing alcohol (except for religious purposes);
- 3. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute tobacco or nicotine materials in any form, including without limitation, electronic cigarettes;
- 4. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute cannabis in any form, unless exempted under *Ashley's Law*.
- 5. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any illegal substance (including mood-altering and performance enhancing drugs or chemicals) or paraphernalia;
- 6. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any object that is or could be considered a weapon or any item that is a *look-alike* weapon. This prohibition does not prohibit legal use of

weapons in cooking and in sports, such as archery, martial arts practice, target shooting, hunting, and skeet;

- 7. Attend a party or other gathering and/or ride in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors;
- 8. Act in an unsportsmanlike manner;
- 9. Vandalize or steal;
- 10. Haze or bully other students;
- 11. Violate the written rules for the activity or sport;
- 12. Behave in a manner that is detrimental to the good of the group or school;
- 13. Be insubordinate or disrespectful toward the activity's sponsors or team's coaching staff;
- 14. Falsify any information contained on any permit or permission form required by the activity or sport.

Hazing and bullying activities are strictly forbidden at any time and in any location. *Hazing* is any humiliating or dangerous activity expected of a student to belong to a team or group, regardless of his or her willingness to participate. (Adapted from the definition of *hazing* adopted by the National Federation of State High School Associations.) *Bullying* includes cyberbullying and means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or electronically, directed toward a student or students that has or can be reasonably predicted to place a student in reasonable fear of harm; cause a substantially detrimental effect on a student's physical or mental health; substantially interfere with a student's academic performance; or substantially interfere with a student's ability to participate in or benefit from school services, activities, or privileges. (Adapted from the definition of *bullying* included in the Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.*)

#### Due Process Procedures

Students who are accused of violating the Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities are entitled to the following due process:

- 1. The student shall be advised of the disciplinary infraction with which he or she is being charged.
- 2. The student shall be entitled to a hearing before an appropriate administrator.
- 3. The student will be able to respond to any charges leveled against him or her.
- 4. The student may provide any additional information he or she wishes for the administrator to consider.
- 5. The administrator, with the help of other staff members if needed, may interview material witnesses or others with evidence concerning the case.
- 6. If the administrator finds, after reviewing the evidence, that the violation occurred, he or she will impose sanctions on the student, as follows:
  - a. Sanctions for violations other than drug and alcohol will be based on the nature of the offense and the number of offenses, and may include suspension from all activities or sports for one of the time periods described below:
    - A specified period of time or percentage of events, competitions, or practices
    - The remainder of the season or for the next season

- The remainder of the student's high school career
- b. Sanctions for drug and alcohol violations will be based on the following:

#### First violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of one third
  of the total number of performances, activities, or competitions or the remainder of
  the season, whichever is shorter. This penalty will be reduced if the student
  successfully completes a school-approved chemical awareness program.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one sixth of the total number of performances, activities or competitions, or the remainder of the season, whichever is shorter.
- The student will be required to practice with the group, regardless of the violation (unless suspended or expelled from school).

#### Second violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of 12 weeks
  or one season, including suspension from all performances, activities, or competitions
  during this period. To participate again in any activities, the student must
  successfully participate in and complete a school-approved alcohol and other drug
  abuse assessment and follow all recommendations from that assessment.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one third of the season and all extracurricular group performances, activities, or competitions during this period.
- The student may be required to practice with the group (unless suspended or expelled from school).

#### Third violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension from extracurricular activities for the remainder of the student's high school career.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcohol, cannabis, and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors: A suspension of one calendar year from the date of the suspension, including all extracurricular activities during this period.
- 7. The administrator will make a written report of his or her decision and rationale. The student may appeal the decision to the Building Principal.

All students remain subject to the Board's student behavior policy and/or the school's student handbook and the disciplinary measures listed in them.

June 2019 7:240-AP2

## **Students**

#### Administrative Procedure - Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

#### **Testing Procedures**

- 1. The Building Principal or designee shall, from time-to-time throughout the school year, randomly select extracurricular participants for drug and alcohol testing. Testing may occur on any day, Monday through Saturday. Names will be drawn from a pool of all student participants. Each student participant may be tested at any time during the year.
- 2. No student will be given advance notice or early warning of the testing.
- 3. Drug and/or alcohol testing may be performed by breath alcohol testing and/or urinalysis. Upon being selected for breath alcohol testing, a student must provide an adequate amount of breath so that the measuring device can measure any alcohol concentration in the breath. Upon being selected for a urinalysis test, the student shall provide a sample of "fresh" urine according to the quality control standards and policy of the laboratory conducting the urinalysis.
- 4. A staff member will accompany the student until he or she produces an adequate urine specimen. If unable to produce a specimen, the student will be given up to 24 ounces of fluid. If unable to produce a specimen within two hours, the student will be taken to the Building Principal's office and told he or she is ineligible for participation in any extracurricular activity. In addition, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) will be telephoned and informed the student is unable to produce a sample for the testing procedure and he or she must be tested at a later date in order to be eligible.
- 5. All specimens registering below 90.5 degrees or above 99.8 degrees Fahrenheit will be invalid. The head strip on each specimen bottle indicates the validity of the urine specimen by temperature. If a specimen is invalid, the student must provide another specimen.
- 6. A student will be ineligible for all extracurricular activities for the remainder of the school year if he or she tampers with or cheats during the collection. This will be reported to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 7. Immediately after the specimen is taken, the student may return to class with an admit slip or pass with the time he or she left the collection site.
- 8. Each specimen is given to the laboratory for testing for alcohol, controlled substances (that may include all drugs listed as controlled substances under Illinois law), and "performance enhancing" drugs, such as steroids.

#### Chain of Custody

- 1. The laboratory will provide training and direction to appropriate staff members, set up the collection environment, guarantee specimens, and supervise the chain of custody. To maintain anonymity, the student will be assigned a number.
- 2. The Building Principal or designee will escort students to the collection site. No student is allowed to go to his or her locker before being escorted to the collection site. The Building Principal or designee should minimize classroom interruptions. Student participants may be summoned after school, perhaps during practice time.

- 3. Before a student's urine is tested by the laboratory, he or she must sign any form that may be required by the testing laboratory. If a student chooses, he or she may notify the administrator that he or she is taking a prescription medication.
- 4. A sanitized kit containing a specimen bottle will be given to each student. The bottle will remain in the student's possession until a seal is placed upon the bottle and the student signs that the specimen is sealed. The seal may be broken only by the lab testing the specimen.
- 5. If the seal is tampered with or broken, after leaving the student's possession and prior to arriving at the lab, the specimen is invalid. The student will remain eligible for extracurricular activities subsequent to a retest.
- 6. The supervisor obtaining the urine specimen will be of the same gender as the student. Students will be instructed to remove all outerwear and wash their hands in the presence of the supervisor before entering the restroom stall. The stall door will be closed while the student provides a urine specimen. The supervisor will wait outside the restroom stall. The student will have two minutes to produce a urine specimen. The commode will contain a blue dye so the water cannot be used to dilute the sample. The faucets in the restrooms will be shut off.
- 7. After it is sealed, the specimen will be transported to the testing laboratory by laboratory personnel. The testing laboratory will report the results to the Building Principal or designee.
- 8. In order to maintain confidentiality, the student's name will not be on the urine specimen container. Instead, the student's random identification number will appear on the container.

#### **Test Results**

- 1. The Building Principal or designee will be notified of a student testing "positive" (i.e., if the test shows that drug residues are in the student's system after using at least two different types of analyses). The Building Principal or designee will notify the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s). The student or his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) may submit any documented prescription or explanation of a "positive" test result.
- 2. In addition, the student or parent(s)/guardian(s) may request that the urine specimen be tested again by a certified laboratory at their cost.
- 3. If the test is verified "positive," the Building Principal or designee will meet with the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s). The student and parent(s)/guardian(s) will be given the names of counseling and assistance agencies. The student may not participate in extracurricular activities until a "follow-up" test is requested by the Building Principal or designee and the results are "negative."
- 4. A "follow up" test will be requested by the Building Principal or designee after such an interval of time that the substance previously found would normally be eliminated from the body. If this "follow up" test is negative, the student will be allowed to resume extracurricular activities. If a "positive" result is obtained from the "follow up" test, or any later test, the previous procedure shall be repeated. In addition, the School District reserves the right to continue testing at any time during the remaining school year any participating student who had a verified "positive" test.
- 5. Information on a verified "positive" test result will be shared on a need-to-know basis with the student's coach or sponsor. The results of "negative" tests will be kept confidential.
- 6. Drug testing result sheets will be returned to the Building Principal or designee identifying students by number and not by name. Names will not be kept in open files or on any computer.

Result sheets will be locked and secured in a location to which only the Building Principal or designee has access.

#### Financial Responsibility

- 1. Under this policy, the District will pay for all initial random drug tests and all initial "follow up" drug tests. Once a student has a verified "positive" test result and has subsequently tested negative from a "follow up" test, any future "follow up" drug test that must be conducted will be paid for by the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 2. A request for another test of a "positive" urine specimen is the financial responsibility of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 3. Counseling and subsequent treatment by non-school agencies is the financial responsibility of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).

#### Confidentiality

Under this drug and alcohol testing program, no staff, coach, or sponsor shall divulge any information to anyone about a particular student or disposition of the student involved, other than in response to a legal subpoena.

#### Other Rules

Apart from this drug and alcohol testing program, the Ill. High School Association as well as each activity's coaching staff or sponsor may have their own training rules and requirements. Coaches and sponsors have the necessary authority to enforce those rules. Any student-participant who violates a team or activity rule or requirement is subject to the consequences as defined in those rules and requirements.

February 2016 7:240-AP2, E1

## **Students**

**Exhibit - Consent to Participate in Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program** 

# To be returned to the Building Principal. Please print.

Student	School year
To be read and signed by the student-partici	pant and his/her parent(s)/guardian(s):
Testing Program. We voluntarily agree that outhigh school career (grades 9-12). We accept the	estand, the District Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol r child shall be subject to its terms for his or her entire e method of obtaining breath and urine specimens, the l other aspects of the program. The student-participant ens upon request.
•	of the sampling, testing, and results as provided in this State and federal privacy statutes, and it is a waiver of sclosures required in the program.
We understand that there is more information a www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsMedicine/Resowww.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/Performation	<u>C</u>
Parent/Guardian	Date
Parent/Guardian signature	Student signature
To be read and signed by student who is not	participating:
	urricular activities sponsored by the School District for for me to participate in the extracurricular activity submit to a urinalysis.
Student signature	Date

October 2017 7:250

## **Students**

#### **Student Support Services**

The following student support services may be provided by the School District:

- 1. Health services supervised by a qualified school nurse. The Superintendent or designee may implement procedures to further a healthy school environment and prevent or reduce the spread of disease.
- 2. Educational and psychological testing services and the services of a school psychologist as needed. In all cases, written permission to administer a psychological examination must be obtained from a student's parent(s)/guardian(s). The results will be given to the parent(s)/guardian(s), with interpretation, as well as to the appropriate professional staff.
- 3. The services of a school social worker. A student's parent/guardian must consent to regular or continuing services from a social worker.
- 4. Guidance and school counseling services.
- 5. A liaison to facilitate the enrollment and transfer of records of students in the legal custody of the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services when enrolling in or changing schools.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health problems that impact learning ability. The District, however, assumes no liability for preventing, identifying, or treating such problems.

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and federal laws, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

LEGAL REF.: 405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act of 2003.

740 ILCS 110/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.58.

CROSS REF.: 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:270 (Guidance and

Counseling Program), 7:100 (Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations;

Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students), 7:280 (Communicable and Chronic

Infectious Diseases), 7:340 (Student Records)

June 2019 7:250-AP1

## **Students**

## Administrative Procedure - Measures to Control the Spread of Head Lice at School

Actor	Action
School Nurse	Involves parent organization in the development and implementation of programs regarding prevention and treatment.  Provides information regarding control to staff, students, and parents/guardians. Information provided to parents/guardians may include that set forth in row 2, below.
	Provides information material and/or in-service to school personnel on:  1. Confidentiality requirements  2. Identification  3. Preventing transmission in classrooms  4. Precautions against self-contamination and cross-contamination, e.g., a. Carpets should be vacuumed frequently b. Cloth-covered stuffed animals, sleeping mats, pillows, sofas, and other stuffed furniture should be discouraged  5. Treatment and resources for treatment 6. Readmission requirements 7. Respect for sensitivity of students and parents/guardians regarding this condition
Parent/Guardian	<ul> <li>Assists in preventing and managing head lice outbreaks by regularly checking their children's hair and providing immediate treatment if lice are detected.</li> <li>Check your child's hair and scalp regularly for eggs.</li> <li>Do not allow your child to use other children's combs, brushes, hats, etc.</li> <li>If you find your child does have head lice and you decide to keep him or her out of school, please follow the school's student absence procedures.</li> <li>Follow your family's chosen protocol for treatment of the entire family. Both over-the-counter and prescription medications are available for treatment of lice.</li> <li>Hats, combs, brushes, and bed linens should be cleaned thoroughly. After the medicated shampoo, you can loosen the eggs with scalp rinses of vinegar, and then slide the eggs off the hair shaft with tweezers, a special fine tooth comb, or your fingernails.</li> </ul>
	Review information from the Center for Disease Control (CDC) about Prevention and Control at: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/prevent.html">www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/prevent.html</a> and Treatment FAQ at <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/gen_info/faqs_treat.html">www.cdc.gov/parasites/lice/head/gen_info/faqs_treat.html</a> .
Staff	To prevent the spread of head lice infestations, report all suspected cases of head lice to the school nurse or designee as soon as possible.
School Nurse	Inspects the head of any student reasonably suspected of having head lice as soon as possible.  Checks the siblings of any student with head lice and notifies other schools

Actor	Action
	where siblings attend.
	Checks any of the student's contacts for the presence of lice.
	Provides the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) with information regarding head lice treatment.
	If more than one student is affected in any class, determines whether to examine all students in the class and/or provides information about head lice to all parents/guardians of students in the class.
Building Principal	If eggs (nits) or lice are found, determines whether to exclude the student from attendance or limit the student's head to head contact in the school building (especially in lower grades). Contacts the Board Attorney before beginning the process to exclude any student.
	Informs the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) about recommended treatment procedures and sources of further information.
Staff	Maintains the privacy of students identified as having head lice and excluded from attendance.
Parent/Guardian	Brings a note to school verifying treatment.
School Nurse	Examines any excluded student and verifies to the Building Principal that all eggs (nits) and lice are gone so that the student may return.
	<b>Note</b> : Delete this row and/or the re-inspection (nit-free) requirement if the administration determines the requirement is (a) unnecessary to successfully manage head lice and/or (b) results in unnecessary absences. Many nit-free requirements may unnecessarily exclude students from school. School nurses should discuss the following pros and cons of <i>No Nit Policies</i> with their Building Principals and/or Superintendents:
	Pros: A nit-free requirement simply eliminates any subjective call for school personnel as to whether the nit is dead or alive. The National Pediculosis Association recommends the <i>No Nit Policy</i> as the public health standard intended to keep children lice free, nit free, and in school, <a href="https://www.headlice.org/downloads/nonitpolicy.htm">www.headlice.org/downloads/nonitpolicy.htm</a> .
	Cons: The National Association of School Nurses takes the position that the management of head lice should not disrupt the educational process. No disease is associated with head lice, and in-school transmission is considered to be rare. Further, when transmission occurs, it is generally found among younger-age children with increased head-to-head contact: <a href="https://www.nasn.org/nasn/advocacy/professional-practice-documents/position-statements/ps-head-lice">www.nasn.org/nasn/advocacy/professional-practice-documents/position-statements/ps-head-lice</a> .
Building Principal	Notifies parent(s)/guardian(s) whose excluded student has not returned to school within five days of the following:  School attendance laws  Action that may be taken if absence continues  Resources for treatment information

7:250-AP2

## **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs</u>

#### Student Support Committee

Each Building Principal shall annually appoint a building-level Student Support Committee that shall have the tasks described in this Administrative Procedure. Committee members must be school staff members who are qualified by professional licensing or experience to address issues concerning students who may have social, emotional, or mental health needs. As needed on a case-by-case basis, the Student Support Committee may request the involvement of the Building Principal, relevant teachers, and the parents/guardians. Records produced and shared among Committee members may be subject to laws governing student records. Confidential information given by a student to a therapist is governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/.

#### Children's Mental Health Partnership's Plan and Annual Progress Reports

The Illinois Children's Mental Health Partnership (ICMHP) monitors the implementation of its statewide Children's Mental Health Plan (CMH Plan). The CMH Plan is a statewide strategic blueprint or *roadmap* to promote and improve the children's mental health system and covers a range of recommendations and strategies necessary to reforming the children's mental health system in Illinois. Every year, the ICMHP must submit an annual progress report to the Governor for approval. The Student Support Committee will monitor the annual CMH Plan. See <a href="icmhp.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/ICMHP CMH-Strategic Plan.pdf">icmhp.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/ICMHP CMH-Strategic Plan.pdf</a>. The CMH Plan is now updated at: <a href="www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=68168">www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=68168</a>. After reviewing both websites, the Student Support Committee will decide how to implement its recommendations and strategies as appropriate within the resources available in the District.

#### **Referrals**

Staff members should refer a student suspected of having social, emotional, or mental health needs to the building-level Student Support Committee. The Student Support Committee will review information about a referred student, including prior interventions, and suggest appropriate steps for referral and follow-up. The Student Support Committee may offer strategies to a referred student's classroom teachers and parents/guardians about ways they can manage, address, and/or enhance the student's social and emotional development and mental health. In addition, the Student Support Committee may recommend coordinated educational, social work, school counseling, student assistance services, and/or a case study evaluation, as well as referrals to outside agencies.

Referrals under this procedure are unrelated to the special education evaluation process and do not trigger the District's timeline for evaluations. However, the use of these procedures shall not circumvent the special education process. See Administrative Procedure 6:120-AP1, Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities.

#### School Counseling, School Social Work, School Psychological, and School Nursing Services

The Student Support Committee may request school counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses to provide support and consultation to teachers and school staff

about strategies to promote the social and emotional development and mental health of all students. They may also be requested to provide screening and early detection approaches to identify students with social, emotional, and mental health needs.

School counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and school nurses will inform parents/guardians of all issues that pose a health and/or safety risk; they will inform the Building Principal of any health or safety risks that are present in the school.

#### Psycho-Educational Groups

As appropriate, the Student Support Committee may recommend that a student participate in a variety of psycho-educational groups. These groups are typically led by school counselors, social workers, or psychologists, but are not structured as therapeutic services. Groups are designed to help students better understand issues and develop strategies to manage issues of concern to them that may, if not addressed, interfere significantly with the students' educational progress or school adjustment. Groups have a written curriculum that guides discussion over a set period of time, generally five weeks. A student may participate in a group without parent/guardian permission for one such time period; subsequent enrollment in the same group requires parent/guardian permission.

Students in a group who present significant concern and for whom therapeutic services must be considered will be referred to the social workers, psychologists, or school counselors for individual consultation. (See above description of these services.)

#### School and Community Linkages

When possible, the Student Support Committee shall seek to establish linkages and partnerships with diverse community organizations with the goal of providing a coordinated, collaborative early intervention social and emotional development and mental health support system for students that is integrated with community mental health agencies and organizations and other child-serving agencies and systems.

LEGAL REF.: 405 ILCS 49/, Children's Mental Health Act of 2003.

October 2017 7:260

## **Students**

#### **Exemption from Physical Education**

In order to be excused from participation in physical education, a student must present an appropriate excuse from his or her parent/guardian or from a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act. The excuse may be based on medical or religious prohibitions. An excuse because of medical reasons must include a signed statement from a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act that corroborates the medical reason for the request. An excuse based on religious reasons must include a signed statement from a member of the clergy that corroborates the religious reason for the request.

Special activities in physical education will be provided for a student whose physical or emotional condition, as determined by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act, prevents his or her participation in the physical education course.

State law prohibits the Board from honoring parental excuses based upon a student's participation in athletic training, activities, or competitions conducted outside the auspices of the School District.

A student who is eligible for special education may be excused from physical education courses in either of the following situations:

- 1. He or she (a) is in grades 3-12, (b) his or her IEP requires that special education support and services be provided during physical education time, and (c) the parent/guardian agrees or the IEP team makes the determination; or
- 2. He or she (a) has an IEP, (b) is participating in an adaptive athletic program outside of the school setting, and (c) the parent/guardian documents the student's participation as required by the Superintendent or designee.

A student requiring adapted physical education must receive that service in accordance with his or her Individualized Educational Program/Plan (IEP).

A student in grades 9-12, unless otherwise stated, may submit a written request to the Building Principal to be excused from physical education courses for the reasons stated in 6:310, *High School Credit for Non-District Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students*.

Students in grades 7 and 8 may submit a written request to the Building Principal to be excused from physical education courses because of his or her ongoing participation in an interscholastic or extracurricular athletic program. The Building Principal will evaluate requests on a case-by-case basis.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain records showing that the criteria set forth in this policy were applied to the student's individual circumstances, as appropriate.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/27-6.

225 ILCS 60/, Medical Practice Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.420(p) and §1.425(d), (e), (f).

CROSS REF.: 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:310 (High School Credit for Non-District

Experiences; Course Substitutions; Re-Entering Students)

October 2019 7:270

## **Students**

#### **Administering Medicines to Students**

Students should not take medication during school hours or during school-related activities unless it is necessary for a student's health and well-being. When a student's licensed health care provider and parent/guardian believe that it is necessary for the student to take a medication during school hours or school-related activities, the parent/guardian must request that the school dispense the medication to the child and otherwise follow the District's procedures on dispensing medication.

No School District employee shall administer to any student, or supervise a student's self-administration of, any prescription or non-prescription medication until a completed and signed *School Medication Authorization Form (SMA Form)* is submitted by the student's parent/guardian.

No student shall possess or consume any prescription or non-prescription medication on school grounds or at a school-related function other than as provided for in this policy and its implementing procedures.

Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any school employee from providing emergency assistance to students, including administering medication.

The Building Principal shall include this policy in the Student Handbook and shall provide a copy to the parents/guardians of students.

#### Self-Administration of Medication

A student may possess and self-administer an epinephrine injector, e.g., EpiPen®, and/or asthma medication prescribed for use at the student's discretion, provided the student's parent/guardian has completed and signed an *SMA Form*. The Superintendent or designee will ensure an Emergency Action Plan is developed for each self-administering student.

A student may self-administer medication required under a *qualifying plan*, provided the student's parent/guardian has completed and signed an *SMA Form*. A qualifying plan means: (1) an asthma action plan, (2) an Individual Health Care Action Plan, (3) an Ill. Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, (4) a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or (5) a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

The District shall incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-administration of medication, including asthma medication or epinephrine injectors, or medication required under a qualifying plan. A student's parent/guardian must indemnify and hold harmless the District and its employees and agents, against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of a student's self-administration of an epinephrine injector, asthma medication, and/or a medication required under a qualifying plan.

#### School District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated asthma medication in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. *Undesignated asthma medication* means an asthma medication prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated asthma medication to a person when they, in

good faith, believe a person is having *respiratory distress*. Respiratory distress may be characterized as *mild-to-moderate* or *severe*. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.

#### School District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Injectors

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated epinephrine injectors in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. *Undesignated epinephrine injector* means an epinephrine injector prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated epinephrine injector to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having an anaphylactic reaction. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.

#### School District Supply of Undesignated Opioid Antagonists

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f) and maintain a supply of undesignated opioid antagonists in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. *Opioid antagonist* means a drug that binds to opioid receptors and blocks or inhibits the effect of opioids acting on those receptors, including, but not limited to, naloxone hydrochloride or any other similarly acting drug approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. *Undesignated opioid antagonist* is not defined by the School Code; for purposes of this policy it means an opioid antagonist prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated opioid antagonist to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having an opioid overdose. Each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse shall maintain the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law. See the website for the Ill. Dept. of Human Services for information about opioid prevention, abuse, public awareness, and a toll-free number to provide information and referral services for persons with questions concerning substance abuse treatment.

#### School District Supply of Undesignated Glucagon

The Superintendent or designee shall implement 105 ILCS 145/27 and maintain a supply of undesignated glucagon in the name of the District in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

When a student's prescribed glucagon is not available or has expired, a school nurse or delegated care aide may administer undesignated glucagon only if he or she is authorized to do so by a student's diabetes care plan.

#### Administration of Medical Cannabis

The Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act allows a *medical cannabis infused product* to be administered to a student by one or more of the following individuals:

1. A parent/guardian of a student who is a minor who registers with the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH) as a *designated caregiver* to administer medical cannabis to their child. A designated caregiver may also be another individual other than the student's parent/guardian. Any designated caregiver must be at least 21 years old and is allowed to administer a *medical* 

cannabis infused product to a child who is a student on the premises of his or her school or on his or her school bus if:

- a. Both the student and the designated caregiver possess valid registry identification cards issued by IDPH;
- b. Copies of the registry identification cards are provided to the District;
- c. That student's parent/guardian completed, signed, and submitted a *School Medication Authorization Form Medical Cannabis*; and
- d. After administering the product to the student, the designated caregiver immediately removes it from school premises or the school bus.
- 2. A properly trained school nurse or administrator, who shall be allowed to administer the *medical cannabis infused product* to the student on the premises of the child's school, at a school-sponsored activity, or before/after normal school activities, including while the student is in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property or while being transported on a school bus.
- 3. The student him or herself when the self-administration takes place under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator.

Medical cannabis infused product (product) includes oils, ointments, foods, and other products that contain usable cannabis but are not smoked or vaped. Smoking and/or vaping medical cannabis is prohibited.

The product may not be administered in a manner that, in the opinion of the District or school, would create a disruption to the educational environment or cause exposure of the product to other students. A school employee shall not be required to administer the product.

Discipline of a student for being administered a product by a designated caregiver, or by a school nurse or administrator, or who self-administers a product under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator pursuant to this policy is prohibited. The District may not deny a student attendance at a school solely because he or she requires administration of the product during school hours.

#### Void Policy

The School District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for undesignated asthma medication from a physician or advanced practice nurse licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school asthma medication.

The **School District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Injectors** section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for undesignated epinephrine injectors from a physician or advanced practice nurse licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school epinephrine injectors.

The School District Supply of Undesignated Opioid Antagonists section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for opioid antagonists from a health care professional who has been delegated prescriptive authority for opioid antagonists in accordance with Section 5-23 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school opioid antagonists.

The **School District Supply of Undesignated Glucagon** section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for glucagon from a qualifying prescriber, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school glucagon.

The **Administration of Medical Cannabis** section of the policy is void and the District reserves the right not to implement it if the District or school is in danger of losing federal funding.

#### Administration of Undesignated Medication

Upon any administration of an undesignated medication permitted by State law, the Superintendent or designee(s) must ensure all notifications required by State law and administrative procedures occur.

#### **Undesignated Medication Disclaimers**

Upon implementation of this policy, the protections from liability and hold harmless provisions applicable under State law apply.

No one, including without limitation, parents/guardians of students, should rely on the District for the availability of undesignated medication. This policy does not guarantee the availability of undesignated medications. Students and their parents/guardians should consult their own physician regarding these medication(s).

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, 5/22-30, and 5/22-33.

105 ILCS 145/, Care of Students with Diabetes Act.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, and

scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2020.

720 ILCS 550/, Cannabis Control Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540.

CROSS REF.: 7:285 (Food Allergy Management)

ADMIN. PROC.: 7:270-AP1 (Dispensing Medication), 7:270-AP2 (Checklist for District Supply of

Undesignated Asthma Medication, Epinephrine Injectors, Opioid Antagonists, and/or Glucagon), 7:270-E1 (School Medication Authorization Form), 7:270-E2

(School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis)

October 2019 7:270-AP1

# **Students**

## **Administrative Procedure - Dispensing Medication**

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	Ask the child's physician, dentist, or other health care provider who has authority to prescribe medications if a medication, either prescription or non-prescription, must be administered during the school day. <i>Medication</i> includes an epinephrine injector, e.g., <i>EpiPen</i> ®, asthma medication (105 ILCS 5/22-30(a), amended by P.A.s 100-201, 100-513, and 100-726), medical cannabis (105 ILCS 5/22-33(g), added by P.A. 100-660), glucagon (105 ILCS 14/27, added by P.A. 101-428), and any medication required under a plan listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(c), added by P.A. 101-205, for a student's self-administration of medication.
	<b>For a student using medical cannabis</b> : The parent/guardian is responsible for providing the school with copies of the valid registry identification cards issued to their child and the child's designated caregiver as required by the Ill. Dept. of Public Health. The student's parent/guardian must also ask the student's health care provider to complete a <i>School Medication Authorization Form – Medical Cannabis</i> . 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20.
	The designated caregiver shall be allowed to administer a <i>medical cannabis infused product</i> (product) to the student on the premises of the child's school or on the child's school bus. The product must be immediately removed from school premises or the school bus after administration. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b), added by P.A. 100-660 and amended by P.A.s 101-363 and 101-370, eff. 1-1-20.
	<b>Note:</b> State law does not require school personnel to administer medical cannabis to students. The school nurse or an administrator is allowed to administer a product to the student on the premises of the child's school, at a school-sponsored activity, or before/after normal school activities, including while the student attends before-school or after-school care on school-operated property or while being transported on a school bus. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20. The District may also allow a qualifying student to self-administer product if the self-administration takes place under the direct supervision of a school nurse or administrator. <u>Id</u> .
	A product administered by a school nurse or administrator, or self-administered under the supervision of a school nurse or administrator, must be stored at school with the school nurse at all times in a manner consistent with storage of other student medication at the school and may be accessible only by the school nurse or an administrator. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-10), added by P.A.

Actor	Action
	101-370, eff. 1-1-20.
	For a student with diabetes: The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the health care provider's instructions. When the student is at school, the student's diabetes will be managed according to a diabetes care plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the diabetes care plan and this Procedure, the diabetes care plan shall control. See Care of Students with Diabetes Act, 105 ILCS 145/. Last, the Public Self-Care of Diabetes Act allows a person with diabetes (or a parent/guardian of a person with diabetes) to self-administer insulin (or administer insulin) in any location, public or private, where the person is authorized to be irrespective of whether the injection site is uncovered during or incidental to the administration of insulin (410 ILCS 135/).
	<b>For a student with epilepsy:</b> The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the health care provider's instructions. When the student is at school, the student's epilepsy will be managed according to a seizure action plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the seizure action plan and this Procedure, the seizure action plan shall control. See Seizure Smart School Act, 105 ILCS 150/, added by P.A. 101-50, eff. 7-1-20.
	<b>For a student with asthma</b> : The parent/guardian is responsible for sharing the student's asthma action plan. When the student is at school, the student's asthma will be managed according to an asthma action plan, if one exists. To the extent there is any conflict between the student's asthma action plan and this Procedure, the asthma action plan shall control. See 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5). Asthma emergencies shall be managed pursuant to the District's asthma emergency response protocol. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-10).
	<b>Note</b> : The Ill. State Board of Education's model asthma episode emergency response protocol required by 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-10), that must be incorporated in the District's procedure is available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/asthma_response_protocol.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/asthma_response_protocol.pdf</a> .
	When developing the District's model protocol, consider that a district may be liable for injury to an asthmatic student during a medical emergency if the district does not respond by immediately calling 911. See In re Estate of Stewart, 406 Ill.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016); In re Estate of Stewart, 412 Ill.Dec. 914 (Ill. 2017)(school district's appeal denied). Consult the board attorney about: (1) whether all asthma action plans should require immediate 911 calls based upon Stewart; and (2) the duties and responsibilities of a district when it asks for, but does not receive, an asthma action plan from a parent/guardian and the logistics of distributing any received plans to those employees who need to know based upon Stewart.
	A student with asthma is allowed to self-administer and self-carry

Actor	Action
	asthma medication if the student's parents/guardians provides the school with: (1) written authorization for the self-administration and/or self-care of asthma medication; and (2) the prescription label containing the name of the asthma medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the asthma medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b), amended by P.A. 100-513.
	For a student self-administering medication: A student with an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act is allowed to self-administer medication if the student's parent/guardian provides the school with: (1) written permission for the student's self-administration of medication; (2) written authorization from the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse for the student to self-administer the medication; and (3) the prescription label containing the name of the medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time(s) or circumstances under with the medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.1b(c), added by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20.
	If the child's physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or other health care provider who has authority to prescribe medications authorizes a child to self-administer medication, then ask the health care provider to complete a School Medicine Authorization Form (SMA Form). This form must be completed and given to the school before the school will store or dispense any medication, before a child may possess asthma medication or an epinephrine injector, and before a child will be allowed to self-administer any medication.
	If a student is on a medication on an indefinite or long-term basis, file a new <i>SMA Form</i> every year.
	Bring the medication to the school office. If the medicine is for asthma or is an epinephrine injector, a student may keep possession of it for immediate use at the student's discretion: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(e).
	Bring other prescription medications to the school in the original package or appropriately labeled container. The container shall display:  Student's name Prescription number Medication name and dosage Administration route and/or other direction Date(s) and Time(s) to be taken

Actor	Action
	Licensed prescriber's name Pharmacy name, address, and phone number
	Bring non-prescription medications to school in the manufacturer's original container with the label indicating the ingredients and the student's name affixed.
	At the end of the treatment regime, remove any unused medication from the school.
School Office Personnel	Provide a copy of these procedures, as well as a SMA Form, to inquiring parents/guardians.
	If the building has no school nurse and a student is identified as having asthma, request the student's parent/guardian to share their child's asthma action plan. If the plan is provided, keep it on file in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's or designee's office. Tell the school nurse or Building Principal or designee of the receipt of the plan as soon as possible so that he/she may provide copies of it to appropriate school staff interacting with the student on a regular basis and, if applicable, attach it to the student's Section 504 plan or Individualized Education Program (IEP). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5).
	Whenever a parent/guardian brings medication for a student to the office, summon the school nurse.
	If the school nurse is unavailable, accept the medication, provided the parent/guardian submits a completed SMA Form and the medication is packaged in the appropriate container.
	Put the medication in the appropriate locked drawer or cabinet. Tell the school nurse about the medication as soon as possible.
School Nurse (certificated school nurse or non-	Ensure that a parent/guardian who brings medication for his or her child has complied with the parent/guardian's responsibilities as described in this administrative procedure.
certificated registered professional nurse)	If a student is identified as having asthma, request the student's parent/guardian to share their child's asthma action plan. If the plan is provided, keep it on file in the school nurse office. Provide copies of it to appropriate school staff who interact with the student on a regular basis and, if applicable, attach it to the student's Section 504 plan or IEP. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-5).
	In conjunction with the licensed prescriber and parent/guardian, identify circumstances, if any, in which the student may self-administer the medication and/or carry the medication. A student will be permitted to self-administer medication in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/10-22.1b(c), added by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20. A student may be permitted to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20. A student will be permitted to carry and self-administer medication for asthma or an epinephrine injector.

Actor	Action
	Develop an emergency action plan for a student who self-administers medication in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(c), added by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20. The plan must include (105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(d), added by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20):
	A plan of action in the event a student is unable to self-administer medication, and
	2. The situations in which a school must call 911.
	Prior to administering a medical cannabis infused product in accordance with ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), added by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20, annually complete the medical cannabis infused product administration training curriculum developed by the III. State Board of Education. ILCS 5/22-33(f-5), added by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20.
	Store the medication in a locked drawer or cabinet. A student may keep possession of medication for asthma or an epinephrine injector.  Medications requiring refrigeration should be refrigerated in a secure area.
	Plan with the student the time(s) the student should come to the nurse's office to receive medications.
	Document each dose of the medication in the student's individual health record. Documentation shall include date, time, dosage, route, and the signature of the person administering the medication or supervising the student in self-administration.
	Assess effectiveness and side effects as required by the licensed prescriber. Provide written feedback to the licensed prescriber and the parent/guardian as requested by the licensed prescriber.
	Document whenever the medication is not administered as ordered along with the reasons.
	If the parent/guardian does not pick up the medication by the end of the school year, discard the medication in the presence of a witness.
Building Principal	Supervise the use of these procedures.
	Perform any duties described for school office personnel, as needed.
	Perform any duties described for school nurses, as needed, or delegate those duties to appropriate staff members. No staff member shall be required to administer medications to students, except school nurses, non-certificated and registered professional nurses, and administrators. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b(b), amended by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20.
	Make arrangements, in conjunction with the parent/guardian, supervising teachers, and/or bus drivers for the student to receive needed medication while on a field trip.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, 5/22-30, and 5/22-33.

105 ILCS 145/, Care of Students with Diabetes Act.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540.

In re Estate of Stewart, 406 Ill.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016). In re Estate of Stewart, 412 Ill.Dec. 914 (Ill. 2017).

October 2019 7:270-AP2

## **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Checklist for District Supply of Undesignated Asthma Medication, Epinephrine Injectors, Opioid Antagonists, and/or Glucagon</u>

The District maintains and administers the undesignated medication(s) identified below in accordance with State and federal law ( <i>check all that apply</i> ):	
UI U	ndesignated Glucagon (UG)
U	ndesignated Asthma Medication (UAM)
	ndesignated Epinephrine Injector(s) (UEIs)
	ndesignated Opioid Antagonist(s) (UOAs)
	The Superintendent, school nurse, and/or other necessary school officials should consult the Board Attorney to develop a plan to implement 105 ILCS 5/22-30 and 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428.
	Obtain a prescription to maintain a supply of one or all of the following: undesignated asthma medication (UAM), epinephrine injector(s) (UEIs), opioid antagonist(s) (UOAs), and/or undesignated glucagon (UG) in the District's name pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f), amended by P.A.s 100-513 and 100-726, and 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428.
	Designate a secure location(s) to store undesignated medication. For UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, this is where persons needing these medications are most at risk. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f)), amended by P.A.s 100-513 and 100-726. For UEIs, this includes but is not limited to, classrooms and lunchrooms. <u>Id</u> . For UAM, this includes but is not limited to, a classroom or the nurse's office. <u>Id</u> . For UG, this is where it is immediately accessible to a school nurse or delegated care aide. 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428.
	Develop a method for maintaining an inventory of UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and UG. The inventory should list the expiration dates of the UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and UG.
	Identify procedures for a log or other recordkeeping of provisions, or administrations of UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and UG.
	Maintain a list in each building administrator and/or his or her corresponding school nurse's office that includes the names of trained personnel who have received a statement of certification pursuant to State law.
	Develop procedures to implement the prescribed standing protocol for the provision, or administration of UAM, UEIs UOAs, and/or UG, including calling 911 and noting any instructions given by Emergency Management Services (EMS). 105 ILCS 5/22-30 and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540(d). Upon any administration of <i>any</i> epinephrine injector, or opioid antagonist, procedures must include:
	1. Immediate activation of the EMS system. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5), amended by P.A. 100-726, does not address contacting EMS upon the administration of <i>any</i> asthma medication (so asthma medication is excluded from introductory clause above).

This may mean that the Ill. General Assembly did not intend for school personnel to notify

EMS when administering a student's *prescribed* asthma medication (as opposed to UAM). However, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-15) (which requires school personnel who work with students to complete an in-person or online training program on the management of asthma, the prevention of asthma symptoms, and emergency response in the school setting every two years) requires asthma action plans. Some attorneys advise that all asthma action plans mandate an immediate 911 call based upon In re Estate of Stewart, 406 Ill.Dec. 345 (2nd Dist. 2016); In re Estate of Stewart, 412 Ill.Dec. 914 (Ill. 2017) (school district's appeal denied) (holding that a teacher's failure to dial 911 immediately upon a student's asthma attack was willful and wanton conduct, subjecting the school district to liability and barring immunity protections under the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act). Consult the Board attorney about whether to contact EMS when *any* asthma medication is administered.

2. Notification to the student's parent, guardian, or emergency contact, if known. <u>Id.</u> 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5), amended by P.A. 100-726, does not address contacting the student's parent, guardian, or emergency contact upon the administration of *any* asthma medication. See the discussion in number 1, above, about asthma action plans pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(j-15), and consult the Board attorney.

The following reports and/or notifications by the school nurse (unless otherwise specified) when a(n):

UEI was administered:		UOA was administered:		UAM was administered:		UG was administered:
assis prace nurs the sprote prese UEI hour 5/22 amer 100-b. Ill. S Educ with days 5/22 Noti on a prese will i.	sician, physician stant, or advance tice registered se who provided standing ocol or cription for the within 24 rs. 105 ILCS 2-30(f-10), nded by P.A. 2-513.  State Board of cation (ISBE) in three (3) s. 105 ILCS 2-30(i). If is a similar to the image of person receiving epinephrine (student, staff, visitor);	a.	The health care professional (20 ILCS 301/5-23(d)(4), amended by P.A. 100-201) who provided the prescription for the opioid antagonist within 24 hours. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10), amended by P.A. 100-513.  III. State Board of Education (ISBE) within three (3) days. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(i-5). Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form, and will include:  i. Age and type of person receiving the opioid antagonist (student, staff,	a. b.	Physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who provided the standing protocol and a prescription for the UAM within 24 hours. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10), amended by P.A. 100-726.  Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) within three (3) days. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(i-10), amended by P.A. 100-726.  Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form, and will include: i. Age and type of person	Immediately after administering UG to a student, notify the school nurse (if school nurse did not administer the UG to the student). The delegated care aide or school nurse then notifies the student's parent or guardian or emergency contact (if known) and health care provider of its use. 105 ILCS 145/47, added by P.A. 101-

UEI was administered:		UOA was administered: UAM was			UG was administered:	
ii.	Any previously known diagnosis of a severe allergy;	ii.	or visitor); Location where symptoms developed;		receiving asthma medication (student, staff,	428.
iii.	Trigger that precipitated allergic episode;	iii.	Type of person administering the opioid	ii.	visitor); Any previously known	
iv.	Location where symptoms developed;		antagonist (school nurse or trained		diagnosis of asthma;	
v.	Number of doses administered;	iv.	personnel); and Any other information required by	iii.	Trigger that precipitated respiratory distress, if	
vi.	Type of person administering epinephrine (school nurse, trained		ISBE on the form.	iv.	identifiable; Location where symptoms developed;	
vii.	personnel, student); and			v.	Number of doses administered;	
	information required by ISBE on the form.			vi.	Type of person administering the asthma medication (school nurse, trained personnel or student);	
				vii.	Outcome of the asthma medication administration; and	
				viii.	Any other information required by ISBE on the form.	

Determine how the District will identify the student populations whose parents/guardians:

1. Have not completed and signed an SMA Form, or

2.	Have not provided asthma medication, an epinephrine injector, opioid antagonist, and/or
	glucagon, as applicable to the student, for a student for use at school, even though they
	have completed the SMA Form.

Determine when the school nurse will provide or administer the UAM, UEIs, UOAs, and/or UG, as applicable, to students.

The school nurse or trained personnel may:

- 1. Provide an UAM or UEI, as applicable to the situation, that meets the prescription on file in the *SMA Form* to:
  - a. Any student for his or her self-administration only. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a), amended by P.A. 100-726; 105 ILCS 5/22-30 (b-10)(i), (ii), (v)(amended by P.A. 100-726), and (vi)(amended by P.A. 100-726)); 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20.
  - b. Any personnel authorized under a student's specific Individual Health Care Action Plan, Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, Section 504 plan, or individualized education program plan (IEP). 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10), amended by P.A. 100-726.
- 2. Administer an UEI to any student that the school nurse or *trained personnel* in good faith believes is having an anaphylactic reaction even though the parent/guardian has not completed and signed an *SMA Form* or otherwise granted permission to administer the epinephrine injector. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(iii). **Note:** *Trained personnel* are different than *any personnel authorized* in 1.b., above. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a). *Trained personnel* means any school employees or volunteer personnel who are (a) authorized in Sections 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and 10-22.34b of the School Code, (b) annually trained online or in person to recognize and respond to anaphylaxis, an opioid overdose, or respiratory distress through a training curriculum developed by the III. State Board of Education (ISBE), and (c) submitting proof to their school's administration that they have completed: (i) the annual training, and (ii) a cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and automated external defibrillator (AED) certification. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a) and (g), amended by P.A. 100-726; 23 III.Admin.Code §1.540(e). The law does not provide a deadline for ISBE to complete this training curriculum.
- 3. Administer an UOA to any student that the school nurse or *trained personnel* in good faith believes is having an opioid overdose even though the parent/guardian has not completed and signed an *SMA Form* or otherwise granted permission to administer the opioid antagonist. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(iv). **Note:** *Trained personnel* are different than *any personnel authorized*. See number 2, directly above. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(a), amended by P.A. 100-726. *Trained personnel* means any school employees or volunteer personnel who are (a) authorized in 105 ILCS 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and 10-22.34b, (b) annually trained online or in person to recognize and respond to opioid overdoses through a training curriculum developed by in compliance with the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, 20 ILCS 301/5-23, and (c) who have submitted proof to their school's administration that they have completed: (i) the annual training, and (ii) a cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and automated external defibrillator (AED) certification. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(g); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.540(e). The law does not provide a deadline for a training curriculum, but it did require ISBE to develop a heroin and opioid prevention pilot program by Jan. 1, 2017. 105 ILCS 5/22-80.
- 4. Administer UAM to any student that the school nurse or *trained personnel* in good faith believes is having respiratory distress even though the parent/guardian has not completed

and signed an *SMA Form* or otherwise granted permission to administer the asthma medication. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10)(vii), amended by P.A. 100-726. See numbers 2 and 3, directly above for discussions between *any personnel authorized* and *trained personnel*.

5. Administer UG, as applicable to the situation, for a student with a completed *SMA Form* granting permission for UG use that matches the prescription listed on the form and is also consistent with the student's diabetes care plan, if the student's prescribed glucagon is not available on-site or has expired.

Assess how to manage requests from parents/guardians who wish to *opt-out* of the UAM, UEIs, and/or OAs being available to their child.

The School Code does not provide a mechanism for a student or his or her parent/guardian to *opt-out* of the administration of the District's supply of UAM, UEIs, or UOAs when a nurse and/or trained personnel in good faith professionally believe a student is having an anaphylactic reaction or opioid overdose. While there may be religious, health, or other reasons that a student's parent/guardian may wish to *opt-out* of the administration of UAM, UEI, or UOA to their child, the law does not provide a way for parents/guardians to do so. Management of this issue should be discussed with the Board Attorney. For additional guidance on this issue, see Board policy 7:275, *Orders to Forgo Life-Sustaining Treatment*.

Determine how to notify all parents/guardians about how UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs may be provided or administered to students.

If the District maintains a supply of UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, it must notify parents/guardians of the protections from liability granted to it and the prescribing physician by 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c) and (c-5), amended by P.A. 100-726. There are two groups of parents/guardians that the District must notify: (1) parents/guardians of students who have previously signed a *SMA Form*, and (2) parents/guardians of all students.

For parents/guardians who have previously signed the *SMA Form*, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c), amended by P.A. 100-726,requires the District to provide additional notice that the physician(s)/individual(s) with prescriptive authority providing the standing protocol and prescription for the District's supply of UAM, UEIs, and UOAs are protected from liability, except for willful or wanton conduct arising from the use of UAM, UEI, or UOA regardless of whether authorization was given by the student, parent/guardian, or student's physician. Discuss with the Board Attorney whether to amend the District's form(s) to include this language.

For parents/guardians of all students, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c), requires parents/guardians to be informed that: (1) the District maintains a supply of UAM, UEIs, and/or UOAs, and (2) the District and the prescribing physician(s)/physician assistant(s)/advanced practice registered nurse(s) are protected from liability when the school nurse and/or trained personnel administer UAM, UEI, and/or UOA to any student when these individuals in good faith professionally believe that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction. There are several methods to inform parent/guardians of this information, e.g., receipt of handbook signature, or see Exhibit 7:270-E1, *School Medication Authorization Form*. Discuss with the Board Attorney the method that works best for the District.

October 2019 7:270-E1

## **Students**

## **Exhibit - School Medication Authorization Form**

*To be completed by the child's parent(s)/guardian(s).* 

This form is to be used for medication other than medical cannabis. (See 7:270-E2, School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis.) A new form must be completed every school year for each medication. Keep in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's office.

Student's Name:		Birth Date:			
Address:					
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:		Emergency Phone:		
School:					
To be completed by the advanced practice RN with		hysician as	sistant with prescript	tive authority, or	
Prescriber's Printed Name:					
Office Address:					
Office Phone:		Emergency	Phone:		
Medication name:					
Purpose:					
Dosage:		Frequency	i.		
Time medication is to be a	dministered or under wh	nat circumst	ances:		
Prescription date:	Order date:		Discontinuation da	ate:	
Diagnosis requiring medica	ation:				
Is it necessary for this med					
Expected side effects, if an	y:	-			
Time interval for re-evalua					
Other medications student	is receiving:				
Prescriber's Signature			Date		
For only Parent(s)/Guaiinjectors:	rdian(s) of students	requiring (	asthma inhalers and	d/or epinephrine	
Is the asthma inhaler and/ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amende			nder a qualifying plan	n pursuant to 105	
☐ Yes ☐ No					

Parent(s)/Guardian(s) please attach prescription label (asthma inhaler) and/or written statement (epinephrine injector) here:

For asthma inhalers, attach the prescription label with the name of the asthma medication, the prescribed dosage, and the time at which or circumstances under which the asthma medication is to be administered. 105 ILCS 5/22-30(b)(2)(i).
For an epinephrine injector, attach a written statement from the student's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse containing the name and purpose of the epinephrine, injector; the prescribed dosage; and the time or times at which or the special circumstances that the epinephrine injector should be administered. $105 \text{ ILCS } 5/22-30(b)(2)(ii)(A)-(C)$ .
For only parents/guardians of students who need to self-administer medication required under a qualifying plan:
grant permission for my child to self-administer his or her medication required under an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20.
Medication(s) other than asthma inhalers and/or epinephrine injectors (complete section above) required under a qualifying plan that student is permitted to self-administer:
Prescription date:Order date:Discontinuation date:
Diagnosis requiring medication:
s it necessary for this medication to be administered during the school day?    Yes    No

Expected side effects, if any:		
Time interval for re-evaluation:		
Other medications student is rece	iving:	
	Prescriber's Signature	Date
	nhaler or epinephrine injector, be also s el and/or written statement as required ab	*
Please initial to indicate (1) rece administer medication under a q	ipt of this information, and (2) authoriz	cation for your child to self-

Parent/Guardian Initials

# For only parents/guardians of students who need to carry and use their asthma medication or an epinephrine injector:

I authorize the School District and its employees and agents, to allow my child to self-carry and self-administer his or her asthma medication and/or epinephrine injector: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. Illinois law requires the School District to inform parent(s)/guardian(s) that it, and its employees and agents, incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-carry and self-administration of asthma medication or epinephrine injector. 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A.s 100-726 and 100-799, eff. 1-1-19.

Please initial to indicate (1) receipt of this information, and (2) authorization for your child to carry and use his or her asthma medication or epinephrine injector.

Parent/Guardian Initials

#### For all parents/guardians:

By signing below, I agree that I am primarily responsible for administering medication to my child. However, in the event that I am unable to do so or in the event of a medical emergency, I hereby authorize the School District and its employees and agents, on my behalf, to administer or to attempt to administer to my child (or to allow my child to *self-administer* pursuant to State law, while under the supervision of the employees and agents of the School District), lawfully prescribed medication in the manner described above. This includes administration of undesignated epinephrine injectors, opioid antagonists, or asthma medication to my child when there is a good faith belief that my child is having an anaphylactic reaction, opioid overdose, or asthma episode, whether such reactions are known to me or not, and if applicable, undesignated glucagon when authorized by my child's diabetes care plan and if my child's glucagon is not available on-site of has expired. 105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A.s 100-726 and 100-799; 105 ILCS 145/27, added by P.A. 101-428. I acknowledge that it may be necessary for the administration of medications to my child to be performed by an individual other than a school nurse and specifically consent to such practices, and

## Elmwood CUSD #322

## Board Approved November 25, 2019

I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the administration or the child's self-administration of medication.

Parent/Guardian Printed	Name	
Address (if different from	Student's above):	
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	Emergency Phone:
Parent/Guardian Signatu	re	

October 2019 7:270-E2

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis**

To be completed by the child's parent(s)/guardian(s). A new form must be completed every school year. Keep in the school nurse's office or, in the absence of a school nurse, the Building Principal's office.

Student's Name:			Birth I	Date:	
Address:					
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:		Emergency P	hone:	
School:					
To be completed by the advanced practice RN w			ssistant with pr	escriptive	authority, or
Prescriber's Printed Nam	ne:				
Office Address:					
Office Phone:		Emergency	y Phone:		
Medication name:					
Purpose:					
Dosage:		Frequency	:		
IDPH registry ID card for IDPH registry ID card for Attach copies of both registry ID card for Education is to be	or designated caregiver is	s valid [insert	dates]:		
Prescription date:					
Diagnosis requiring med Is it necessary for this me					□ No
Expected side effects, if		Ü	•	<del></del>	_
Time interval for re-eval	•				
Other medications studen	nt is receiving:				
Cure medications stades	it is receiving.				
	Prescrib	er's Signatur	·e		Date

For only parents/guardians of students who want to grant their child permission to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product under direct supervision by a school nurse or administrator:

I grant permission for my child to self-administer his or her medical cannabis infused product required under an asthma action plan, an Individual Health Care Action Plan, an Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action and Treatment Authorization Form, a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or a plan pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, amended by P.A. 101-205, eff. 1-1-20. I understand that my child's self-administration will only occur under direct supervision by a school nurse or school administrator. 105 ILCS 5/22-33(b-5), amended by P.A. 101-370, eff. 1-1-20.

Medical cannabis infused product child is permitted to self-administer:

Please initial to indicate (1) receipt of this information, and (2) authorization for your child to self-administer a medical cannabis infused product.

Parent/Guardian Initials

By signing below, I acknowledge, understand and agree as follows:

- 1. The only individual(s) who may possess and administer medical cannabis to my child at school or on the school bus is: a) his/her registered designated caregiver as identified by the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH); or b) a school nurse or school administrator.
- 2. Both my child and his/her registered designated caregiver possess valid registry identification cards issued by the IDPH, copies of which I have provided/will provide to the District.
- 3. After administering the medical cannabis to my child, the designated caregiver shall immediately remove the product from school premises or the school bus.
- 4. The designated caregiver may not administer a medical cannabis infused product in a manner that, in the opinion of the District or school, would create a disruption to the school's educational environment or would cause exposure of the product to other students.
- 5. Children under age 18 cannot smoke or vape medical cannabis. Medical cannabis-infused products include oils, ointments, foods, and other products that contain usable cannabis but are not smoked or vaped.
- 6. The District reserves the right to restrict or otherwise stop allowing the administration of medical cannabis to my child if the District or school would lose federal funding as a result.
- 7. I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the administration of medical cannabis that I authorize by my signature below.

Parent/Guardian Printed	Name	
Address (if different from	Student's above):	
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	Emergency Phone:
Parent/Guardian Signatur	e	Date

October 2017 7:275

## **Students**

## **Orders to Forgo Life-Sustaining Treatment**

Written orders from parent(s)/guardian(s) to forgo life-sustaining treatment for their child must be signed by the student's physician and given to the Superintendent. This policy shall be interpreted in accordance with the Illinois Health Care Surrogate Act. 755 ILCS 40/.

Whenever an order to forgo life-sustaining treatment is received, the Superintendent shall convene a multi-disciplinary team that includes:

- 1. The student, when appropriate;
- 2. The student's parent(s)/guardian(s);
- 3. Other medical professionals, e.g., licensed physician, physician's assistant, or nurse practitioner;
- 4. Local first responders for the building in which the student is assigned to attend school;
- 5. The school nurse;
- 6. Clergy, if requested by the student or his or her parent(s)/guardians(s);
- 7. Other individuals to provide support to the student or his or her parent(s)/guardian(s); and
- 8. School personnel designated by the Superintendent.

The team shall determine guidelines to be used by school staff members in the event the child suffers a life-threatening episode at school or a school event.

The District personnel shall convey orders to forgo life-sustaining treatment to the appropriate emergency or healthcare provider.

LEGAL REF.: Health Care Surrogate Act, 755 ILCS 40/.

Cruzan v. Director, Missouri Dept. of Health, 497 U.S. 261 (1990).

<u>In re C.A., a minor</u>, 236 Ill.App.3d 594 (1st Dist. 1992).

July 2016 7:280

## **Students**

## **Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease**

A student with or carrying a communicable and/or chronic infectious disease has all rights, privileges, and services provided by law and the School Board's policies. The Superintendent will develop procedures to safeguard these rights while managing health and safety concerns.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-21.11.

410 ILCS 315/2a.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§ 1.610 and 226.300.

77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 690.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq.

Rehabilitation Act, Section 504, 29 U.S.C. §794(a).

June 2019 7:280-AP

## **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Diseases</u>

If a student's communicable or infectious disease affects his or her ability to participate in the District's educational programs, he or she shall be treated as a *disabled person* under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, unless the student has already qualified for and is receiving services through an IEP under the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act. For students with an IEP, the District's Administrative Procedure, 6:120-AP1, *Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities*, must also be followed and it will control whenever there is a conflict with these procedures.

Rules and guidance from the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) and Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH) should be consulted and supersede these procedures. Guidance documents and important information include:

- 1. *Communicable Disease Guide*, revised 2002, available at www.idph.state.il.us/health/infect/comm\_disease\_guide.pdf.
- 2. *Management of Chronic Infectious Diseases in Schoolchildren*, revised in 2003 by ISBE and IDPH, available at <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/chronic\_diseases.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/chronic\_diseases.pdf</a>.
- 3. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois (20 ILCS 2310/) and the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois (20 ILCS 2105/) both expanded the statutory authority of the governor and IDPH to respond to significant threats to the public health.

## Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Diseases

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	Notifies the Building Principal where their child is enrolled if their child has a communicable or infectious disease. See Exhibit 7:280-E2, <i>Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable Diseases</i> , for a list of communicable or infectious diseases.
Building Principal or designee	Upon having knowledge of a known or suspected case or carrier of a communicable disease:
	a. Notifies the <i>local health authority</i> as required by 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.200. The <i>local health authority</i> is a full-time official health department, as recognized by IDPH, having jurisdiction over a particular area, including city, village, township, and county boards of health. If there is not a local health authority recognized by IDPH, the local health authority is IDPH. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.10. See also Exhibit 7:280-E2, <i>Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable Diseases</i> , identifying the diseases for which there is mandatory reporting. <b>Note</b> : The Communicable Disease Report Act, 745 ILCS 45/, grants immunity from slander or libel to persons who in good faith make such reports.

Actor	Action
	b. Follows directions for temporarily excluding a student from school according to the local health authority direction and 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 690.
	Keeps the school open where a student with a communicable disease attends, except in the event of an emergency. 77 Ill.Admin.Code \$690.30(c)(1).
District staff	Observes all rules of IDPH regarding communicable and chronic infectious disease. See the Legal References below for a list of these rules.
	Collects and maintains the student's medical information in a manner that ensures the strictest confidentiality and in accordance with federal and State laws regarding student records.
Superintendent or	Confirms that all required and appropriate notices are made.
designee	Convenes the Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team. This Superintendent committee is composed of the District's medical advisor, a school nurse, the Building Principal, and the Superintendent or designee (see 2:150-AP, <i>Superintendent Committees</i> ).
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	Arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available. The purpose of the meeting is to:  a. Determine when an excluded student will return to school. This determination shall be based on whether the student poses a high risk of transmission of a communicable and chronic infectious disease to other students and staff. A student suspected of being infected with a disease for which isolation is required shall be refused admittance while acute symptoms are present. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.30(c)(2).  b. Perform a pre-placement evaluation. 34 C.F.R. §104.35.  c. Make a placement decision based on the pre-placement evaluation. The placement decision shall include any needed related services. 34 C.F.R. §104.35.  d. If there is a reason to believe that the student may have a disability requiring special education and related services, the child shall be referred for a special education evaluation. Referrals may also be made, at any time, by any concerned person, including but not limited to District personnel, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), a community service agency employee, a professional having knowledge of a child's problems, a child, or an ISBE employee. See the District's Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.110.  Reports the meeting results to the Superintendent.
Superintendent or designee	Notifies the student's parents/guardians when an excluded student can return to school and of the placement decision. If the student will not attend school, every reasonable effort shall be made to provide the student with an adequate alternative education. State regulations and school policy

Actor	Action
	regarding homebound instruction shall apply.
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	At least annually while a student has a contagious or infectious disease, arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available, to review the student's education placement and the provision of related services.

<u>Managing a Student with a Communicable or Infectious Disease Who Demonstrates Behavior that Could Result In Infecting Other Students or Staff Members</u>

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians or any staff member	Notifies the Building Principal if a student with a communicable or infectious disease shows a lack of control of bodily secretions, has open sores that cannot be covered, or demonstrates behavior (e.g., biting) that could result in direct inoculation of potentially infected body fluids into the bloodstream.
Building Principal	Immediately notifies the Superintendent of the above.
Superintendent or designee	Upon being notified that a student is demonstrating behavior that could spread his or her disease, convenes the Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team.
	If appropriate, notifies parents of students of possible exposure if their student may have been exposed to a communicable or infectious disease due to behaviors exhibited by a student having such a disease.
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	Arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available. The purpose of this meeting is to:  a. Determine whether the student's temporary removal from the classroom is appropriate because the student poses a high risk of transmitting a communicable and chronic infectious disease or whether another response exists to reduce the risk of transmission. A student suspected of being infected with a disease for which isolation is required shall be refused admittance while acute symptoms are present 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.30(c)(2).  b. Perform a pre-placement evaluation if the student will continue to attend school. 34 C.F.R. §104.35.  c. Make a placement decision based on the pre-placement evaluation. The placement decision shall include any needed related services. 34 C.F.R. §104.35. If the student will continue to attend school, determine the student's appropriate educational placement. The team shall also determine if the student needs related services or placement outside the regular classroom.  Reports the meeting's results to the Superintendent.
Superintendent or Designee	Notifies the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) whether the student will attend school. If the student will not attend school or participate in school

Actor	Action
	activities with other students, every reasonable effort shall be made to provide the student with an adequate alternative education; however, an individual student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) will control. State regulations and school policy regarding homebound instruction apply.
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	At least once a month while a student is removed from normal school attendance, arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available, to review the removal and to determine whether the condition precipitating the removal has changed.

### **General Post-Evaluation Procedures**

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	May appeal their child's exclusion from school or educational placement to the School Board within 10 days of being notified of the action.
Parents/Guardians	When their child returns to school after an absence due to a communicable and chronic infectious disease, present a certificate from a physician licensed in Illinois stating that the child qualifies for re-admission to school under the rules of IDPH that regulate periods of incubation, communicability, quarantine, and reporting.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-21.11.

20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

29 U.S.C. §701 et seq. Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq., Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

34 C.F.R. §§104.34 and 104.35.

410 ILCS 315/, Communicable Disease Prevention Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 226.

77 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 665, 690, 693, 695, 696, and 697.

CROSS REF.: 2:150 (Committees), 5:40 (Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease)

June 2019 7:280-E2

## **Students**

# <u>Exhibit - Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable</u> Diseases

The following chart contains requirements from rules adopted by the III. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH). They provide routine measures for the control of communicable diseases by establishing progressive initiatives for implementing disease-reporting and exclusions measures. School personnel must notify the local health authority if they have knowledge of a known or suspected case or carrier of communicable disease, and such reports must be kept confidential. 77 III.Admin.Code §690.200.

#### Diseases and Conditions, 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.100

The following are declared to be contagious, infectious, or communicable and may be dangerous to the public health. The Section number associated with the listed diseases indicates the Section of the rules explaining the reportable disease. Diseases and conditions are listed alphabetically by class. Every class has a different timeframe for mandatory reporting to IDPH.

Standard precautions refers to infection prevention and control measures for healthcare settings that apply to all patients regardless of diagnosis or presumed infection status. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.10.

Contact precautions refers to infection control measures for healthcare settings designed to reduce the risk of transmission of infectious agents that can be spread through direct contact with the patient or indirect contact with potentially infectious items or surfaces. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.10.

*Droplet precautions* refers to infection control measures for healthcare settings designed to reduce the risk of transmission of infectious agents via large particle droplets that do not remain suspended in the air and are usually generated by coughing, sneezing, or talking. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.10.

#### Class I(a) Diseases

The following diseases shall be reported by telephone immediately (within three hours) upon initial clinical suspicion of the disease to the local health authority, who shall then report to IDPH immediately (within three hours).

Disease	Exclusion Rules
Any unusual case of a disease or condition caused by an infectious agent not listed in IDPH regulations that is of urgent public health significance (including, but not limited to, cowpox, Reye's syndrome, glanders, amoebic meningoencephalitis, orf, monkeypox, hemorrhagic fever viruses, infection from a laboratory-acquired recombinant organism, or any disease non-indigenous to the United States), §690.295	Contacts shall be evaluated to determine the need for quarantine. The local health authority shall implement appropriate control measures.
Anthrax, §690.320	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for care of persons with cutaneous anthrax when dressing does not adequately contain drainage.  No restrictions if exposure is from infected animals or animal

Disease	Exclusion Rules
	products.
	If there is a suspected bioterrorist threat or event, contacts will be evaluated to determine need for quarantine.
Botulism, Foodborne, Intestinal, §690.327	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions.
Brucellosis (if suspected to be a bioterrorist event or part of an outbreak), \$690.330	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed when dressing does not adequately contain drainage.
Diphtheria, §690.380	Standard precautions shall be followed until two successive cultures from both throat and nose (and skin lesions in cutaneous diphtheria) are negative for diphtheria bacilli or when a virulence test proves the bacilli to be avirulent. The first culture shall be taken not less than 24 hours after completion of antibiotic therapy and the second culture shall be taken not less than 24 hours after the first.
Influenza A, Novel Virus, §690.469	Standard precautions, including routine use of eye protection, and droplet precautions shall be followed for patients in health care settings, e.g., hospitals, long-term care facilities, outpatient offices, emergency transport vehicles.
	Control of contacts is based on transmissibility and severity of the illness that caused the influenza strain.
	(See the f/ns of policy 4:180, Pandemic Preparedness, for information and resources regarding influenza epidemics in schools; 4:180-AP1, School Action Steps for Pandemic Influenza; and 4:180-AP2, Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting.)
Plague, §690.570	Standard precautions shall be followed. For all patients, droplet precautions shall be followed until pneumonia has been determined not to be present.
	For patients with pneumonic plague, droplet precautions shall be followed until 48 hours after initiation of effective antimicrobial therapy and the patient has a favorable clinical response.  Antimicrobial susceptibility testing is recommended.
	A strict, seven day quarantine is required for contacts to pneumonic plague who refuse chemoprophylaxis.
Poliomyelitis, §690.580	Occurrence of a single case of poliomyelitis due to wild polio virus shall be recognized as a public health emergency, prompting immediate investigation and response.
	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks for the duration of hospitalization.
Q-fever (if suspected to be a bioterrorist event or part of an outbreak), §690.595	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), §690.635	Standard Precautions, Contact Precautions, Droplet Precautions including eye protection, and Airborne Infection Isolation Precautions shall be followed for cases or suspect cases in a health care facility.
	Observation and monitoring, isolation and quarantine procedures shall comply with <i>Public Health Guidance for</i>

Disease	Exclusion Rules
	Community-Level Preparedness and Response to Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) Version 2, U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, Georgia 30333 (January 8, 2004).
	Contacts shall be placed under surveillance and may be quarantined, with close observation for fever and respiratory symptoms for the 10 days following the last exposure.
Smallpox, §690.650	Post-exposure immunization, within three to four days after exposure, provides some protection against disease and significant protection against a fatal outcome. Any person with significant exposure to a person with probable or confirmed smallpox during the infectious stage of illness requires immunization as soon after exposure as possible, but within the first four days after exposure.
Tularemia (if suspected to be a bioterrorist event or part of an outbreak), \$690.725	Standard precautions shall be followed.
Any suspected bioterrorist threat or event, \$690.800	Cases and contacts shall be evaluated to determine need for isolation.

### Class I(b) Diseases

The following diseases shall be reported as soon as possible during normal business hours by telephone (some rules state that facsimile or electronic reporting are also acceptable, the Disease column indicates "F" for facsimile or "E" for electronic in those instances), but within 24 hours, i.e., within eight regularly scheduled business hours after identifying the case, to the local health authority, who shall then report to IDPH as soon as possible, but within 24 hours.

Disease	Exclusion Rules
Botulism (intestinal, wound and other), §690.327	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions.
Brucellosis (not part of suspected bioterrorist event or part of an outbreak), \$690.330	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed when dressing does not adequately contain drainage. No restrictions on contacts.
Chickenpox (Varicella), §690.350 (F or E)	Children shall be excluded from school or child care facilities for a minimum of five days after the appearance of eruption or until vesicles become dry.
	Standard precautions, contact precautions and airborne infection isolation precautions shall be followed for patients in a health care facility until all lesions are dry and crusted.
Cholera, §690.360 (F)	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until absence of diarrhea for 24 hours.
Escherichia coli infections (E. coli O157:H7 and other Shiga toxin-producing E. coli), §690.400 (F)	Cases shall avoid public swimming pools while symptomatic and for two weeks after the date diarrhea has ceased. Specific precautions for food handlers must be followed.
Haemophilus influenzae, meningitis and other invasive disease, §690.441 (F)	Standard precautions and droplet precautions shall be followed.  Droplet precautions shall be followed until 24 hours after

Disease	Exclusion Rules
	initiation of effective antimicrobial therapy.
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome, §690.442 (F)	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Hemolytic uremic syndrome, post-diarrheal, §690.444 (F)	See requirements for the applicable disease that preceded the HUS (when preceding cases are either E.Coli (Section §690.400) or Shigellosis (Section §690.640) standard precautions shall be followed and contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until absence of diarrhea for 24 hours).
Hepatitis A, §690.450 (F)	<ul> <li>Standard precautions shall be followed. In diapered or incontinent persons, the following contact precautions shall be followed:</li> <li>Infants and children less than three years of age for duration of hospitalization;</li> <li>Children 3 to 14 years of age, until two weeks after onset of symptoms; and</li> <li>Those greater than 14 years of age, for one week after onset of symptoms.</li> </ul>
Influenza admissions into intensive care unit, §690.468 (F or E)	Standard and droplet precautions shall be followed. IDPH may distribute additional recommendations in conjunction with CDC guidance.
Measles, §690.520	Children with measles shall be kept out of school or child care facilities for at least four days after appearance of the rash.
Mumps, §690.550 (F or E)	Cases shall be excluded from school, child care facilities or workplace until five days after onset of symptoms (parotitis).  Susceptible contacts should be excluded from school or the
Neisseria meningitidis, meningitis and invasive disease, §690.555 (F)	workplace from days 12 through 25 after exposure.  Standard precautions shall be followed. Droplet precautions shall be followed until 24 hours after initiation of effective antimicrobial therapy.
Outbreaks for public health significance (including but not limited to, foodborne and waterborne outbreaks), §690.565 (E)	Make a report to local health authority within 24 hours for investigation. If outbreak has occurred, the local health authority makes a final report to IDPH. Cases are evaluated to determine need for isolation.
Pertussis (whooping cough), §690.750	Standard precautions shall be followed. Droplet precautions shall be followed for known cases until the patient has received at least five days of a course of appropriate antibiotics.
	Case shall be excluded from school until five days of appropriate antibiotic therapy is complete. Suspected cases who do not receive antibiotics should be isolated for three weeks after onset of paroxysmal cough or until the end of the cough, whichever comes first.
Q-fever (not suspected in bioterrorist attack or part of an outbreak), §690.595	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions for contacts.
Rabies, human, §690.600 (F)	Standard precautions shall be followed.
Rabies, potential human exposure,	The local health authority determines whether rabies post-

Disease	Exclusion Rules
\$690.601 (F)  Definition of exposed person to be reported is lengthy and available in \$690.601.	exposure prophylaxis for the exposed person is needed.
Rubella, §690.620 (F or E)	Cases shall be excluded from school, child care facilities or the workplace for seven days after rash onset. Susceptible contacts should be excluded from school from days seven through 23 following rash onset after last exposure.
Smallpox vaccination, complications of §690.655 (E)	Precautions for individuals with vaccination complications vary depending upon the type of complication. See Smallpox, §690.650 above.
Staphylococcus aureus infections with intermediate or high level resistance to Vancomycin, §690.661 (F)	The Department will issue specific recommendations on a case-by-case basis.
Streptococcal infections, Group A, invasive and sequelae to Group A streptococcal infections, §690.670 (F)	Standard Precautions shall be followed. Droplet Precautions shall be followed for persons with necrotizing fasciitis or toxic shock syndrome until 24 hours after initiation of effective antimicrobial therapy. In cases of necrotizing fasciitis, when dressing does not adequately contain drainage, contact precautions shall be followed until 24 hours after initiation of effective antimicrobial therapy.
Tularemia (not suspected to be bioterrorist event or part of an outbreak), §690.725	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Typhoid fever, §690.730 (F)	All persons living in the household of a newly identified chronic carrier and other contacts living outside the home must submit two consecutive negative specimens of feces.
	If persons required to be tested refuse to comply within one week after notification, they shall be restricted from their occupations, school attendance or day care (adult or child) attendance until compliance is achieved.
Typhus, §690.740 (F)	Standard precautions shall be followed. Proper delousing for louseborne typhus is required. The local health authority shall monitor all immediate contacts for clinical signs for two weeks.

## Class II Diseases

The following diseases shall be reported as soon as possible by mail, telephone, facsimile or electronically during normal business hours, but within seven days, to the local health authority which shall then report to the IDPH within seven days.

Disease	Exclusion Rules
Arboviral Infection (including, but not limited to, California encephalitis, St. Louis encephalitis and West Nile virus), \$690.322	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Campylobacteriosis, §690.335	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions

Disease	Exclusion Rules
	shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until diarrhea is absent for 24 hours.
Cryptosporidiosis, §690.365	Standard precautions shall be followed. Cases shall avoid swimming in public recreational water venues (e.g., swimming pools, whirlpool spas, wading pools, water parks, interactive fountains, lakes) while symptomatic and for 2 weeks after cessation of diarrhea.
Cyclosporiasis, §690.368	Standard precautions shall be followed.
Hepatitis B and Hepatitis D, §690.451	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Hepatitis C, §690.452	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Histoplasmosis, §690.460	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Influenza, Deaths in persons less than 18 years of age (lab confirmed and no recovery between illness and death), §690.465	N/A
Legionellosis, §690.475	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Leptospirosis, §690.490	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Listeriosis (when both mother and newborn are positive, report mother only), §690.495	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Malaria, §690.510	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Ophthalmia neonatorum, §693.20	None
Psittacosis due to chlamydia psittaci, §690.590	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Salmonellosis (other than typhoid fever), §690.630	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until absence of diarrhea for 24 hours.
Shigellosis, §690.640	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until diarrhea is absent for 24 hours.
Toxic shock syndrome due to Staphylococcus aureus infection, §690.695	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive disease in children less than five years, §690.678	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Tetanus, §690.690	Standard precautions shall be followed and post-injury patients at risk should receive human tetanus immune globulin and/or

Disease	Exclusion Rules
	toxoid. No restrictions on contacts.
Tickborne Disease, including ehrlichiosis, anaplasmosis, Lyme disease, and Rocky Mountain spotted fever, §690.698	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Trichinosis, §690.710	Standard precautions shall be followed. No restrictions on contacts.
Tuberculosis, §696.170	Reporting requirement is limited to health care professionals (includes nurses and health coordinators or health care settings). Report electronically or by facsimile, followed up with a phone call to local TB authority, or if none, to IDPH.
	Exclude case if considered to be infectious according to IDPH's rules and regulations for the control of TB or as recommended by the local health authority.
Vibriosis (Non-cholera Vibrio infections), §690.745	Standard precautions shall be followed. Contact precautions shall be followed for diapered or incontinent persons or during institutional outbreaks until diarrhea ceases.

#### Reporting of Sexually Transmissible Infections, 77 Ill.Admin.Code 693.30

The following sexually transmitted infections are reportable by *health care professionals* only (which includes advanced practice nurses, licensed nurses (including school nurses), or other persons licensed or certified to provide health care services of any kind to the local health department, or if none exists, to IDPH. Reports are strictly confidential and must be made within seven days after the diagnosis or treatment.

Infection	Exclusion Rules
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	A person may only be isolated with that person's consent or upon order of a court in those cases there the public's health and welfare are significantly endangered and where all other reasonable means have been exhausted and no less restrictive alternative exists. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §693.60(b).
HIV Infection	See above.
Syphilis	See above.
Gonorrhea	See above.
Chlamydia	See above.
Chancroid	See above.

## Exclusion Criteria for Non-Reportable Diseases and Illnesses

There are a number of diseases and illnesses that have either never been reportable or no longer need to be reported under IDPH rules. However, some of these conditions may still pose a health risk and require exclusion from school. IDPH has published a chart which includes diseases and illnesses that do not require reporting of individual cases (as well as more common diseases those that do need to be reported), but may still require exclusion from school. Please refer to the following link for further guidance at:

http://dph.illinois.gov/sites/default/files/publications/commchartschool-032817.pdf.

May/June 2018 7:280-E3

## Instruction

## **Exhibit - Prevention of Staphylococcal Infections for Schools**

The following includes excerpts from Recommendations for the Prevention of Staphylococcal Infections for Schools, Basic Hygiene Guidelines for the Prevention of Staphylococcal Infections in Schools, and Guidance for School and Student Athletes About Community-Associated Staphylococcus Auereus (CA-MRSA) Infections, Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH):

www.idph.state.il.us/health/infect/schoolstaphrecs.htm. www.idph.state.il.us/health/infect/hygiene.htm. www.idph.state.il.us/health/infect/MRSA\_School\_Recs.htm.

This exhibit may be reformatted and distributed to students and their parents/guardians, faculty, and staff to inform them about what staphylococcus aureus is, how it spreads, and how staph infections can be prevented.

### Education/Increased Awareness

Staphylococcus aureus, often referred to as staph, are bacteria commonly found on the skin or in the noses of healthy people. On occasion, staph bacteria can cause much more serious skin infections, such as bloodstream infections or pneumonia.

Treatment of some staph infections has become more problematic in recent years because the bacteria have become resistant to various antibiotics. Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) is a type of staph that is resistant to some antibiotics, including the antibiotic methicillin. CA-MRSA can be transmitted from person to person through close contact. Recently, the IDPH has received increasing reports of both outbreaks and sporadic cases of CA-MRSA infections.

Knowledge regarding precautions and preventive measures related to CA-MRSA is prudent practice. Transmission of MRSA skin and soft tissue infections among students and those who participate in competitive sports is a significant concern. All persons, especially coaches, athletic trainers, parents/guardians, and teammates, associated with the school's competitive sport activities and sport teams should engage in initiatives to increase adherence to Board policy, 7:280, *Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease*, and procedures designed to prevent transmission of MRSA skin infections, and awareness of risk factors for infections.

All students, athletes, and their parents/guardians should also be aware of the possible risk factors for MRSA skin and soft tissue infection especially occurring among athletes:

- Physical contact/skin trauma
- Turf burns (football players)
- Contact with teammates' uncovered skin lesions
- Sharing protective equipment, clothing, or towels
- Sharing sports equipment
- Sharing personal hygiene items
- Reuse of unlaundered towels, clothing, uniforms, etc.
- Inadequate supply of dispensable or individual-use soap
- Cosmetic body shaving
- Poor personal hygiene practices, including infrequent hand washing

Poor cleaning of locker rooms/sport rooms

In addition, since staph infections start when staph bacteria enter the body through a break in the skin, keeping skin healthy and intact is a good preventive measure. Good skin care should be encouraged among students and athletes.

### **Basic Hygiene Guidelines**

#### Hand Hygiene

Students, faculty, and staff should be instructed about the correct technique for hand washing, including the importance of washing hands before eating or preparing food, after touching any skin lesions (sores) and wounds or clothing contaminated by drainage from lesions and wounds, and after using the toilet. Instructions should include the following:

- Turn on faucet and wet hands with running water.
- Apply soap and spread across all surfaces of hands.
- Scrub all surfaces of hands, including between each finger, for at least 20 seconds (saying the alphabet slowly will take at least 20 seconds).
- Rinse hands under running water.
- Dry hands with paper towels or air dryers.
- If available, use a paper towel to turn off faucet handles.

## Hygiene

Students, faculty, and staff should be provided information about general hygienic measures, including the following:

- Keep your hands clean by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Use an alcohol hand gel when soap and water are not available.
- Avoid sharing eating and drinking utensils.
- Avoid sharing unwashed towels, washcloths, clothing, or uniforms.
- Avoid sharing personal items, e.g., deodorant, razors.
- Change socks and underwear daily.
- Wash bed linens and pajamas regularly, at least once a week if feasible.
- Wash soiled bed linens and clothes with hot water and laundry detergent. Drying clothes in a hot dryer, rather than air-drying, also helps kill bacteria in clothes.
- Bathe or shower with soap each day.
- Bathe or shower with soap after every sports practice or competition.
- Keep cuts and abrasions clean and covered with clean, dry bandages until healed.
- Follow your health care provider's instructions on proper care of wounds.
- Avoid contact with other people's wounds or material contaminated by wounds.

#### Hygiene for Sports Participants

In addition to the previously mentioned recommendations, sports participants should be provided these recommendations:

- Do not share towels, clothing, or uniforms.
- Do not store wet, dirty clothing in lockers.
- Avoid sharing personal equipment.
- Keep equipment clean. Follow coach's directions about cleaning the equipment.
- Keep cuts, abrasions, and wounds covered with clean, dry bandages. Persons with
  draining wounds or infections are not allowed to participate in practices or games until
  the wound has stopped draining.

Report any cuts, abrasions, or wounds to the coach and school nurse.

See also: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/mrsa">http://www.cdc.gov/mrsa</a>.

The local health department may have more information specific to the District's jurisdiction.

July 2016 7:285

## **Students**

#### **Food Allergy Management Program**

School attendance may increase a student's risk of exposure to allergens that could trigger a foodallergic reaction. A food allergy is an adverse reaction to a food protein mediated by the immune system which immediately reacts causing the release of histamine and other inflammatory chemicals and mediators. While it is not possible for the District to completely eliminate the risks of exposure to allergens when a student is at school, a Food Allergy Management Program using a cooperative effort among students' families, staff members, and students helps the District reduce these risks and provide accommodations and proper treatment for allergic reactions.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a Food Allergy Management Program that:

- 1. Fully implements the following goals established in the School Code: (a) identifying students with food allergies, (b) preventing exposure to known allergens, (c) responding to allergic reactions with prompt recognition of symptoms and treatment, and (d) educating and training all staff about management of students with food allergies, including administration of medication with an auto-injector, and providing an in-service training program for staff who work with students that is conducted by a person with expertise in anaphylactic reactions and management.
- Follows and references the applicable best practices specific to the District's needs in the
  joint State Board of Education and Ill. Dept. of Public Health publication *Guidelines for Managing Life-Threatening Food Allergies in Schools*, available at:
   <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/food\_allergy\_guidelines.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/food\_allergy\_guidelines.pdf</a>.
- 3. Complies with State and federal law and is in alignment with Board policies.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.149 and 5/10-22.39.

Guidelines for Managing Life-Threatening Food Allergies in Schools (Guidelines), jointly published by the State Board of Education and Ill. Dept. of Public Health.

CROSS REF.: 4:110 (Transportation), 4:120 (Food Services), 4:170 (Safety), 5:100 (Staff

Development Program), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:240 (Field Trips), 7:250 (Student Support Services), 7:270 (Administering Medicines

to Students), 8:100 (Relations with Other Organizations and Agencies)

7:285-AP

## **Students**

## Administrative Procedure - Implementing a Food Allergy Management Program

The following procedure implements policy 7:285, Food Allergy Management Program, which is based upon the joint Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) and Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH) publication, Guidelines for Managing Life-Threatening Food Allergies in Schools (ISBE/IDPH Guidelines), available at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Documents/food\_allergy\_guidelines.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/food\_allergy\_guidelines.pdf</a> (105 ILCS 5/2-3.149(b)). The District's Food Allergy Management Program is developed and collectively implemented by local school officials, District staff, students and their families, and the community. This administrative procedure contains three sections as follows:

- 1. Glossary of Terms
- 2. Food Allergy Management Program
- 3. Individual Food Allergy Management (Three Phases)

Phase One: Identification of Students with Food Allergies
Phase Two: Prevention of Exposure to Known Allergens

Phase Three: Response to Allergic Reactions

All references to the *ISBE/IDPH Guidelines* within the procedures will refer to the specific section title or Appendix with the page number in parenthesis.

#### **Glossary of Terms**

The Glossary at Appendix J of the ISBE/IDPH Guidelines is incorporated here by reference.

**Food Allergy Management Program (Program) -** The overall process that the Superintendent and other District-level administrators use to implement policy 7:285, *Food Allergy Management Program*, which is based upon the *ISBE/IDPH Guidelines*.

**Food Allergy Management Committee (Committee) -** A District-level team that the Superintendent creates to develop a Food Allergy Management Program. It monitors the District's Food Allergy Management Program for effectiveness and establishes a schedule for the Superintendent to report information back to the Board. It is not required by State law, but it is a best practice method to ensure the Program's continued legal compliance and alignment with governance principles.

**Individual Food Allergy Management -** The process at the building level used to manage and prevent anaphylaxis. The process identifies: (a) students with allergies, (b) procedures to prevent exposure to known allergens, and (c) appropriate responses to allergic reactions. It is synonymous with the third section in this sample administrative procedure.

**Individualized Educational Program/Plan (IEP) -** A plan or program developed to ensure that a child who has a disability identified under the law and is attending a public elementary or secondary school receives specialized instruction and related services.

**Individual Health Care Plan (IHCP)** - A document that outlines a food allergic student's needs, and at minimum, includes the precautions necessary for food allergen avoidance and emergency procedures and treatments. Its function is similar to a 504 Plan (see below). **Important**: Consult the Board Attorney about whether the Program should implement a 504 Plan or IHCP. This Program's procedures implement 504 Plans only. Insert IHCP in place of or in addition to 504 Plan in this document if the District will also implement IHCPs.

**504 Plan** - A document that outlines a food allergic student's needs, necessary accommodations, and individual staff member responsibilities. Its function is identical to an IHCP while also including procedural protections (see above). This Program's procedures implement 504 Plans only. **Important**: Consult the Board Attorney about whether implementing only 504 Plans is the best method. Many attorneys agree that a 504 Plan is the best (although not universal) practice for a student with a diagnosis of an allergy.

**504 Team** - A building-level team that implements the phases of Individual Food Allergy Management in a student's 504 Plan. Insert "IHCP Team" in place of or in addition to "504 Team" if the district will also implement IHCPs. **Note**: If the District implements IHCPs, gathering information, identifying methods to prevent exposure, and assigning staff responsibilities will rely heavily on the Nurse/DSP, not a 504 Team.

#### Food Allergy Management Program

This section relies heavily upon District-level administrators to implement the Program even if the District has no students with food allergies (105 ILCS 5/2-3.149). This is because identification of students at risk of anaphylaxis cannot be predicted, and it is possible that a student who has not been identified could have his or her first reaction at school (p. 7). This section references the *ISBE/IDPH Guidelines* and aligns with governance principles so that District-level administrators can: (a) integrate the Program into the District's existing policies and procedures, (b) engage in ongoing monitoring of the Program, (c) assess the Program's effectiveness, and (d) inform the Board about the Program along with recommendations to enhance its effectiveness.

**Note**: Modify this section based upon the District's specific implementation needs. The only mandate in 105 ILCS 5/2-3.149 was that school boards implement a policy based upon the *ISBE/IDPH Guidelines* by January 1, 2011. Implementation methods are infinite; this Program provides one method.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Establish a District-wide Food Allergy Management Committee (Committee) to operate as a Superintendent committee. Consider including:
	District-level administrators  Building Principals (Building Principals are mandatory for successful implementation of the Program)  District Safety Coordinator (see 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part C, District Safety Coordinator and Safety Team; Responsibilities)  District 504 Coordinator (see 6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities and 6:120, AP1, E1 Notice to Parents/Guardians Regarding Section 504 Rights)  Staff members  Parents/Guardians  Community members  Students
	Chair and convene Committee meetings for the purpose of implementing the Program. <b>Note</b> : The Committee is not required by State law. However, establishing it provides a best practice for aligning with governance principles and examining implementation issues specific to each individual school district. While smaller school districts, i.e., one-building districts, may be able to implement a Program through one meeting, larger school districts will likely require the uniform coordination that this Committee provides. Some school districts may choose to use the modifiable <i>ISBE/IDPH Guidelines</i> document, available at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx</a> , and add or delete items as necessary to the specific needs of the school district.
	Inform the School Board of the Committee's progress and needs by adding information items to the Board's agendas as needed.
Food Allergy Management Committee	Identify existing policies, procedures, and exhibits that affect implementation of the Program, including, but not limited to:
	1:20, District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements 2:20, Powers and Duties of the School Board; Indemnification 2:240, Board Policy Development 4:110, Transportation 4:120, Food Services 5:100, Staff Development Program 5:100-AP, Administrative Procedure - Staff Development Program 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development 6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities 6:120-AP1, Administrative Procedure - Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities 6:240, Field Trips 7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment

Actor	Action
	7:250, Student Support Services 7:270, Administering Medicines to Students 7:270-AP1, Administrative Procedure - Dispensing Medication 7:270-E1, School Medication Authorization Form with the Emergency Action Plan 8:100, Relations with Other Organizations and Agencies.
	Recommend, through the Superintendent, any policy changes to the School Board for consideration. See policy 2:240, <i>Board Policy Development</i> .
	Recommend to the Superintendent any amendments to administrative procedures. <b>Note</b> : To minimize paper and confusion, the Committee may want to utilize the <i>ISBE/IDPH Guidelines</i> ' sample form, <i>Emergency Action Plan</i> (EAP) at App. B-5 (p. 48) and available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_emer_action_plan.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_emer_action_plan.pdf</a> in lieu of 7:270-E1, <i>School Medication Authorization Form</i> , for food allergy management purposes.
	The Committee should also assess the feasibility of adding staff training during a Periodic Emergency Response Drill (App. B-3, p. 44) to the District's School Safety Drill Plan (see 4:170-AP1, Administrative Procedure - Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, . School Safety Drill). Adding this suggested drill is not required and exceeds the mandate contained in 105 ILCS 128/. If added, revise paragraph E. Annual Safety Review of 4:170-AP1, Administrative Procedure - Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan to include the applicable School Administrators and Nurse/Designated School Personnel (DSP) Checklist items (p. 24 and 32).
	Convene a District-wide meeting with all Building Principals, other appropriate administrative and special education staff, and the Board Attorney to discuss this Program, the <i>ISBE/IDPH Guidelines</i> , and prepare each individual Building Principal to implement it in his or her building. <b>Note</b> : The Board Attorney will be a necessary participant in the District's efforts to manage food allergy management issues. The Superintendent may want to authorize individual Building Principals to consult with the Board Attorney in some circumstances. If so, the Superintendent should outline this process during this meeting.
	Educate and train all staff by coordinating, through the Superintendent or Building Principals, the required in-service training program(s) for staff working with students. The in-service must be conducted by a person with expertise in anaphylactic reaction management and include administration of medication with an injector (105 ILCS 5/10-22.39(e)). <i>Person with expertise</i> is not defined, but the use of the word <i>expertise</i> suggests that using a lay person to provide training is not appropriate. Use the list of training resources in App. I. (p. 71) and see the Potential Sources for Food Allergy Education, available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_educ_sources.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_educ_sources.pdf</a> . This training should also include:

Actor	Action
	<ul> <li>How to recognize symptoms of an allergic reaction</li> <li>Review of high-risk areas</li> <li>Steps to take to prevent exposure to allergen</li> <li>How to administer an epinephrine injector</li> <li>How to respond to a student with a known allergy as well as a student with a previously unknown allergy</li> <li>Information to increase awareness of bullying and sensitivity to issues that students with food allergies face in the school setting</li> <li>Consider implementing the Nurse/DSP checklist item (p. 22) addressing the above issues by informing staff of the goals established in each of</li> </ul>
	the following Board policies: 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development. This policy requires the District's educational program to incorporate student social and emotional development into its educational program and be consistent with the social and emotional development standards in the Illinois Learning Standards.
	7:180, <i>Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.</i> This policy prohibits students from engaging in bullying, intimidation, and harassment, which diminish a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. It states that preventing students from engaging in these disruptive behaviors is an important District goal. <b>Note:</b> Including bullying and sensitivity awareness in the required in-service exceeds State law requirements. Because State law requires districts to have policies addressing bullying (105 ILCS 5/27-23.7) and social and emotional development (405 ILCS 49/) and the Guidelines highlight that increasing awareness of these issues is a best practice consideration, the required in-service is a logical place to include this education. Be sure the referenced board policies contain the locally adopted policy language.
	Provide community outreach through Building Principals by providing information to students and their parents/guardians about the Program. Establish linkages and partnerships with organizations that can assist the Committee or Building Principals with the goal of providing a coordinated, collaborative education and outreach system to all members of the school community to better understand food allergy management issues in the school setting (App. I, p.71). Provide and inform Building Principals, when possible, of opportunities to "close the food allergy knowledge gap" (p. 21, citing a <i>Gupta, et. al, BMC Pediatrics</i> report that the general population has many misconceptions about food allergies). See Potential Sources for Food Allergy Education, available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_educ_sources.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/food_allergy_educ_sources.pdf</a> .
	Monitor the Program by periodically assessing its effectiveness.
	Incorporate updated medical best practices into all areas of the Program.
	Establish a schedule for the Superintendent to report any

Actor	Action
	recommendations to enhance the Program's effectiveness to the Board for consideration.
Building Principal	Inform the school community of the Program by providing the information to students and their parents/guardians. For a sample letter, see App. C-1 (p. 58). Inform the school community of the opportunities to better understand food allergy management issues.
	Implement the Program in the building by meeting with the Nurse/DSP and special education staff in the building to examine the <i>ISBE/IDPH Guidelines</i> . Identify and follow:
	All best practices that apply to the conditions in the school building to reduce exposure to allergens (p. 20).
	All items from the School Administration Nurse/DSP Checklists that apply to the working conditions in the school building (p. 22-24, 32-33).
	Educate staff members about the Program and their likely involvement with Individual Food Allergy Management (p. 20-40). Inform staff members about Constructive Classroom Rewards (App. G, p. 67-69), at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/const_clsrm_rewards.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/const_clsrm_rewards.pdf</a> .
	Inform staff members and volunteers to first use the epinephrine injector and then call 911 any time an allergic reaction is suspected, and review the <i>ISBE/IDPH Guidelines</i> , specifically Food Allergies (p. 9-12). <b>Note</b> : Fatalities occur when epinephrine is delayed or withheld (p. 21).
	Add information about the District's Program and any other building-related specifics of the Program to student handbooks. To increase awareness of the bullying issues faced by students with food allergies, consider including information for students and their parents about the goals established in Board policy 7:180, <i>Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment</i> . See Nurse/DSP Checklist (p. 22).
School Board	Monitor 7:285, <i>Food Allergy Management</i> , and make changes recommended by the Committee. See policy 2:240, <i>Board Policy Development</i> .
	Consider all policy changes recommended by the Superintendent.
	Provide the appropriate resources for the Superintendent to successfully implement the Program.

### **Individual Food Allergy Management**

This section's procedures are implemented each time the school identifies a student with a food allergy. It follows Board policy 6:120, *Education of Children with Disabilities* and references additional considerations based upon the *ISBE/IDPH Guidelines*. It relies heavily upon Building Principals and Nurse/Designated School Personnel (DSP) to identify the necessary accommodations for each student and determine which staff members are responsible to provide them.

Accommodations are impacted by a number of factors, e.g., the student's age, the allergen(s) involved, the facilities at each school building, etc.

Phase One: Identification of Students with Food Allergies

Actor	Action
Parent/Guardian	Inform the Building Principal of the student's food allergy.
	Complete Allergy History Form (App. B-8, p. 56 and available at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx</a> ) and School Medication Authorization Form (see 7:270-E1, School Medication Authorization Form). Return them to the Building Principal or Nurse/DSP. Note: The Emergency Action Plan (EAP) (p. 48) may be used instead of 7:270-E1, School Medication Authorization Form.
	Participate in all meetings to assess and manage the individual student's health needs. Follow the <i>Parent/Guardian of Children with Food Allergies Checklist</i> . See <i>Guidelines</i> , p. 25.
Building Principal and/or Nurse/DSP	Follow the District's procedural safeguards for convening a meeting to assess the individual student's allergy management needs.
IEP or 504 Team	Modify this section if the District implements IHCPs. See <b>Glossary</b> above for more information.
	For a student who is not already identified as disabled, determine whether a referral for an evaluation is warranted using the District's evaluation procedures for determining whether a student is a student with a disability within the meaning of IDEA or Section 504 (see Board policy 6:120, <i>Education of Children with Disabilities</i> ).
	For a student with an existing IEP or Section 504 plan, or who qualifies for one on the basis of his or her food allergy, determine:
	1. Whether the student's food allergy requires <i>related services</i> to ensure the provision of a "free appropriate public education" (FAPE), and/or
	2. Whether the student's food allergy requires appropriate <i>reasonable accommodations</i> for the student's disability.
	If the answer to either of the above questions is negative, notify the parent/guardian in writing of the reasons for the denial and the right to appeal. Provides any required procedural safeguard notices. See 23 Ill.Admin.Code § 226.510; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (34 C.F.R. Parts 104 and 300); and 6:120-AP1, E1, <i>Notice to Parents/Guardians Regarding Section 504 Rights</i> .
	If the answer to either of the above questions is positive:
	1. Gather appropriate health information by using the completed Allergy History Form (App. B-8, p. 56) and Emergency Action Plan (EAP) (App. B-5, p.48).
	2. Identify all necessary accommodations and complete a 504 Plan (use the District's established forms or App. B-7, p. 52-55). For meal substitutions, see App. B-4, p. 45-46.

Actor	Action
	3. Determine which staff provides the identified accommodations. Remember that accidental exposures are more likely to happen when an unplanned event or nonroutine event occurs, and special care should be taken to address procedures for staff members who provide transportation, substitute teaching, coaching or other activities, field trips, and classroom celebrations. For a list of staff members to consider, see <i>Creating a Safer Environment for Students with Food Allergies</i> (p. 19).
	4. Assign responsibilities to individual staff members for providing the identified accommodations (General Guidelines, p. 20-40). Inform absent staff members during the creation of the 504 Plan of their responsibilities.
	5. Identify willing 504 Team members trained in emergency response to respond to any allergic reactions the student may have. See EAP, <i>Trained Staff Members</i> box (p. 49). <b>Note</b> : Consult the Board Attorney if options are limited or the classroom teacher is not willing to administer epinephrine. While classroom teachers are a logical choice to provide emergency response due to their continual close proximity to students, such an assignment may: (1) impact terms and conditions of employment and may trigger collective bargaining rights, and/or (2) violate 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b, which states that under no circumstances shall teachers or other non-administrative school employees, except certified school nurses and non-certificated registered professional nurses, be required to administer medication to students.
	6. Provide the required procedural safeguard notices. See 23 Ill.Admin.Code § 226.510; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (34 C.F.R. Parts 104 and 300); and 6:120-AP1, E1, Notice to Parents/Guardians Regarding Section 504 Rights.

## **Phase Two: Prevention of Exposure to Known Allergens**

Actor	Action
Building Principal and/or Nurse/DSP	Convene a meeting to educate all the staff members who will provide the identified 504 Plan accommodations about their responsibilities.
	Ensure individual staff members perform their responsibilities and provide the necessary accommodations for the student's individual health needs (p. 20-40).
	Facilitate the dissemination of accurate information in the building about the student's food allergy while respecting privacy rights.
	<b>Note</b> : Request permission from the Superintendent to consult the Board Attorney about best practices for

Actor	Action
	disclosures to volunteers (e.g., field trip chaperones or room parents) of confidential medical information without parental consent. Generally Building Principals have discretion, but these situations are fact specific. Ideally the District should attempt to get parental permission to disclose the information about the allergy, but practically this cannot always occur. Many agree that safety trumps confidentiality in these situations, especially when volunteers have a legitimate educational interest if knowledge of the information is related to their ability to perform their duties (See, <i>Letter to Anonymous</i> , 107 LRP 28330 (FPCO 2007)).
	Provide a medical alert to parents/guardians (App. B-9, p. 57) also available at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Food-Allergy-Guidelines.aspx</a> ) that does not name the student. The communication should inform other students and their parents/guardians about the importance of keeping their educational setting free of the food allergen.
	Note: Request permission from the Superintendent to consult the Board Attorney about disclosures and providing joint communications from the Building Principal and the parent/guardian of the food allergic student. While joint communications allow the school to exchange the information needed to protect the food allergic student and balance competing educational interests without violating federal or State laws that govern student records, they can also present other risks (i.e., re-disclosure of the confidential information). See Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. §1232g, and its implementing rules at 34 C.F.R. Part 99; Ill. School Student Records Act, 105 ILCS 10/, and its implementing rules at 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375. FERPA prohibits schools from disclosing personally identifiable information from students' education records without the consent of a parent or eligible student, unless an exception applies. See policy 7:340, <i>Student Records</i> .
	Prepare a list of answers to anticipated questions about managing the student's health needs.
	Check with the Nurse/DSP regarding any known competing educational interests with the student's health needs among other students attending the school (i.e., diabetes, service animals, etc.). Manage identified students' competing educational interests by:  1. Consulting the Board Attorney.
	<ul><li>2. Creating a method to monitor identified competing educational interests between students.</li><li>3. Responding to future unidentified competing educational</li></ul>
	interests and managing them immediately.

Actor	Action
	4. Modifying any other conditions as the facts of the situation require.
IEP or 504 Team	Implement and follow all identified responsibilities in the 504 Plan. Understand that accidental exposures are more likely to occur when an unplanned event occurs, which makes is critical to follow the exact accommodations in the student's 504 Plan (p.13).  Practice emergency procedures outlined in the student's EAP and be
	prepared to follow them (App. B-3, p. 44).
Parent/Guardian	Implement and follow the applicable items in the <i>Parent/Guardian</i> of Children with Food Allergies Checklist (p. 25).
Student	Implement and follow the applicable items in the <i>Students with Food Allergies Checklist</i> (p. 26).

### **Phase Three: Response to Allergic Reactions**

Actor	Action
IEP or 504 Team	Follow the student's 504 Plan and EAP.
Anyone	Any time an allergic reaction is suspected, administer the epinephrine injector first, and then call 911. Fatalities occur when epinephrine is delayed or withheld (p. 21).
Nurse/DSP	Implement and follow the applicable items in the <i>Return to School After a Reaction Checklist</i> (App. B-2, p. 43). If the student has no EAP and IHCP or 504 Plan, provide the parent/guardian with the EAP (App. B-5, p. 48) and <i>Sample Allergy History</i> (App. B-8, p. 56) forms and refer them to the process outlined in the <b>Identification of Students with Food Allergies</b> phase above.  Review <i>Special Considerations for the Student</i> ; specifically, collaborate with the student's medical provider (p. 23).

LEGAL REF: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.149.

October 2019 7:290

# **Students**

### Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention

Youth suicide impacts the safety of the school environment. It also affects the school community, diminishing the ability of surviving students to learn and the school's ability to educate. Suicide and depression awareness and prevention are important Board goals.

### Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program

The Superintendent or designee shall develop, implement, and maintain a suicide and depression awareness and prevention program (Program) that advances the Board's goals of increasing awareness and prevention of depression and suicide. This program must be consistent with the requirements of *Ann Marie's Law* listed below; each listed requirement, 1-6, corresponds with the list of required policy components in the School Code Section 5/2-3.166(c)(2)-(7). The Program shall include:

- 1. Protocols for administering youth suicide awareness and prevention education to students and staff.
  - a. For students, implementation will incorporate Board policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*, which implements 105 ILCS 5.2-3.139 and 105 ILCS 5/27-7 (requiring education for students to develop a sound mind and a healthy body).
  - b. For staff, implementation will incorporate Board policy 5:100, *Staff Development Program*, and teacher's institutes under 105 ILCS 5/3-14.8 (requiring coverage of the warning signs of suicidal behavior).
- 2. Procedures for methods of suicide prevention with the goal of early identification and referral of students possibly at risk of suicide. Implementation will incorporate:
  - a. The training required by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.39 for licensed school personnel and administrators who work with students to identify the warning signs of suicidal behavior in youth along with appropriate intervention and referral techniques, including methods of prevention, procedures for early identification, and referral of students at risk of suicide; and
  - b. Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE)-recommended guidelines and educational materials for staff training and professional development, along with ISBE-recommended resources for students containing age-appropriate educational materials on youth suicide and awareness, if available pursuant to *Ann Marie's Law* on ISBE's website.
- 3. Methods of intervention, including procedures that address an emotional or mental health safety plan for use during the school day and at school-sponsored events for a student identified as being at increased risk of suicide. Implementation will incorporate paragraph number 2, above, along with:
  - a. Board policy 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*, implementing the goals and benchmarks of the Ill. Learning Standards and 405 ILCS 49/15(b) (requiring student social and emotional development in the District's educational program);
  - b. Board policy 6:270, *Guidance and Counseling Program*, implementing guidance and counseling program(s) for students, and 105 ILCS 5/10-22.24a and 22.24b, which allow a

qualified guidance specialist or any licensed staff member to provide school counseling services;

- c. Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*, implementing the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/ (requiring protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health issues that impact learning ability); and
- d. State and/or federal resources that address emotional or mental health safety plans for students who are possibly at an increased risk for suicide, if available on the ISBE's website pursuant to *Ann Marie's Law*.
- 4. Methods of responding to a student or staff suicide or suicide attempt. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate building-level Student Support Committee(s) established through Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*.
- 5. Reporting procedures. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate Board policy 6:270, *Guidance and Counseling Program*, and Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*, in addition to other State and/or federal resources that address reporting procedures.
- 6. A process to incorporate ISBE-recommended resources on youth suicide awareness and prevention programs, including current contact information for such programs in the District's Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program.

### Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee

The Superintendent or designee shall attempt to develop a relationship between the District and the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee, the Illinois Suicide Prevention Coalition Alliance, and/or a community mental health agency. The purpose of the relationship is to discuss how to incorporate the goals and objectives of the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan into the District's Suicide Prevention and Depression Awareness Program.

### **Monitoring**

The Board will review and update this policy pursuant to *Ann Marie's Law* and Board policy 2:240, *Board Policy Development*.

#### Information to Staff, Parents/Guardians, and Students

The Superintendent shall inform each school district employee about this policy and ensure its posting on the District's website. The Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of this policy to the parent or legal guardian of each student enrolled in the District.

#### **Implementation**

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and federal laws, including the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

The District, Board, and its staff are protected from liability by the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act. Services provided pursuant to this policy: (1) do not replace the care of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed medical practitioner or professional trained in suicide prevention, assessments and counseling services, (2) are strictly limited to the available resources within the District, (3) do not extend beyond the school day and/or school-sponsored events, and (4) cannot guarantee or ensure the safety of a student or the student body.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.166, 5/14-1.01 et seq., 5/14-7.02, and 5/14-7.02b.

745 ILCS 10/.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 6:60

(Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:270 (Guidance and Counseling Program), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and

Harassment), 7:250 (Student Support Services)

October 2019 7:290-AP

### **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Resource Guide for Implementation of Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program</u>

The Superintendent or designee, at the District level, or the Building Principal or designee, at the building level, is responsible for implementing the Board's goals of increasing awareness and prevention of depression and suicide. The Superintendent and/or Building Principal(s) may want to assign Student Support Committees as established under 7:250-AP2, *Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs*, to assist them with the implementation of these goals. Use other locally available resources that may not be listed below to determine the best implementation methods.

Listed below are the six policy implementation components of Ann Marie's Law, 105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c), that are required to be included in Board policy 7:290, *Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention*. Each component lists specific implementation steps, along with any applicable sample **PRESS** policies, administrative procedures and/or exhibits, available State and/or federal resources, and examples if available. The III. State Board of Education (ISBE) has created the *Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers, and Staff,* at:

www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx,

C:\Users\jseeley\Downloads\www.isbe.net\Pages\Suicide-Prevention.aspxand provides other resources at the same website to guide the District in the implementation of policy 7:290, Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention. The resources listed in this procedure, and any information provided in the hyperlinks, should be confirmed with the Board Attorney before the Superintendent, Building Principal, or Student Support Committees apply them to a specific situation in the District.

### Policy Implementation Components of Ann Marie's Law

- 1. Awareness and Prevention Education Protocols for Students and Staff (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(2)).
  - a. For students, review 6:60, Curriculum Content, requiring health education for developing a sound mind and a healthy body and 7:250, Student Support Services, requiring protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health issues that impact learning ability. Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 1: Prevention Engaging and Educating Students, pp. 20-21, at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx.
  - b. For staff, review, 5:100, *Staff Development Program*, discussing in-service training and citing required teacher institute training concerning the warning signs of suicidal behavior, and assess incorporating information from the following resources:
    - Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 1: Prevention Professional Learning Opportunities for Staff and Choosing a Preventative Training Program for Staff, pp. 18-19, at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx</a>
    - Preventing Suicide: A Toolkit for High Schools (SAMHSA Toolkit), Chapter 4: Staff Education and Training including Tools, pp. 111 through 123 at: <a href="https://www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669">www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669</a>.

- 2. Methods of Prevention, Early Identification, and Referral (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(3)).
  - a. For staff, review: 5:100, Staff Development Program, discussing required behavioral training for school personnel; 6:60, Curriculum Content (see above for description); 7:250, Student Support Services (see above for description); and 7:250-AP2, Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs, establishing Student Support Committees to identify, prevent, and refer for students services with mental health challenges.
  - b. For staff, assess incorporating information from the following resources:

Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 2: Intervention, Procedure: Students at Risk, pp. 26-27, at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx.

*SAMHSA Toolkit* at: <a href="www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669">www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669</a>.

Chapter 1: Getting Started pp. 15-22; Tool 1.A, Suicide Prevention: Facts for Schools, p. 24; and Tools 1.D-1.H, pp. 32-51 (includes various youth suicide prevention topics).

Chapter 4: Staff Education and Training including Tools, pp. 111-123.

Chapter 7: Screening, and Resources: Staff Education and Screening including Tools, pp. 157-171.

ISBE Suicide Prevention at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx</a>.

Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan at:

www.dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/prevention-wellness/suicide-prevention.

Sample policy (procedures) on youth suicide prevention are available from The Trevor Project at: <a href="https://www.thetrevorproject.org/pages/modelschoolpolicy">www.thetrevorproject.org/pages/modelschoolpolicy</a>

Risk and Protective Factors for Suicide available at:

www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx. sprc.org/sites/sprc.org/files/library/RiskProtectiveFactorsPrimer.pdf.

c. Review and train staff on appropriate identification procedures (see example below):

### Identification of the At-Risk Student

**Note**: A more detailed procedure may be developed with the aid of the resources in 2.b., above.

- 1) An employee having any reason to believe a student is considering or threatening suicide is to contact the Building Principal and District social worker/counselor.
- 2) The social worker/counselor or Building Principal will meet with the student.
- 3) The social worker/counselor will call the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) and arrange a meeting. All calls and meetings with parent(s)/guardian(s) will be documented and a copy of the documentation sent by certified mail to the parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 4) The social worker/counselor will suggest to the parent(s)/guardian(s) that the State or community mental health agency be contacted. This suggestion shall be a part of the documentation sent to the parent(s)/guardian(s). A student should never be left alone if an employee reasonably believes the student is in imminent risk of suicide. An employee should immediately contact the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).

- 3. Methods of Intervention; Emotional or Mental Health Safety Plans for At-Risk Students (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(4)).
  - a. Review policies 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development, incorporating student social and emotional development into the District's educational program as required by the goals and benchmarks of the Ill. Learning Standards and 405 ILCS 49/15(b); 6:270, Guidance and Counseling Program, requiring the District to have guidance counseling available to implement the protocols directed in 7:250, Student Support Services; and 7:250-AP2, Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs, requiring protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health needs that impact learning ability as required by the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/.
  - b. Train staff pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-22.24b, which allows school counseling services to be used for suicide issues and intervention.
  - c. Assess incorporating information from the following resources:
    - Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 2: Intervention Procedure: Responding to a Student Displaying Warning Signs or Student Suicide Attempt, pp. 27-29, and Guidelines: Modifying Intervention Protocols Crafting a Protocol for Helping Students at Risk, pp. 30-31, at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx</a>.
    - *SAMHSA Toolkit* at: <a href="https://www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669">www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669</a>.
      - Chapter 2: Protocols for Helping Students at Risk of Suicide, pp. 57-66 and Tools 2.A-2.B.2, pp. 68-72.
      - Chapter 6: Student Programs including Tools, pp. 139-156.
      - Resources: Getting Started, pp. 177-182; Staff Education and Training, pp. 186-192; and Student Education and Skill-Building, pp. 194-204.

Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan at:

www.sprc.org/sites/default/files/011519ohpm-suicide-prevention-plan-2018-2021.pdf.

- 4. Methods of Responding to a Suicide Attempt (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(5)).
  - a. Review policies listed above in number 3.a.
  - b. Assess incorporating information from the following resources:
    - Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 2: Guidelines: Modifying Intervention Protocols Crafting a Protocol for Helping Students at Risk, pp. 30-31, and Module 3: Postvention, Procedure: Responding to a Completed Student Suicide, pp. 36-39, at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx</a>.
    - *SAMHSA Toolkit* at: <a href="www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669">www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669</a>.
      - Chapter 3: After a Suicide including Tools, pp. 92-109. (some material adaptable to a suicide attempt)

Resources: Crisis Response Postvention, pp. 182-185.

After a Suicide: A Toolkit for Schools (ISBE Toolkit) at: <a href="https://www.sprc.org/sites/default/files/migrate/library/AfteraSuicideToolkitforSchools.pdf">www.sprc.org/sites/default/files/migrate/library/AfteraSuicideToolkitforSchools.pdf</a>. (some material adaptable to a suicide attempt)

- 5. Reporting Procedures (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(6)).
  - a. Review 6:270, Guidance and Counseling Program, providing a counseling program that the Superintendent may designate as responsible for development of the District's depression awareness and suicide prevention program procedures; 7:250, Student Support Services, identifying District support services that will be ultimately responsible for properly implementing the reporting procedures; and 7:250-AP2, Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Needs, establishing Student Support Committees for purposes of identifying, preventing and referring for services students with mental health needs.
  - b. Assess incorporating information from the following resources:
    - Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, Module 2: Guidelines: Modifying Intervention Protocols Crafting a Procedure for Students Exhibiting Warning Signs and for a Student Suicide, pp. 31-34, at: <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx</a>.
    - *SAMHSA Toolkit* at: <a href="https://www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669">www.store.samhsa.gov/product/Preventing-Suicide-A-Toolkit-for-High-Schools/SMA12-4669</a>.
      - Chapter 2: Protocols for Helping Students at Risk of Suicide: Tools 2.B.3-6 (pp. 70-72), 2.C (p. 79) and 2.D (pp. 70-81).
  - c. Review appropriate identification procedures (see example below):

#### Documentation Regarding the At-Risk Student

**Note**: A more detailed procedure may be developed with the aid of the resources in 5.b., above.

- 1) District employees shall take notes on any conversations that involve or relate to the atrisk student. The notes shall become a part of a written report to the Building Principal.
- 2) Conversations that involve or relate to the at-risk student shall be confirmed in writing with the other party(s).
- The Superintendent shall receive a copy of all reports and documentation regarding the at-risk student.
- 4) The social worker/counselor shall prepare a report of the situation for the student's records.
- d. Provide training for staff regarding identification procedures that the District will implement.
- 6. Resources and Contact Information (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(c)(7)).
  - a. Illinois suicide prevention organizations and State contacts at: <a href="www.sprc.org/states/illinois">www.sprc.org/states/illinois</a>:

Jennifer L. Martin, Injury Prevention Coordinator (at time of publication) 535 West Jefferson, 2nd Floor Springfield, IL 62761 Jennifer.L.Martin@illinois.gov (217) 558-4081

Steve Moore, J.D., Co-Chair, Illinois Suicide Prevention Alliance Board member (at time of publication)

Smoore200400@yahoo.com

(312) 391-8056

b. Primary implementation resources for 7:290-AP, Resource Guide for Implementation of Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program:

Illinois Youth Suicide Prevention Toolkit: A Reference for Administrators, Counselors, Teachers and Staff, at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx.

SAMHSA Toolkit: Chapter 1: Getting Started; Tools 1.I and 1.J., pp. 52-53.

Resources: Screening Program, p. 205; and National Organization and Federal Agencies with Resource and Information on Adolescent Suicide Prevention, pp. 206-208.

ISBE Toolkit at:

 $\underline{www.sprc.org/sites/default/files/migrate/library/AfteraSuicideToolkitforSchools.pdf}.$ 

ISBE Suicide Prevention at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Suicide-Prevention.aspx.

ISBE recommended guidelines and educational materials for training and professional development and ISBE-recommended resources containing age-appropriate educational materials on youth suicide and awareness, if available on ISBE's website pursuant to Ann Marie's Law (105 ILCS 5/2-3.166(b)(2)(B), amended by P.A.s 99-443 and 99-642).

Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan at:

www.sprc.org/sites/default/files/011519ohpm-suicide-prevention-plan-2018-2021.pdf.

c. Other available resources:

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention, Illinois Chapter at:

www.afsp.org/chapter/afsp-illinois/The III. Department of Human Services is required by 20 ILCS 1705/76, added by P.A. 101-45, eff. 1-1-20, to develop an online database of mental health resources geared toward school counselors, parents, and teachers at: www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=29751.

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline at: www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/.

Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity and Youth Suicide at: <a href="https://www.dph.illinois.gov/sites/default/files/publications/suicide-sexual-orientationin-youth-050216.pdf">www.dph.illinois.gov/sites/default/files/publications/suicide-sexual-orientationin-youth-050216.pdf</a>.

The Suicide Prevention Resource Center (SPRC) (<a href="www.sprc.org/states/illinois">www.sprc.org/states/illinois</a>.

at: <a href="www.sprc.org/states/illinois">www.sprc.org/states/illinois</a>.

The Suicide Resource Center has an awareness public prevention pilot program titled *It Only Takes One* at: www.itonlytakesone.org/.

October 2015 7:300

# **Students**

### **Extracurricular Athletics**

Student participation in school-sponsored extracurricular athletic activities is contingent upon the following:

- 1. The student must meet the academic criteria set forth in Board policy 6:190, *Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities*.
- 2. A parent/guardian of the student must provide written permission for the student's participation, giving the District full waiver of responsibility of the risks involved.
- 3. The student must present a current certificate of physical fitness issued by a licensed physician, an advanced practice nurse, or a physician assistant. The *Pre-Participation Physical Examination Form*, offered by the Illinois High School Association and the Illinois Elementary School Association, is the preferred certificate of physical fitness.
- 4. The student must show proof of accident insurance coverage either by a policy purchased through the District-approved insurance plan or a parent(s)/guardian(s) written statement that the student is covered under a family insurance plan.
- 5. The student must agree to follow all conduct rules and the coaches' instructions.
- 6. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must provide written consent to random drug and alcohol testing pursuant to the Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program.
- 7. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must: (a) comply with the eligibility rules of, and complete any forms required by, any sponsoring association (such as, the Illinois Elementary School Association, the Illinois High School Association, or the Southern Illinois Junior High School Athletic Association), and (b) complete all forms required by the District including, without limitation, signing an acknowledgment of receiving information about the Board's concussion policy 7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries.

The Superintendent or designee (1) is authorized to impose additional requirements for a student to participate in extracurricular athletics, provided the requirement(s) comply with Board policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*, and (2) shall maintain the necessary records to ensure student compliance with this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.30, 5/10-20.54, 5/22-80, and 25/2.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530(b).

CROSS REF.: 4:100 (Insurance Management), 4:170 (Safety), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-

Curricular Activities), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:305 (Student Athlete

Concussions and Head Injuries), 7:340 (Student Records)

October 2017 7:300-E1

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Agreement to Participate**

On District letterhead

Each student and his or her parent/guardian must read and sign this *Agreement to Participate* each year before being allowed to participate in interscholastic athletics or intramural athletics. The completed *Agreement* should be returned to the Coach.

Studen	t Name (printed)
1.	I wish to participate in the interscholastic athletics or intramural athletics that are circled baseball, basketball, cheerleading, cross country track, fencing, field hockey, football, golf gymnastics, ice hockey, lacrosse, marching band, rugby, soccer, skating, softball, swimming and diving, tennis, track (indoor and outdoor), ultimate Frisbee, volleyball, water polo wrestling, other (identify sports)

- 2. I acknowledge reading the eligibility rules of any group or association sponsoring any athletic activity in which I want to participate and I agree to abide by them.
- 3. Before I am allowed to participate, I must: (a) provide the School District with a certificate of physical fitness (the *Pre-Participation Physical Examination Form* from the IHSA or IESA serves this purpose), (b) show proof of accident insurance coverage, and (c) complete all forms required by any association sponsoring the interscholastic athletic activity, including when applicable and without limitation, *IHSA Sports Medicine Acknowledgment & Consent Form, Acknowledgment and Consent*. IHSA refers to the Illinois High School Association and IESA refers to the Illinois Elementary School Association.
- 4. I agree to abide by all conduct rules and will behave in a sportsmanlike manner. I agree to follow the coaches' instructions, playing techniques, and training schedule as well as all safety rules.
- 5. I understand that Board policy 7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries, requires, among other things, that a student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion or head injury must be removed from practice or competition at that time and that the student will not be allowed to return to play or practice until he or she has successfully completed return-to-play and return-to-learn protocols, including having been cleared to return by the treating physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, physician assistant, treating advanced practice registered nurse, or a certified athletic trainer working under the supervision of a physician.
- 6. I am aware that with participation in sports comes the risk of injury, and I understand that the degree of danger and seriousness of risk vary significantly from one sport to another with contact sports carrying the highest risk. I am aware that participating in sports involves travel with the team. I acknowledge and accept the risks inherent in the sport(s) or athletics in which I will be participating and in all travel involved. I agree to hold the District, its employees,

# Board Approved November 20, 2017

actions, claims, or demands of any connection with my participating	,
intramural athletics. The terms herecheirs, estate, executor, administrator,	1
Student Signature	 ate

agents, coaches, School Board members, and volunteers harmless from any and all liability,

### To be read and signed by the parent/guardian of the student:

- 1. I am the parent/guardian of the above named student and give my permission for my child to participate in the interscholastic sport(s) or intramural athletics indicated. I have read the above *Agreement to Participate* and understand its terms.
- 2. I understand that all sports can involve many **risks of injury**, and I understand that the degree of danger and seriousness of risk vary significantly from one sport to another with contact sports carrying the higher risk. I am aware that participating in sports involves travel with the team. In consideration of the School District permitting my child to participate, I agree to hold the District, its employees, agents, coaches, Board members and volunteers harmless from any and all liability, actions, claims or demands of any kind and nature whatsoever that may arise by or in connection with the participation of my child in the sport(s) or athletics. I assume all responsibility and certify that my child is in good physical health and is capable of participation in the above indicated sport or athletics.

Parent/Guardian Signature	Date	
<b>Emergency Contact Information</b>		
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	

May/June 2018 7:300-E2

# **Students**

# **Exhibit - Certificate of Physical Fitness for Participation in Athletics**

To be submitted to the Building Principal. (please p	print)
Student	Sport/Activity
Parent/Guardian	Home phone
Home address	Cell phone
Emergency contact (relationship to student)	Contact phone
Physician	Physician phone
Medical History: Date of Birth:	Height: Weight:
☐ Heart condition ☐ Diabetes ☐ Asthma ☐ Epilepsy ☐ Allergie ☐ Other_	: Requires child to self-administer medication
List all medications (prescribed and over the count	ter)
Injuries (brief description and dates)  Surgeries (brief description and dates)	
Physical activity restrictions (brief description and	duration)
No need exists to limit his/her particip physical condition and participation, and volume 2. I have completed and submitted the <i>Auth</i> the school to seek medical treatment for when reasonable attempts to contact me an	morization for Medical Treatment form allowing my child in the event of a medical emergency re unsuccessful.  ication while participating in athletics, I have
Parent/Guardian signature	Date

Page 1 of 1

October 2017 7:300-E3

# **Students**

	<u>otac</u>	<del>lents</del>
	it - Authorization for Medical Treatme	
10 be s	submitted to the Superintendent. (please prin	11)
Stude	ent	Sport/Activity
Paren	nt/Guardian	Home phone
Home	e address	Cell phone
Physi	cian	Physician phone
Medi	cal Information: (list allergies, medications	. conditions and any known restrictions)
		•
	event of a medical emergency and if reasons listed above are unsuccessful:	onable attempts to contact me using the telephone
		do howahry authorizar
•	arent or legal guardian of the above student,	•
1.		n of my child in the event of a medical emergency ian, may endanger his/her life, cause disfigurement, if delayed, and
2.	Transfer of my child to any hospital reason	nably accessible at my expense.
Paren	nt/Guardian Signature	Date

7:305

### **Students**

### Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a program to manage concussions and head injuries suffered by students. The program shall:

- 1. Fully implement the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act, that provides, without limitation, each of the following:
  - a. The Board must appoint or approve member(s) of a Concussion Oversight Team for the District.
  - b. The Concussion Oversight Team shall establish each of the following based on peerreviewed scientific evidence consistent with guidelines from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention:
    - i. A return-to-play protocol governing a student's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol.
    - ii. A return-to-learn protocol governing a student's return to the classroom following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee shall supervise the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-learn protocol.
  - c. Each student and the student's parent/guardian shall be required to sign a concussion information receipt form each school year before participating in an interscholastic athletic activity.
  - d. A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletic practice or competition immediately if any of the following individuals believes that the student sustained a concussion during the practice and/or competition: a coach, a physician, a game official, an athletic trainer, the student's parent/guardian, the student, or any other person deemed appropriate under the return-to-play protocol.
  - e. A student who was removed from interscholastic athletic practice or competition shall be allowed to return only after all statutory prerequisites are completed, including without limitation, the return-to-play and return-to-learn protocols developed by the Concussion Oversight Team. An athletic team coach or assistant coach may not authorize a student's return-to-play or return-to-learn.
  - f. The following individuals must complete concussion training as specified in the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act: all coaches or assistant coaches (whether volunteer or a district employee) of interscholastic athletic activities; nurses, licensed healthcare professionals or non-licensed healthcare professionals who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team (whether or not they serve on a volunteer basis); athletic trainers; game officials of interscholastic athletic activities; and physicians who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team.

- g. The Board shall approve school-specific emergency action plans for interscholastic athletic activities to address the serious injuries and acute medical conditions in which a student's condition may deteriorate rapidly.
- 2. Comply with the concussion protocols, policies, and by-laws of the Illinois High School Association (IHSA), including its *Protocol for Implementation of NFHS Sports Playing Rules for Concussion*, which includes its *Return to Play (RTP) Policy*. These specifically require that:
  - a. A student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion in a practice or game shall be removed from participation or competition at that time.
  - b. A student athlete who has been removed from an interscholastic contest for a possible concussion or head injury may not return to that contest unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer.
  - c. If not cleared to return to that contest, a student athlete may not return to play or practice until the student athlete has provided his or her school with written clearance from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois.
- 3. Require that all high school coaching personnel, including the head and assistant coaches, and athletic directors obtain online concussion certification by completing online concussion awareness training in accordance with 105 ILCS 25/1.15.
- 4. Require all student athletes to view the IHSA video about concussions.
- 5. Inform student athletes and their parent(s)/guardian(s) about this policy in the *Agreement to Participate* or other written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian must sign before the student is allowed to participate in a practice or interscholastic competition.
- 6. Provide coaches and student athletes and their parent(s)/guardian(s) with educational materials from the IHSA regarding the nature and risk of concussions and head injuries, including the risks inherent in continuing to play after a concussion or head injury.
- 7. Include a requirement for staff members to notify the parent/guardian of a student who exhibits symptoms consistent with that of a concussion.
- 8. Include a requirement for staff members to distribute the Ill. Dept. of Public Health concussion brochure to any student or the parent/guardian of a student who may have sustained a concussion, regardless of whether or not the concussion occurred while the student was participating in an interscholastic athletic activity, if available.

[For high school districts that belong to the IHSA and have certified athletic trainers.]

9. Include a requirement for certified athletic trainers to complete and submit a monthly report to the IHSA on student-athletes who have sustained a concussion during: 1) a school-sponsored activity overseen by the athletic trainer; or 2) a school-sponsored event of which the athletic director is made aware.

# Elmwood CUSD #322

# Board Approved November 26, 2018

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/22-80.

105 ILCS 25/1.15.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 7:300 (Extracurricular

Athletics)

7:305-AP

# **Students**

### <u>Administrative Procedure - Program for Managing Student Athlete Concussions and</u> Head Injuries

### State Law

1. The Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act contains concussion safety directives for School Boards and certain identified staff members. 105 ILCS 5/22-80, added by P.A. 99-245, amended by P.A.s 99-486, 100-309, and 100-747. A School District must implement Sec. 22-80 if it offers interscholastic athletic activities or interscholastic athletics under the direction of a coach (volunteer or school employee), athletic director, or band leader. An *interscholastic athletic activity* "means any organized school-sponsored or school-sanctioned activity for students, generally outside of school instructional hours, under the direction of a coach, athletic director, or band leader, including, but not limited to, baseball, basketball, cheerleading, cross country track, fencing, field hockey, football, golf, gymnastics, ice hockey, lacrosse, marching band, rugby, soccer, skating, softball, swimming and diving, tennis, track (indoor and outdoor), ultimate Frisbee, volleyball, water polo, and wrestling. All interscholastic athletics are deemed to be interscholastic activities." 105 ILCS 5/22-80(b).

A School District may need to implement its return-to-learn protocol for a student's return to the classroom after he or she is believed to have experienced a concussion, "whether or not the concussion took place while the student was participating in an interscholastic activity." 105 ILCS 5/22-80(d). For a comprehensive discussion of this Act, see the IASB publication, *Checklist for Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act*, at: <a href="https://www.iasb.com/law/Checklistconcussionsafetyact.pdf">https://www.iasb.com/law/Checklistconcussionsafetyact.pdf</a>. Helpful guidance for implementing this law plus training modules are available from the Lurie Children's Hospital's *A Guide for Teachers and School Professionals*, also available using the above link.

- 2. 105 ILCS 25/1.15 requires: (a) all high school coaching personnel to complete online concussion awareness training, and (b) all student athletes to view the IHSA video about concussions.
- 3. 105 ILCS 25/1.20, added by P.A. 99-831, requires the IHSA to require all member districts that have certified athletic trainers to have those trainers complete and submit a monthly report on student-athletes who have sustained a concussion during: (1) a school-sponsored activity overseen by the athletic trainer; or (2) a school-sponsored event of which the athletic director is made aware. **Concussion** A complex pathophysiological process affecting the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symptoms or altered sleep patterns and which may or may not involve a loss of consciousness. 105 ILCS 5/22-80. See also: *Returning to School After a Concussion: A Fact Sheet for School Professionals*, www.cdc.gov/headsup/pdfs/schools/tbi returning to school-a.pdf.
- 4. 20 ILCS 2310/2310-207, added by P.A. 100-747, eff. 1-1-19, requires: (a) the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH), subject to appropriation, to develop, publish, and disseminate a brochure to educate the general public on the effects of concussions in children and discuss how to look for concussion warning signs in children, and (b) schools to distribute this brochure, free of charge, to any child or parent/guardian of a child who may have sustained a concussion, regardless of whether or not the concussion occurred while the child was participating in an interscholastic athletic activity, if available.

Actor	Action
School Board	Adopt a Board policy on concussions. See policy 7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries.
	Approve members of the Concussion Oversight Team. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(d).
	Approve school-specific emergency action plan(s) for interscholastic athletic activities to address serious injuries and acute medical conditions that may cause a student's condition to deteriorate rapidly. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(i).
	Monitor the effectiveness of Board policy 7:305, <i>Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries</i> , by discussing with the Superintendent or designee the type of data the Board needs to monitor the policy, establishing a monitoring calendar, and reviewing the data provided by the Superintendent or designee.
Superintendent or designee	Identify individuals to serve on the Concussion Oversight Team; request Board approval. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(d).
	A physician, to the extent possible, must be on the Team. If the school employs an athletic trainer and/or nurse, he or she must be on the Team to the extent practicable. The Team must include, at a minimum, one person who is responsible for implementing and complying with the return-to-play and return-to-learn protocols adopted by the Team. Other licensed health care professionals may be appointed to serve on the Team. The Team may be composed of only one person who need not be a licensed healthcare professional, but may not be a coach.
	<b>Note</b> : As this is administrative/staff work rather than governance work, the best practice is to have the Concussion Oversight Team be an <i>administrative</i> committee, but consult the Board Attorney for guidance. If it is a Board committee, it must comply with the Open Meetings Act, 5 ILCS 120/1.02. For a discussion of the Open Meetings Act's treatment of committees, see the footnotes in Board policy 2:150, <i>Committees</i> .
	Require that all high school coaching personnel, including the head and assistant coaches, and athletic directors obtain an online concussion certification in accordance with 105 ILCS 25/1.15.
	Coaching personnel and athletic directors hired on or after 8-19-14 must be certified before their position's starting date.
	Require that the following individuals complete concussion training as specified in the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act: coaches or assistant coaches (whether volunteer or a District employee) of interscholastic athletic activities; nurses, physicians, other licensed health professionals and non-licensed health care professionals who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team; athletic trainers; and game officials of interscholastic athletic activities. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(h).

Actor	Action
	Individuals covered by this training mandate must initially have completed the training prior to serving on the Concussion Oversight Team and at least once every two years (or if not on the Team, at least once every two years). See the footnotes in policies 5:100, Staff Development Program, and 7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries.
	Identify the staff members who are responsible for student athletes, including Building Principals, and require that they comply with IHSA concussion protocols, policies, and by-laws, including its <i>Protocol for Implementation of NFHS Sports Playing Rules for Concussions</i> , at:
	www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsmedicine/ihsa_protocols_for_nfhs_co
	ncussion playing rule.pdf.  Along with the Building Principal(s), develop and maintain school-specific emergency action plan(s) for interscholastic athletic activities to address serious injuries and acute medical conditions that may cause a student's condition to deteriorate rapidly; present it/them to the Board for approval. 105 ILCS 22-80(i).
	Hold the staff members responsible for implementing this procedure.
Concussion Oversight Team	Establish each of the following based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence consistent with guidelines from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(d). See <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/headsup/index.html">www.cdc.gov/headsup/index.html</a> .
	1. A <i>return-to-play protocol</i> governing a student's return to interscholastic athletic practice or competition following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee (not a coach) must supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(g).
	The student's treating physician or an athletic trainer working under a physician's supervision must evaluate and find that it is safe for the student to return to play. The student's parent/guardian must sign a consent form that complies with statutory prerequisites. IHSA's website contains a form for this, <i>Post-concussion Consent Form (RTP/RTL)</i> , at: <a href="mailto:ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx">ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx</a> .  It is an open question whether the return-to-play protocol is limited to when the concussion occurred during an interscholastic athletic activity, because the statute does not state "whether or not
	the concussion took place while the student was participating in an interscholastic athletic activity." It makes sense, however, to apply the return-to-play protocol whenever a student suffers a concussion before allowing him or her to participate in an

Actor	Action
	interscholastic athletic activity.
	2. A return-to-learn protocol governing a student's return to the classroom following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee (not a coach) must supervise the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-learn protocol. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(g).
	The return-to-learn protocol governs a student's return to the classroom after a concussion, whether or not the concussion took place while the student was participating in an interscholastic athletic activity. Guidance from Lurie Children's Hospital explains that recovery from a concussion must be an individualized process, because no two concussions are the same. See <i>Return to Learn after a Concussion: A Guide for Teachers and School Professionals</i> , Lurie Children's Hospital. This Guide explains that a student's full recovery depends on both cognitive and physical rest. It suggests using a multidisciplinary team to facilitate a student's return to the classroom and provides examples of accommodations and interventions. It also stresses the importance of identifying a school staff member who will function as a case manager or concussion management leader, e.g., a school nurse, athletic trainer, or school counselor.
Building Principals or designees	Along with the Superintendent, develop and maintain school-specific <i>emergency action plan(s)</i> for interscholastic athletic activities to address serious injuries and acute medical conditions that may cause a student's condition to deteriorate rapidly; present the plan(s) to the Superintendent who will present it/them to the Board for approval. 105 ILCS 22-80(i).
	A template is available on the IHSA website under Emergency Action Plan (EAP) Resources, at: <u>www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx.</u> Require coaches and assistant coaches, trainers, and other staff members who are responsible for student athletes to:
	Review and abide by the IHSA protocols, polices, and by-laws regarding concussions and head injuries, at: <a href="https://www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/StakeholderResponibilities.aspx">www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/StakeholderResponibilities.aspx</a> .
	2. Provide information to student athletes and their parents/guardians each school year about concussions and otherwise perform all duties identified by law or described in this procedure.
	School districts must include information about concussions in the student athlete agreement, contract, code, or written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian are

Actor	Action
	required to sign before participating in a practice or interscholastic competition. IHSA drafted a sample Concussion Information Sheet, which is included within the IHSA Sports Medicine Acknowledgement & Consent Form at: <a href="mailto:ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx">ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx</a> . It has been incorporated into 7:300-E1, Agreement to Participate.
	3. Distribute the IDPH concussion brochure, if available, to any student or the parent/guardian of a student who may have sustained a concussion, regardless of whether or not the concussion occurred while the student was participating in an interscholastic athletic activity. 20 ILCS 2310/2310-307.
	Maintain appropriate school student records for student athletes.
	Although a <i>concussion policy acknowledgment</i> is no longer required, an ISBE rule defines <i>health-related information</i> to include a <i>concussion policy acknowledgment</i> . 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10. The acknowledgment must be kept with the student's school student records as a temporary record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40.
	All written information concerning an injury to a student athlete, including without limitation, a return-to-play clearance, must be kept with the student's school student records as a temporary record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §§375.10 and 375.40. An ISBE rule defines <i>health-related information</i> to include "other health-related information that is relevant to school participation, e.g., nursing services plan, failed screenings, yearly sports physical exams, interim health histories for sports." 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.
Each student participant in an interscholastic athletic activity and his or her	Each school year, sign a concussion information receipt form before participating in an interscholastic athletic activity. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(e).
parent/guardian	Interscholastic athletic activity is defined on the first page of this procedure. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(b).
	The form must be approved by IHSA. See <u>ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ConcussionResources.aspx</u> , for <u>IHSA Concussion Protocols</u> and IHSA  Sports Medicine Acknowledgement & Consent Form (Concussion, PES, Asthma Medication)
	Annually view IHSA's video about concussions (applicable to only high school student athletes). 105 ILCS 25/1.15(e).
	Become knowledgeable about the concussion symptoms and ask questions of any athletic staff member.
	Inform the coach or other supervisor about any trauma to the student's head and/or any symptoms of a concussion or confirmed concussion regardless of where and when it occurred.

Actor	Action
	Follow the District's return-to-play and/or return-to-learn protocol(s), as applicable, whenever the student suffers a concussion.
Coaches or Assistant Coaches (whether volunteer or a District employee) of interscholastic athletic activities;	Complete concussion training as specified in the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(h).
	Interscholastic athletic activity is defined on the first page of this procedure. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(b).
Nurses and Physicians who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team; Athletic Trainers; and	Individuals covered by this training mandate must complete the training prior to serving on the Concussion Oversight Team and at least once every two years (or if not on the Team, at least once every two years). See the footnotes in policy 5:100, <i>Staff Development Program</i> .
Game Officials of interscholastic athletic activities	Complete IHSA's online concussion certification program (required only of high school coaching personnel including, without limitation, athletic directors). 105 ILCS 25/1.15.
	Learn concussion symptoms and danger signs. See <a href="https://www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsmedicine/ihsa_concussion_information_n_sheet.pdf">www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsmedicine/ihsa_concussion_information_insheet.pdf</a> .
Coaches and Assistant Coaches of interscholastic athletic activities Athletic Trainers	Each school year, have student athletes and their parents/guardians, or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student, sign a form "that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms,
Other staff members who are responsible for student athletes	treatment, and oversight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion." The form must be approved by IHSA. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(e).
	Each school year, inform student athletes and their parents/guardians about concussions and head injuries by:
	1. Giving them a copy of the IHSA's Concussion Information Sheet at the time they sign exhibit 7:300-E1, Agreement to Participate, or other agreement, contract, code, or written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian are required to sign before the student is allowed to participate in a practice or interscholastic competition. The Concussion Information Sheet, is included within the IHSA Sports Medicine Acknowledgement & Consent Form at:
	www.ihsa.org/Resources/DownloadCenter.aspx.
	2. Using educational material provided by IHSA to educate student athletes and parents/guardians about the nature and risk of concussions and head injuries, including the risks inherent in continuing to play after a concussion or head injury. See <a href="www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx">www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx</a> . The Center for Disease Control and Prevention offers free printed educational materials on concussions that can be ordered or downloaded and distributed to parents, students, and coaches.

Actor	Action
	See www.cdc.gov/headsup/index.html.
	Remove a student from an interscholastic athletic practice or competition immediately if any of the following individuals believes that the student sustained a concussion during the practice and/or competition: a coach, a physician, a game official, an athletic trainer, the student's parent/guardian, the student, or any other person deemed appropriate under the return-to-play protocol. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(f).
	Comply with the IHSA concussion management guidelines, including its <i>Protocol for Implementation of NFHS Sports Playing Rules for Concussion</i> , which includes its <i>Return to Play (RTP) Policy</i> , at: <a href="https://www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsmedicine/ihsa_protocols_for_nfhs_concussion_playing_rule.pdf">www.ihsa.org/documents/sportsmedicine/ihsa_protocols_for_nfhs_concussion_playing_rule.pdf</a> . These guidelines, in summary, require that:
	1. A student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion (e.g., loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems) in a practice or game shall be removed from participation or competition at that time.
	2. A student athlete who has been removed from an interscholastic contest for a possible concussion or head injury may not return to that contest unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer.
	3. If not cleared to return to that contest, a student athlete may not return to play or practice until the student athlete has provided his or her school with written clearance from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois, and has completed the return-to-play protocol in compliance with the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act, 105 ILCS 5/22-80(g).
	Inform the student athlete's parent/guardian about a possible concussion and give the parent/guardian a fact sheet on concussion, at:
	www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx.
	Allow a student who was removed from interscholastic athletic practice or competition to return only after all statutory prerequisites are completed, including without limitation, completing the return-to-play and return-to-learn protocols developed by the Concussion Oversight Team. An athletic team coach or assistant coach may not authorize a student's return-to-play or return-to-learn. 105 ILCS 5/22-80(g).
	Most students with a concussion will not need a formal 504 plan or individualized education program; contact the Board Attorney

Actor	Action
	whenever one is requested or the student's symptoms are prolonged.
Athletic trainers	Complete a monthly report on student-athletes who have sustained a concussion during: (1) a school-sponsored activity overseen by the athletic trainer; or (2) a school-sponsored event of which the athletic director is made aware. Do not identify student names in the monthly report. 105 ILCS 25/1.20.  Submit this monthly report to the interscholastic athletic organization to which the school belongs.

October 2016 7:310

# **Students**

### Restrictions on Publications; Elementary Schools

[For elementary or unit districts only]

#### School-Sponsored Publications and Web Sites

School-sponsored publications, productions, and web sites are part of the curriculum and are not a public forum for general student use. School authorities may edit or delete material that is inconsistent with the District's educational mission.

All school-sponsored communications shall comply with the ethics and rules of responsible journalism. Text that is libelous, obscene, vulgar, lewd, invades the privacy of others, conflicts with the basic educational mission of the school, is socially inappropriate, is inappropriate due to the maturity of the students, or is materially disruptive to the educational process will not be tolerated.

The author's name will accompany personal opinions and editorial statements. An opportunity for the expression of differing opinions from those published/produced will be provided within the same media.

### Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed On-Campus

For purposes of this section and the following section, a *publication* includes, without limitation: (1) written or electronic print material, (2) audio-visual material on any medium including electromagnetic media (e.g., images, MP3 files, flash memory, etc.), or combinations of these whether off-line (e.g., a printed book, CD-ROM, etc.) or online (e.g., any website, social networking site, database for information retrieval, etc.), or (3) information or material on electronic devices (e.g., data or voice messages delivered by cell phones, tablets, and other hand-held devices).

Creating, distributing, and/or accessing non-school sponsored publications shall occur at a time and place and in a manner that will not cause disruption, be coercive, or result in the perception that the distribution or the publication is endorsed by the School District.

Students are prohibited from creating, distributing, and/or accessing at school any publication that:

- 1. Will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
- 2. Violates the rights of others, including but not limited to material that is libelous, invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
- 3. Is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to maturity level of the students, including but not limited to material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, contains indecent and vulgar language, or *sexting* as defined by School Board policy and Student Handbooks;
- 4. Is reasonably viewed as promoting illegal drug use; or
- 5. Is distributed in kindergarten through eighth grade and is primarily prepared by non-students, unless it is being used for school purposes. Nothing herein shall be interpreted to prevent the inclusion of material from outside sources or the citation to such sources as long as the material to be distributed or accessed is primarily prepared by students.

Accessing or distributing *on-campus* includes accessing or distributing on school property or at school-related activities. A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for: (1) accessing or distributing forbidden material, or (2) for writing, creating, or publishing such material intending for it to be accessed or distributed at school.

### Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed Off-Campus

A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for creating and/or distributing a publication that: (1) causes a substantial disruption or a foreseeable risk of a substantial disruption to school operations, or (2) interferes with the rights of other students or staff members.

### **Bullying and Cyberbullying**

The Superintendent or designee shall treat behavior that is *bullying* and/or *cyberbullying* according to Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, in addition to any response required by this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7

Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 108 S.Ct. 562 (1988).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit School Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir.

1993).

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist., 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.: 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to

Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 8:25 (Advertising and Distributing

Materials in School Provided by Non-School Related Entities)

May/June 2018 7:310-AP

# **Students**

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School Sponsored Publications; Elementary Schools</u>

A student or group of students seeking to distribute more than 10 copies of the same material on one or more days to students must comply with the following guidelines:

- 1. The student(s) must notify the Building Principal of the intent to distribute, in writing, at least 24 hours before distributing the material. No prior approval of the material is required.
- 2. The material may be distributed at times and locations selected by the Building Principal, such as, before the beginning or ending of classes at a central location inside the building.
- 3. The Building Principal may impose additional requirements whenever necessary to prevent disruption, congestion, or the perception that the material is school-endorsed.
- 4. Distribution must be done in an orderly and peaceful manner, and may not be coercive.
- 5. The distribution must be conducted in a manner that does not cause additional work for school personnel. Students who distribute material are responsible for cleaning up any materials left on school grounds.
- 6. Students must not distribute material that:
  - a. Will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
  - b. Violates the rights of others, including but not limited to, material that is libelous, slanderous or obscene, or invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
  - c. Is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to the students' maturity level, including but not limited to, material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, contains indecent and vulgar language, or *sexting* as defined by School Board policy and/or Student Handbooks;
  - d. Is reasonably viewed as promoting illegal drug use;
  - e. Is distributed in kindergarten through eighth grade and is primarily prepared by nonstudents, unless it is being used for school purposes. However, material from outside sources or the citation to such sources may be allowed, as long as the material to be distributed or accessed is primarily prepared by students; or
  - f. Incites students to violate any Board policy.
- 7. A student may use School Board policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, to resolve a complaint.
- 8. Whenever these guidelines require written notification, the appropriate administrator may assist the student in preparing such notification.

A student or group of students seeking to distribute 10 or fewer copies of the same publication on one or more days to students must distribute such material at times and places and in a manner that will not cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities and in compliance with paragraphs 4, 5, 6, and 7.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 80/, Speech Rights of Student Journalists Act.

Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit Sch. Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir.

1993).

October 2016 7:315

### **Students**

### Restrictions on Publications; High Schools

[For high school or unit districts only]

#### Definitions

School official means a Building Principal or designee.

School-sponsored media means any material that is prepared, substantially written, published, or broadcast by a student journalist, distributed or generally made available to members of the student body, and prepared under the direction of a student media advisor. It does not include media intended for distribution or transmission solely in the classroom in which the media is produced.

*Student journalist* means a public high school student who gathers, compiles, writes, edits, photographs, records, or prepares information for dissemination in school-sponsored media.

*Student media adviser* means an individual employed, appointed, or designated by the District to supervise or provide instruction relating to school-sponsored media.

### School-Sponsored Media

School-sponsored publications, productions, and websites are governed by the Speech Rights of Student Journalists Act and the School Board policies. Student journalists may not use school-sponsored media that:

- 1. Is libelous, slanderous, or obscene;
- 2. Constitutes an unwarranted invasion of privacy;
- 3. Violates federal or State law, including the Constitutional rights of third parties; or
- 4. Incites students to:
  - a. Commit an unlawful act;
  - b. Violate any of the District's policies, including but not limited to (1) its educational mission in policies 1:30, *School District Philosophy* and 6:10, *Educational Philosophy and Objectives*, and (2) speech that is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to the maturity of the students pursuant to policies 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*, and 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*: or
  - c. Materially and substantially disrupt the orderly operation of the school.

All school-sponsored media shall comply with the ethics and rules of responsible journalism. Text that fits into numbers one (1) through four (4) above will not be tolerated and school officials and student media advisers may edit or delete such media material.

The author's name will accompany personal opinions and editorial statements. An opportunity for the expression of differing opinions from those published/produced will be provided within the same media.

No expression made by students in the exercise of freedom of speech or freedom of the press under this policy shall be deemed to be an expression of the District or an expression of Board policy.

### Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed On Campus

For purposes of this section and the following section, a *publication* includes, without limitation: (1) written or electronic print material, (2) audio-visual material on any medium including electromagnetic media (e.g., images, MP3 files, flash memory, etc.), or combinations of these whether off-line (e.g., a printed book, CD-ROM, etc.) or online (e.g., any website, social networking site, database for information retrieval, etc.), or (3) information or material on electronic devices (e.g., data or voice messages delivered by cell phones, tablets, and other hand-held devices).

Creating, distributing, and/or accessing non-school sponsored publications shall occur at a time and place and in a manner that will not cause disruption, be coercive, or result in the perception that the distribution or the publication is endorsed by the School District.

Students are prohibited from creating, distributing, and/or accessing at school any publication that:

- 1. Will cause a material and substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
- 2. Violates the rights of others, including but not limited to material that is libelous, slanderous or obscene, or invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
- 3. Is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to maturity level of the students, including but not limited to material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, contains indecent and vulgar language, or *sexting* as defined by School Board policy and Student Handbooks;
- 4. Is reasonably viewed as promoting illegal drug use;
- 5. Is distributed in kindergarten through eighth grade and is primarily prepared by non-students, unless it is being used for school purposes. However, material from outside sources or the citation to such sources may be allowed, as long as the material to be distributed or accessed is primarily prepared by students; or
- 6. Incites students to violate any Board policies.

Accessing or distributing *on-campus* includes accessing or distributing on school property or at school-related activities. A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for: (1) accessing or distributing forbidden material, or (2) for writing, creating, or publishing such material intending for it to be accessed or distributed at school.

### Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed Off-Campus

A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for creating and/or distributing a publication that: (1) causes a substantial disruption or a foreseeable risk of a substantial disruption to school operations, or (2) interferes with the rights of other students or staff members.

### **Bullying and Cyberbullying**

The Superintendent or designee shall treat behavior that is *bullying* and/or *cyberbullying* according to Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, in addition to any response required by this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7

Speech Rights of Student Journalists Act, 105 ILCS 80/.

Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 108 S.Ct. 562 (1988).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit School Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir.

1993).

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist., 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969)

Morse v. Frederick, 551 U.S. 393 (2007).

CROSS REF.: 1:30 (School District Philosophy), 6:10 (Educational Philosophy and Objectives),

6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 8:25 (Advertising and Distributing Materials in School Provided by

Non-School Related Entities)

May/June 2018 7:315-AP

# **Students**

### <u>Administrative Procedure - Guidelines for Student Distribution of Non-School</u> Sponsored Publications; High Schools

A student or group of students seeking to distribute more than 10 copies of the same material on one or more days to students must comply with the following guidelines:

- 1. The student(s) must notify the Building Principal of the intent to distribute, in writing, at least 24 hours before distributing the material. No prior approval of the material is required.
- 2. The material may be distributed at times and locations selected by the Building Principal, such as, before the beginning or ending of classes at a central location inside the building.
- 3. The Building Principal may impose additional requirements whenever necessary to prevent disruption, congestion, or the perception that the material is school-endorsed.
- 4. Distribution must be done in an orderly and peaceful manner, and may not be coercive.
- The distribution must be conducted in a manner that does not cause additional work for school personnel. Students who distribute material are responsible for cleaning up any materials left on school grounds.
- 6. Students must not distribute material that:
  - a. Will cause a material and substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
  - b. Violates the rights of others, including but not limited to, material that is libelous, slanderous or obscene, or invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
  - c. Is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to the students' maturity level, including but not limited to, material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, contains indecent and vulgar language, or *sexting* as defined by School Board policy and/or Student Handbooks;
  - d. Is reasonably viewed as promoting illegal drug use;
  - e. Incites students to violate any Board policy.
- 7. A student may use School Board policy 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*, to resolve a complaint.
- 8. Whenever these guidelines require written notification, the appropriate administrator may assist the student in preparing such notification.

A student or group of students seeking to distribute 10 or fewer copies of the same publication on one or more days to students must distribute such material at times and places and in a manner that will not cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities and in compliance with paragraphs 4, 5, 6, and 7.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 80/, Speech Rights of Student Journalists Act.

Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit Sch. Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir.

1993).

August 2015 7:325

### **Students**

### **Student Fundraising Activities**

No individual or organization is allowed to ask students to participate in fundraising activities while the students are on school grounds during school hours or during any school activity. Exceptions are:

- 1. School-sponsored student organizations; and
- 2. Parent organizations and booster clubs that are recognized pursuant to policy 8:90, *Parent Organizations and Booster Clubs*.

The Superintendent or designee shall manage student fundraising activities in alignment with the following directives:

- 1. Fundraising efforts shall not conflict with instructional activities or programs.
- 2. For any school that participates in the School Breakfast Program or the National School Lunch Program, fundraising activities involving the sale of food and beverage items to students during the school day while on the school campus must comply with the Ill. State Board of Education rules concerning the sale of competitive food and beverage items.
- 3. Participation in fundraising efforts must be voluntary.
- 4. Student safety must be paramount.
- 5. For school-sponsored student organizations, a school staff member must supervise the fundraising activities and the student activity funds treasurer must safeguard the financial accounts.
- 6. The fundraising efforts must be to support the organization's purposes and/or activities, the general welfare, a charitable cause, or the educational experiences of students generally.
- 7. The funds shall be used to the maximum extent possible for the designated purpose.
- 8. Any fundraising efforts that solicit donor messages for incorporation into school property (e.g., tiles or bricks) or placement upon school property (e.g., posters or placards) must:
  - a. Develop viewpoint neutral guidelines for the creation of messages;
  - b. Inform potential donors that all messages are subject to review and approval, and that messages that do not meet the established guidelines must be resubmitted or the donation will be returned; and
  - c. Place a disclaimer on all fundraising information and near the completed donor messages that all messages are "solely the expression of the individual donors and not an endorsement by the District of any message's content."

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19(3).

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305, School Food Service.

CROSS REF.: 4:90 (Activity Funds), 4:120 (Food Services), 8:80 (Gifts to the District), 8:90

(Parent Organizations and Booster Clubs)

August 2015 7:325-E

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Application and Procedures to Involve Students in Fundraising Activities**

Organization Name	School
Activity	Activity Dates
Following organizations are permitted to involute school grounds during school hours or during a School-sponsored student organization	on; or ubs that are recognized pursuant to policy 8:90,
Describe how students will be involved in t be asked to buy or sell items:	he fundraising activity, including whether they will
Will the proposed activity involve selling during the school day?	food or beverage items to students on campus
Yes - An approval may be contingent please attach an exact description of what y	on the availability of an <i>exempted fundraising day</i> ; you propose to sell including the nutritional analysis. be sold to students on campus during the school day.
_	instructional activities or programs. Sales booths
What, if any, activity will be done while stu	idents are on school premises?
Student participation must be voluntary. Per Describe student incentives for participation	enalties for failure to participate are prohibited.
• •	lents, their families, citizens, or merchants by being
When and what was the last fundraising act	ivity done by this organization or club?
T 1 11 (1 6 11 1	rchants must approve of any activities on their
property, and students must conduct thems	cives as ambassadors for their School.
	ceives as ambassadors for their School.

For school-sponsored student organizations, a school fundraising activities in addition to any other adult volumes.	nteers.
List all of the adult sponsors, including staff members an	d non-staff adult volunteers:
Not applicable - activity is not being proposed by a sc	chool-sponsored student organization.
For school-sponsored student organizations, the stu- safeguard the financial accounts.	ident activity funds treasurer must
Is this agreeable? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable - activity is not being proposed by a sc	chool-sponsored student organization.
Parent organizations and booster clubs are governed <i>Organizations and Booster Clubs</i> .	by School Board policy 8:90, Parent
Is the organization prepared to abide by this policy?	
Not applicable - activity is not being proposed by a pa	
The fundraising efforts must be to support the organize general welfare, a charitable cause, or the educational experience of the education of	
Describe how funds raised through the proposed activity	
If the activity will help fund a trip or overnight excursion	, describe the travel plans:
The funds must be used to the maximum extent possible  Is this agreeable? Yes No  Fundraising efforts that solicit donor messages for place the District's viewpoint neutral guidelines for the creation  Is this agreeable? Yes No  Not applicable - activity being proposed will not solice	ement on school property must follow on of messages.
I agree to abide by the conditions stated in this application and administrative procedures.	and agree to adhere to all Board policies
Applicant name (please print)	Telephone number
Address	
Applicant signature	Date
The Building Principal will base his or her decision on the ir well as other criteria deemed important. (Note to Building P application, return a copy of it to the person making Superintendent, and retain a copy at the School.)  Approved  Denied	Principal: after approving or denying this
— <u>-</u>	

May/June 2018 7:330

### **Students**

### Student Use of Buildings - Equal Access

[For high school and unit districts]

Student groups or clubs that are not school sponsored are granted free use of school premises for a meeting or series of meetings under the following conditions:

- 1. The meeting is held during those non-instructional times identified by the Superintendent or designee for noncurricular student groups, clubs, or organizations to meet. *Non-instructional time* means time set aside by the school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends. *Non-curricular student groups* are those student groups, clubs, or organizations that do not directly relate to the curriculum.
- 2. All non-curriculum related student groups that are not District sponsored receive substantially the same treatment.
- 3. The meeting is student-initiated, meaning that the request is made by a student.
- 4. Attendance at the meeting is voluntary.
- 5. The school will not sponsor the meeting.
- 6. School employees are present at religious meetings only in a non-participatory capacity.
- 7. The meeting and/or any activities during the meeting do not materially or substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities.
- 8. Non-school persons do not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend the meetings.
- 9. The school retains its authority to maintain order and discipline.
- 10. A school staff member or other responsible adult is present in a supervisory capacity.
- 11. The Superintendent or designee approves the meeting or series of meetings.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop administrative procedures to implement this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §4071 et seq., Equal Access Act.

Bd. of Ed. of Westside Community Sch. Dist. v. Mergens, 496 U.S. 226 (1990). Gernetzke v. Kenosha Unified Sch. Dist. No. 1, 274 F.3d 464 (7th Cir. 2001), cert.

denied, 535 U.S. 1017.

CROSS REF.: 7:10 (Equal Education Opportunities), 8:20 (Community Use of School

Facilities)

May/June 2018 7:330-E

## **Students**

# <u>Exhibit - Application for Student Groups that Are Not School Sponsored to Request Free Use of School Premises for Meetings</u>

[For high school and unit districts]

A student must complete this form to request the free use of school premises for a meeting of a student group that is not school-sponsored. Only one student needs to complete the application. Submit the completed application to the Building Principal at least one week before the first meeting. When a copy of this form is returned to the student with the necessary approval signature, the group may use the designated school premises, at the identified time, for its meetings.

Student applicant	Student contact number	
Student group	Requested premise	
Program/Meeting	Program/Activity date(s) and time(s)	

Materials to be brought into facility, if any

# The following rules apply to the free use of school premises by non-school-sponsored student groups:

- 1. The meeting(s) must be student-initiated, meaning that a request to use school premises is being made by a student.
- 2. The meeting(s) must occur during non-instructional time identified by the Building Principal. This time is typically before classroom instruction begins or after it ends.
- 3. In scheduling the use of school premises, activities associated with the District's educational program have priority over the activities of any other organization. Otherwise, school premises will be available on a first come first served basis.
- 4. The assigned room and its contents must be restored to its original condition and configuration after each use. Only modular furniture may be moved. Nothing shall be adhered or affixed to walls that will leave marks. Any decorations used shall be removed after the meeting. The contents of any assigned room are the property of the School District or teacher and shall not be handled or removed.
- 5. Before any meeting, a member of the non-school-sponsored student group must give the office the names of anyone attending the meeting who is neither a student nor a school staff member. All visitors must register at the school office before proceeding to any scheduled student meeting. Non-school individuals may not regularly attend meetings.
- 6. The following mediums are available on request to announce group meetings:
  - Office bulletin board containing announcements
  - Public address system
  - Student newspaper
  - School or District Website
- 7. No activity is allowed on school grounds that would violate the student disciplinary policy. Any student who engages in misconduct is subject to disciplinary action, including suspension and expulsion.
- 8. A school staff member or other responsible adult must be present in a supervisory capacity.
- 9. The Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. §4071 <u>et seq.</u>, controls the free use of school premises by non-school sponsored student groups. The use of school facilities by non-school-sponsored groups is governed by Board policy 8:20, *Community Use of School Facilities*.

I agree to abide by the conditions stated in this applicand administrative procedures.	cation and to adhere to all Board policies
Student applicant signature	Date
Note to office: after the Building Principal acts on this a making the request and keep the original in the office.  Approved Denied  This non-school-sponsored student group may meet in times:	
Location	Time
Building Principal or designee	Date

October 2019 7:340

### **Students**

### **Student Records**

School student records are confidential. Information from them shall not be released other than as provided by law. A school student record is any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be identified individually that is maintained by a school or at its direction by a school employee, regardless of how or where the information is stored, except as provided in State or federal law as summarized below:

- 1. Records kept in a staff member's sole possession.
- 2. Records maintained by law enforcement officers working in the school.
- 3. Video and other electronic recordings (including without limitation, electronic recordings made on school buses) that are created in part for law enforcement, security, or safety reasons or purposes. The content of these recordings may become part of a school student record to the extent school officials create, use, and maintain this content, or it becomes available to them by law enforcement officials, for disciplinary or special education purposes regarding a particular student.
- 4. Any information, either written or oral, received from law enforcement officials concerning a student less than the age of 17 years who has been arrested or taken into custody.

State and federal law grants students and parents/guardians certain rights, including the right to inspect, copy, and challenge school student records. The information contained in school student records shall be kept current, accurate, clear, and relevant. All information maintained concerning a student receiving special education services shall be directly related to the provision of services to that child. The District may release directory information as permitted by law, but a parent/guardian shall have the right to object to the release of information regarding his or her child. However, the District will comply with an *ex parte* court order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to, or the consent of, the student's parent/guardian. Upon request, the District discloses school student records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by State or federal law.

The Superintendent shall fully implement this policy and designate an *official records custodian* for each school who shall maintain and protect the confidentiality of school student records, inform staff members of this policy, and inform students and their parents/guardians of their rights regarding school student records.

#### Student Biometric Information Collection

The Superintendent or designee may recommend a student biometric information collection system solely for the purposes of identification and fraud prevention. Such recommendation shall be consistent with budget requirements and in compliance with State law. Biometric information means any information that is collected through an identification process for individuals based on their unique behavioral or physiological characteristics, including fingerprint, hand geometry, voice, or facial recognition or iris or retinal scans.

Before collecting student biometric information, the District shall obtain written permission from the person having legal custody/parental responsibility or the student (if over the age of 18). Upon a

student's 18th birthday, the District shall obtain written permission from the student to collect student biometric information. Failure to provide written consent to collect biometric information shall not be the basis for refusal of any services otherwise available to a student.

All collected biometric information shall be stored and transmitted in a manner that protects it from disclosure. Sale, lease, or other disclosure of biometric information to another person or entity is strictly prohibited.

The District will discontinue use of a student's biometric information and destroy all collected biometric information within 30 days after: (1) the student graduates or withdraws from the School District, or (2) the District receives a written request to discontinue use of biometric information from the person having legal custody/parental responsibility of the student or the student (if over the age of 18). Requests to discontinue using a student's biometric information shall be forwarded to the Superintendent or designee.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement this policy consistent with State and federal law.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, implemented by 34

C.F.R. Part 99.

50 ILCS 205/7.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.21b, 5/20.37, 5/20.40, and 5/14-1.01 et seq.

105 ILCS 10/, Ill. School Student Records Act.

325 ILCS 17/, Children's Privacy Protection and Parental Empowerment Act.

750 ILCS 5/602.11, Ill. Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 226 and 375.

Owasso I.S.D. No. I-011 v. Falvo, 534 U.S. 426 (2002).

Chicago Tribune Co. v. Chicago Bd. of Ed., 332 Ill.App.3d 60 (1st Dist. 2002).

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:130 (Responsibilities Concerning Internal

Information), 7:15 (Student and Family Privacy Rights), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

ADMIN. PROC.: 7:15-E (Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights), 7:340-AP1 (School

Student Records), 7:340-AP1, E1 (Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records), 7:340-AP1, E3 (Letter to Parents and Eligible Students Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary

Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information), 7:340-AP1, E4

(Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiter Access to Students and Student Information, 7:340-AP1, E5 (Biometric Information Collection Authorization), 7:340-AP2 (Storage and Destruction of School Student Records),

7:340-AP2, E1 (Schedule for Destruction of School Student Records)

October 2019 7:340-AP1

### **Students**

### **Administrative Procedure - School Student Records**

This procedure implements policy 7:340, *Student Records*. It contains a **Table of Contents** and lettered **Sections**.

#### **Table of Contents**

- A. Legal Citations and Definitions
- B. School Student Records Defined
- C. Eligible Students Accorded the Rights of Parent/Guardian
- D. Official Records Custodians
- E. Maintenance of School Student Records
- F. Retention and Destruction of School Student Records
- G. Social Security Numbers
- H. Access to School Student Records
- I. Record of Release
- J. Orders of Protection
- K. Parenting Plans
- L. Transmission of Records for Transfer Students
- M. Directory Information
- N. Student Record Challenges

#### Sections

#### A. Legal Citations and Definitions

The legal requirements contained in this procedure are followed by a citation to the controlling rule and/or statute. Citations in parenthesis indicate the location of a named law. For additional clarification regarding a requirement, the cited law should be reviewed.

Definitions are found in the Ill. School Student Records Act and the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) rules. 105 ILCS 10/2; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10. For easy reference, some definitions are re-printed in this procedure.

The release of confidential information given by a student to a therapist, e.g., school counselor or psychologist, is not included in these procedures but is governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act (MHDDCA). 740 ILCS 110/.

#### **B.** School Student Records Defined

*School Student Record* means any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be individually identified that is maintained by a school or at its direction or by an employee of a school, regardless of how or where the information is stored. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).

Special Education Records means school records that relate to identification, evaluation, or placement of, or the provision of a free and appropriate public education to, students with disabilities under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq.) and Article 14 of the School Code. These records include the report of the multidisciplinary staffing conference on which placement or nonplacement was based and all records and audio recordings in any format relating to special education placement hearings and appeals. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

A school student record does not include any of the following:

- 1. Writings or other recorded information kept in a school staff member's sole possession that is destroyed not later than the student's graduation or permanent withdrawal, and is not accessible or revealed to any other person except a temporary substitute teacher. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).
- 2. Information maintained by law enforcement professionals working in the school. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).
- 3. Video or other electronic recordings created and maintained by law enforcement professionals working in the school or for security or safety reasons or purposes, provided the information was created at least in part for law enforcement or security or safety reasons or purposes. This includes, without limitation, electronic recordings made on school buses, as defined in the exemption from the criminal offense of eavesdropping in 720 ILCS 5/14-3. The content of these recordings may become part of a school student record to the extent school officials create, use, and maintain this content, or it becomes available to them by law enforcement officials for disciplinary or special education purposes regarding a particular student. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10. Note: For districts and schools that do not have a designated law enforcement unit, consult the Board Attorney regarding designating an employee to serve as the *law enforcement unit* in order to maintain the security camera and determine the appropriate circumstances in which the school would disclose recorded images.
- 4. Any information, either written or oral, received from law enforcement officials pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-20 concerning a student less than the age of 17 years who has been arrested or taken into custody. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

### C. Eligible Students Accorded the Rights of Parent/Guardian

All rights and privileges concerning school student records that are accorded to parents/guardians become exclusively those of the student when the student reaches 18 years of age, graduates from high school, marries, or enters military service, whichever occurs first. 105 ILCS 10/2(g). Such students are called *eligible students* in this procedure.

#### **D.** Official Records Custodians

Each Building Principal is designated the Official Records Custodian for his or her respective school and has the duties, without limitation, listed below.

- 1. Is responsible for the maintenance, care, and security of all school student records, whether or not the records are in his or her personal custody or control, and shall take all reasonable measures to protect school student records through administrative, technical, and security safeguards against risks, such as unauthorized access, release, or use. 105 ILCS 10/4(a) and (b); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(g).
- 2. Reviews student temporary records at least every four years, or upon a student's change in attendance centers, whichever occurs first, to verify entries and correct inaccurate information. The records review is required in any given school year at the time a student first changes attendance centers within the District, but it does not need to be conducted if the student enrolls in a different attendance center later in that same school year. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(b).
- 3. When notified by the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services (DCFS), purges DCFS's final finding report from the student's record and returns the report to DCFS. If a school has transferred the report to another school as part of the transfer of the student's records, the sending school shall forward a copy of the DCFS's request to the receiving school. 325 ILCS 5/8.6.

- 4. Manages requests to access school student records.
- 5. Transfers a certified copy of the records of students transferring to another school and retains the original records.
- 6. Provides all required notices to parents/guardians and students, including without limitation, each of the following:
  - a. Upon initial enrollment or transfer to the school, notification of rights concerning school student records; the notification may be delivered by any means likely to reach parents, including direct mail or email, delivery by the student to the parent, or incorporation into a student handbook. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.30.
  - b. Annual notification of information that is considered to be *directory information* and of the procedures to be used by parents/guardians to request that specific information not be released. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80.
  - c. Notification to secondary students and their parents/guardians that they may opt out of the disclosure of students' names, addresses, and telephone listings to military recruiters and institutions of higher learning by submitting a written request that such information not be released without the prior written consent of the parent/guardian. 20 U.S.C. §7908.
  - d. Notification of their right to a hearing to challenge any entry in the school student records (except for academic grades) and Official Records Custodian's name and contact information. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.90.
  - e. Upon a student's graduation, transfer, or permanent withdrawal, notification of the destruction schedule for the student's permanent and temporary school student records and of their right to request a copy through: (1) the school's parent or student handbook, (2) publication in a newspaper published in the district or, if no newspaper is published in the district, in a newspaper of general circulation within the district, (3) U.S. mail delivered to the last known address of the parent/guardian or student, or (4) other means provided notice is confirmed to have been received, e.g., hand delivery, return receipt, or read receipt email. 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(c).
- 7. Takes all action necessary to assure that school personnel are informed of the provisions of the School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 10/3(c).
- 8. Performs all actions required of the District described in this procedure and the laws governing school student records.

The Building Principal may delegate any of these duties to an appropriate staff member but shall remain responsible for the duty's execution.

### E. Maintenance of School Student Records 105 ILCS 10/2; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

The District maintains two types of school records for each student: a *permanent* record and a *temporary* record.

The student permanent record shall consist of the following:

- 1. Basic identifying information, including the student's name and address, birth date and place, gender, and the names and addresses of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 2. Evidence required by the Missing Children's Records Act. 325 ILCS 50/5(b)(1).
- 3. Academic transcripts, including: grades, graduation date, and grade level achieved; as applicable, and if allowed by District policy, scores received on college entrance

examinations if that inclusion is requested in writing by an eligible student or the student's parent/guardian; the unique student identifier assigned and used by ISBE's Student Information System (23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.75); as applicable, designation of an Advanced Placement computer science course as a mathematics-based, quantitative course for purposes of meeting State graduation requirements set forth in 105 ILCS 5/27-22; as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the State Seal of Biliteracy, awarded in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/2-3.157 and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.442; as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the State Commendation Toward Biliteracy, awarded in accordance with 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.442(c); and as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the Global Scholar Certification, awarded in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/2-3.167 and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.443.

- 4. Attendance record.
- Health record, defined by ISBE rule as "medical documentation necessary for enrollment and proof of having certain examinations, as may be required under Section 27-8.1 of the School Code."
- 6. Record of release of permanent record information that contains the information listed in Section I, **Record of Release**, below.
- 7. Scores received on all State assessment tests administered at the high school level (that is, grades 9 through 12). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.64a-5.

ISBE rule provides that if not maintained in the temporary record, the *permanent record* may include:

- 1. Honors and awards received.
- 2. Information concerning participation in school-sponsored activities or athletics, or offices held in school-sponsored organizations.

No other information shall be placed in the permanent record.

The *student temporary record* contains all information not required to be kept in the student permanent record and must include:

- 1. Record of release of temporary record information that contains the information listed in Section I, **Record of Release**, below.
- 2. Scores received on the State assessment tests administered in the elementary grade levels (that is, kindergarten through grade 8).
- 3. Completed home language survey. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §228.15(d).
- 4. Information regarding serious disciplinary infractions (that is, those involving drugs, weapons, or bodily harm to another) that resulted in expulsion, suspension, or the imposition of punishment or sanction.
- 5. Any final finding report received from a Child Protective Service Unit provided to the school under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; no report other than what is required under Section 8.6 of that Act (325 ILCS 5/8.6) shall be placed in the student record. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(f).
- 6. Health-related information, defined by ISBE rule as "current documentation of a student's health information, not otherwise governed by the MHDDCA or other privacy laws, which includes identifying information, health history, results of mandated testing and screenings, medication dispensation records and logs, e.g., glucose readings, long-term medications administered during school hours, documentation regarding a student athlete's and his or her parents' acknowledgment of the District's concussion policy adopted pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-20.53, and other health-related information that is

- relevant to school participation, e.g., nursing services plan, failed screenings, yearly sports physical exams, interim health histories for sports.
- 7. Accident report, defined by ISBE rule as "documentation of any reportable student accident that results in an injury to a student, occurring on the way to or from school or on school grounds, at a school athletic event or when a student is participating in a school program or school-sponsored activity or on a school bus and that is severe enough to cause the student not to be in attendance for one-half day or more or requires medical treatment other than first aid. The accident report shall include identifying information, nature of injury, days lost, cause of injury, location of accident, medical treatment given to the student at the time of the accident, or whether the school nurse has referred the student for a medical evaluation, regardless of whether the parent, guardian or student (if 18 years or older) or an unaccompanied homeless youth ... has followed through on that request."
- 8. Any documentation of a student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).
- 9. Completed course substitution form for any student who, when under the age of 18, is enrolled in vocational and technical course as a substitute for a high school or graduation requirement. 105 ILCS 10/4; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.445.
- 10. Information contained in related service logs maintained by the District for a student with an individualized education program under 105 ILCS 5/14-8.02f(d). 105 ILCS 10/2(f), amended by P.A. 101-515.

The temporary record may also consist of:

- 1. Family background information
- 2. Intelligence test scores, group and individual
- 3. Aptitude test scores
- 4. Reports of psychological evaluations, including information on intelligence, personality, and academic information obtained through test administration, observation, or interviews
- 5. Elementary and secondary achievement level test results
- 6. Participation in extracurricular activities, including any offices held in school-sponsored clubs or organizations
- 7. Honors and awards received
- 8. Teacher anecdotal records
- 9. Other disciplinary information
- 10. Special education records
- 11. Records associated with plans developed under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. §701 et seq.)
- 12. Verified reports or information from non-educational persons, agencies, or organizations of clear relevance to the student's education

### F. Retention and Destruction of School Student Records

The permanent record is maintained for at least 60 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. 105 ILCS 10/4(e). The temporary record is maintained for at least five years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. 105 ILCS 10/4(f). Individuals adding information to a student's temporary record must include their name, signature, and position and the date the information was added. 105 ILCS 10/4(d). Temporary records that may be of assistance to a student with a disability who graduates or permanently withdraws, may, after five years, be transferred to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or to the eligible

student. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(d). Be sure to provide notice pursuant to 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20, as noted in D(6)(e), above.

### **G.** Social Security Numbers

School officials, with limited exceptions, may not require students or their parents/guardians to provide social security numbers. 5 ILCS 179/, Identity Protection Act. The collection and retention of social security numbers shall be in accordance with Board policy 4:15, *Identity Protection*.

#### H. Access to School Student Records

The phrase "access to a school student record" means any release or disclosure of information from a student's school record, whether or not any record is copied, and should be broadly interpreted. Access in all cases is limited to the designated portion of the record to which the consent or statutory authority applies.

Neither the District nor any of its employees shall release, disclose, or grant access to information found in any school student record except under the conditions set forth in the Ill. School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 10/6. Absent a court order, school officials do not provide educational records to the Immigration Customs Enforcement.

The Building Principal shall grant access to school student records as detailed below. The Building Principal shall consult with the Superintendent and, if authorized, the Board Attorney concerning any questions.

### Access to Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, or designee, are entitled to inspect and copy information in the student's school record; a student less than 18 years old may inspect or copy information in his or her permanent school record. 105 ILCS 10/5. A request to inspect or copy school student records shall be made in writing and directed to the Building Principal. Access to the records shall be granted within 10 business days after the receipt of such a request. 105 ILCS 10/5(c), amended by P.A. 100-532. The District may extend this timeline by up to five additional business days if one or more of these six reasons applies:
  - a. The requested records are stored in whole or in part at other locations than the office having charge of the requested records;
  - b. The request required the collection of a substantial number of specified records;
  - c. The request is couched in categorical terms and requires an extensive search for the records responsive to it;
  - d. The requested records have not been located in the course of routine search and additional efforts are being made to locate them;
  - e. The request for records cannot be complied with by the school district within the time limits prescribed by subsection (c) without unduly burdening or interfering with the operations of the school district; or
  - f. There is a need for consultation, which shall be conducted with all practicable speed, with another public body or school district among two or more components of a public body or school district having a substantial interest in the determination or in the subject matter of the request.

105 ILCS 10/5(c-5), amended by P.A. 100-532.

The District and the person making the request may also agree in writing to extend the timeline for response. <u>Id</u>. The response to an access request for a special education

- student's records shall include those school student records located in the special education office.
- 2. The parent(s)/guardian(s) or the District may request a qualified professional to be present to interpret the student's records. 105 ILCS 10/5(b). If the District makes the request, it is responsible for securing and bearing the cost of the professional's presence.
- 3. Unless the District has actual notice of a court order or a notice of a *parenting plan* under the Ill. Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, indicating otherwise:
  - a. Divorced or separated parents/guardians with and without *parental responsibility* (formerly custody) are both permitted to inspect and copy the student's school student records. 750 ILCS 5/602.11.
  - b. The Building Principal shall send copies of the documents listed below to both divorced or separated parents/guardians at either's request. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.8.
    - 1) Academic progress reports or records
    - 2) Emotional and physical health reports
    - 3) Notices of school-initiated parent-teacher conferences
    - 4) School calendar regarding the student
    - 5) Notices about open houses, graduations, and other major school-sponsored events including student-parent/guardian interaction
- 4. The school will deny access to a student's school records to a parent against whom an *order* of protection (OP) was issued if the OP prohibits the parent from inspecting or obtaining such records pursuant to the Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. See the Ill. Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, 750 ILCS 5/602.11(a), and 750 ILCS 60/214(b)(15), and 222(f). Also see **Orders of Protection**, below.
- 5. Parent(s)/guardian(s) or the student shall not be granted access to confidential letters and recommendations concerning the admission to a post-secondary educational institution, applications for employment or the receipt of an honor or award which were placed in the records prior to 1-1-75, provided such letters and statements are not used for purposes other than those for which they were specifically intended. Access shall not be granted to such letters and statements entered into the record at any time if the student has waived his or her right of access after being advised of his or her right to obtain the names of all persons making such confidential letters and statements. 105 ILCS 10/5(e).

### Access With Consent of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- Access will be granted to any person possessing a written, dated consent, signed by the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, stating to whom the records may be released, the information or record to be released, and the reason for the release. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(8); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(e). Whenever the District requests the consent to release records, the Building Principal shall inform the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student in writing of the right to inspect, copy, and challenge their contents and to limit such consent to designated portions of the records. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(8).
- 2. Access to any record that is protected by the MHDDCA, specifically that of a therapist, social worker, psychologist, nurse, agency, or hospital that was made in the course of providing mental health or developmental disabilities services to a student, will be granted according to the consent requirements contained in MHDDCA. 740 ILCS 110/4 and 5.

### Access Without Notification to or Consent of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. District employees or officials of the ISBE will be granted access, without parental/guardian consent or notification, when a current, demonstrable, educational or administrative need is shown. Access in such cases is limited to the satisfaction of that need. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(2). Individual board members do not have a right to see student records merely by virtue of their office unless they have a current demonstrable educational or administrative interest in the student and seeing his or her record(s) would be in furtherance of the interest. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(2).
- 2. Access will be granted, without parental/guardian consent or notification, to the official records custodian of another school within Illinois or an official with similar responsibilities of a school outside Illinois, in which the student has enrolled, or intends to enroll, upon the request of such official or student. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(3).
- 3. Access will be granted, without parental/guardian consent or notification, to any person for the purpose of research, statistical reporting, or planning, provided that no student or parent/guardian can be identified from the information released, and the person to whom the information is released signs an affidavit agreeing to comply with all applicable statutes and rules pertaining to school student records. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(4).
- 4. The District will comply with an *ex parte* court order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to or the consent of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s). 20 U.S.C. §1232(g)(j), as added by the Sec. 507 of the U.S.A. Patriot Act of 2001. An *ex parte* order is an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction without notice to an adverse party.
- 5. A Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program (SHOCAP) committee member will be granted access, but only to the extent that the release, transfer, disclosure, or dissemination is consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(10) allows disclosure to SHOCAP committee members who are "state and local officials and authorities" as those terms are used in FERPA. This federal law does not define "state and local officials and authorities;" rather, it limits when disclosure may be made to such officials and authorities.
- 6. Juvenile authorities will be granted access when necessary for the discharge of their official duties upon their request before the student's adjudication, provided they certify in writing that the information will not be disclosed to any other party except as provided under law or order of court. *Juvenile authorities* means: (a) a circuit court judge and court staff members designated by the judge; (b) parties to the proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and their attorneys; (c) probation officers and court appointed advocates for the juvenile authorized by the judge hearing the case; (d) any individual, public or private agency having court-ordered custody of the child; (e) any individual, public or private agency providing education, medical or mental health service to the child when the requested information is needed to determine the appropriate service or treatment for the minor; (f) any potential placement provider when such release is authorized by the court to determine the appropriateness of the potential placement; (g) law enforcement officers and prosecutors; (h) adult and juvenile prisoner review boards; (i) authorized military personnel; and (j) individuals authorized by court. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(6.5).
- 7. Military recruiters and institutions of higher learning will be granted access to secondary students' names, addresses, and telephone listings, unless the student's parent/guardian submits a written request that such information not be released without the prior written consent of the parent/guardian or eligible student. Only this written consent process may be used, no other processes, such as an opt-in process, etc., may be used. Military recruiters and institutions of higher learning have access to students' names, addresses, and phone

numbers even if the District does not release directory information. 20 U.S.C. §7908. For more information, see 7:340-AP1, E3, Letter to Parents and Eligible Students Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information; 7:340-AP1, E4, Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiters Access to Students and Student Information; ISBE Military Recruitment Access Reminder, announced in State Superintendent Smith's Weekly Message, 11-27-18, at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/Military-Access-Reminder.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/Military-Access-Reminder.pdf</a>. The requirements in this paragraph apply only if the District receives funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1001/jd

### Access Without Consent of, but With Notification to, Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. Access will be granted pursuant to a court order, provided that the parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be given prompt written notice of such order's terms, the nature and substance of the information proposed to be released, and an opportunity to inspect and copy such records and to challenge their contents. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(5). Parents of students who are named in a court order or parenting plan shall be deemed to have received the required written notice. The Building Principal shall respond to the order no earlier than five school days after its receipt in order to afford parents/guardians the opportunity to review, inspect, and challenge the records if the parents choose to do so. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(d).
  - For the purposes of these procedures, a court order is a document signed by a judge. A subpoena signed by a court clerk, an attorney, or an administrative agency official shall not be considered a court order unless signed by a judge. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(a).
- 2. Information may be released without parental consent, in connection with an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, to appropriate persons if the knowledge of the requested information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. The Building Principal shall make this decision taking into consideration the seriousness of the threat, the need for such records to meet the emergency, whether the persons to whom such records are released are in a position to deal with the emergency, and the extent to which time is of the essence in dealing with the emergency. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(7); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.60. The Building Principal shall notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, no later than the next school day after the date that the information is released, of the date of the release, the person, agency or organization to whom the release was made, and the purpose of the release.
- 3. The District will grant access as specifically required by federal or State statute, provided the individual complies with the requirements in 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(b). 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(6). Prior to granting access, the Building Principal shall provide prompt written notice to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student of this intended action. 105 ILCS 10/6(b); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70. This notification shall include a statement concerning the nature and substance of the records to be released and the right to inspect, copy, and challenge the contents. If the release relates to more than 25 students, a notice published in the newspaper is sufficient.

The District charges \$.35 per page for copying information from a student's records. No parent/guardian or student shall be precluded from copying information because of financial hardship. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.50. **Note:** The ISBE rule allows a school to "charge the actual cost for providing a copy of school student records or any portion of such records to parents and students upon request for such copies, provided that such costs shall not exceed \$.35 per page." 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.50.

#### I. Record of Release

Except as provided below, a record of all releases of information from school student records (including all instances of access granted whether or not records were copied) shall be kept and maintained as part of such records. 105 ILCS 10/6(c). This record shall be maintained for the life of the school student record and shall be accessible only to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, Building Principal, or other authorized person. The record of release shall include each of the following:

- 1. The nature and substance of the information released;
- 2. The name and signature of the official records custodian releasing such information;
- 3. The name and capacity of the requesting person and the purpose for the request;
- 4. The date of release; and
- 5. A copy of any consent to a release.

No record of a disclosure is maintained when records are disclosed according to the terms of an *ex parte* court order. 20 U.S.C. §1232(g)(j)(4).

#### J. Orders of Protection

Upon receipt of a court OP that prohibits a Respondent's access to records, the Building Principal shall file it in the temporary record of a student who is the *protected person* under the OP. No information or records shall be released to the Respondent named in the OP. 750 ILCS 60/222(f).

### **K.** Parenting Plans

Upon receipt of a parenting plan under the Ill. Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act (750 ILCS 5/), the Building Principal shall file it in the temporary record of a student who is the subject of the parenting plan.

**L. Transmission of Records for Transfer Students** 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(3); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §§375.70 and 375.75.

The Building Principal shall:

- 1. Upon the student's request or that of the official records custodian of another school in which the student has enrolled or intends to enroll, transfer a certified copy of the student's record (that is, the student's permanent and temporary record) to the official records custodian of the appropriate school and retain the original records. See policy 7:50, School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools.
- 2. Determine if the school or special education office has any record that is protected by the MHDDCA concerning the transferring student, specifically a record or report made by a therapist, social worker, psychologist, nurse, agency, or hospital that was made in the course of providing mental health or developmental disabilities services. If so, ask the appropriate person as identified in 740 ILCS 110/4 whether to send the record protected by MHDDCA to the new school and, if *yes*, obtain a written consent for disclosure as provided in 740 ILCS 110/5.
  - This requirement does not apply to special education records and reports that are related to the identification, evaluation, or placement of, or the provision of a free and appropriate public education to, students with disabilities. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.
- 3. Provide the parent/guardian or eligible student prior written notice of the nature and substance of the information to be transferred and opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge it. If the parent's/guardian's address is unknown, notice may be served upon the official records custodian of the requesting school for transmittal to the parent/guardian. This service is deemed conclusive, and 10 calendar days after this service, if the

parents/guardians make no objection, the records may be transferred to the requesting school.

- 4. Destroy any biometric information collected and do not transfer it to another school district.
- 5. Retain the original records in accordance with the requirements of 105 ILCS 10/4.
- 6. Maintain any documentation of the student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred, in that student's temporary record.

If the student has unpaid fines, fees, or tuition charged pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a and is transferring to a public school located in Illinois or any other state, the Building Principal shall: 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(i)

- 1. Transfer the student's *unofficial record of student grades* in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records. The *unofficial record of student grades* means written information relative to the grade levels and subjects in which a student was enrolled and the record of academic grades achieved by that student prior to transfer. These records shall also include the school's name and address, the student's name, the name and title of the school official transmitting the records, and the transmittal date.
- 2. Within 10 calendar days after the student has paid all of his or her unpaid fines or fees and at this District's own expense, forward the student's official transcript of scholastic records to the student's new school.

The Principal shall include the following information with the transferred records if the student is transferring to another public school located in Illinois or any other state and at the time of the transfer is currently serving a term of suspension or expulsion for any reason: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a; 23 Ill.Admin.Code 375.75(j).

- 1. The date and duration of the period of any current suspension or expulsion; and
- 2. Whether the suspension or expulsion is for: (a) knowingly possessing in a school building or on school grounds a weapon as defined in the Gun Free Schools Act (20 U.S.C. §7961 et seq.); (b) knowingly possessing, selling, or delivering in a school building or on school grounds a controlled substance or cannabis; or (c) battering a school staff member.

### M. Directory Information 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80

The School may release certain directory information regarding students, except that a student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may prohibit the release of the student's directory information. Directory information is limited to:

- 1. Name
- 2. Address
- 3. Grade level
- 4. Birth date and place
- 5. Parent(s)/guardian(s)' names, addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers
- 6. Photographs, videos, or digital images used for informational or news-related purposes (whether by a media outlet or by the school) of a student participating in school or school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics that have appeared in school publications, such as yearbooks, newspapers, or sporting or fine arts programs
- 7. Academic awards, degrees, and honors
- 8. Information in relation to school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics
- 9. Major field of study
- 10. Period of attendance in school

No photograph highlighting individual faces shall be used for commercial purposes, including solicitation, advertising, promotion, or fundraising, without the prior, specific, dated, and written consent of the parent or eligible student (see 765 ILCS 1075/30). 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80. The following shall not be designated as directory information: (a) an image on a school security video, or (b) student social security number or student identification or unique student identifier. <u>Id</u>.

The notification to parents/guardians and students concerning school student records will inform them of their right to object to the release of directory information. See 7:340-AP1, E1, *Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records*.

### N. Student Record Challenges

Parents/guardians have the right to a hearing to challenge the accuracy, relevancy, or propriety of any entry in their student's school records, exclusive of academic grades and references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions, if the challenge is made at the time the student's school student records are forwarded to another school to which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 10/7; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.90. A request for a hearing should be submitted to the Superintendent and shall contain notice of the specific entry or entries to be challenged and the basis of the challenge. The following procedures apply to a challenge: <u>Id</u>.

- 1. The Superintendent or designee will invite the parent(s)/guardian(s) to an initial informal conference, within 15 school days of receipt of the request for a hearing.
- 2. If the challenge is not resolved by the informal conference, formal procedures shall be initiated. The Superintendent will appoint a hearing officer, who is not employed in the attendance center in which the student is enrolled.
- 3. The hearing officer will conduct a hearing within a reasonable time, but no later than 15 days after the informal conference, unless an extension of time is agreed upon by the parent(s)/guardian(s) and school officials. The hearing officer shall notify parents and school officials of the time and place of the hearing.
- 4. At the hearing each party shall have the right to:
  - a. Present evidence and to call witnesses;
  - b. Cross-examine witnesses;
  - c. Counsel:
  - d. A written statement of any decision and the reasons therefore; and
  - e. Appeal an adverse decision to an administrative tribunal or official to be established or designated by the State Board.
- 5. A verbatim record of the hearing shall be made by a tape recorder or a court reporter. A typewritten transcript may be prepared by either party in the event of an appeal of the hearing officer's decision. However, a typewritten transcript is not required in an appeal.
- 6. The written decision of the hearing officer shall, no later than ten school days after the conclusion of the hearing, be transmitted to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the School District. It shall be based solely on the information presented at the hearing and shall be one of the following:
  - a. To retain the challenged contents of the school student record;
  - b. To remove the challenged contents of the school student record; or
  - c. To change, clarify, or add to the challenged contents of the school student record.
- 7. Any party has the right to appeal the decision of the local hearing officer to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center, within 20 school days after the decision is transmitted. The parent(s)/guardian(s), if they appeal, shall so inform the school and within 10 school days the school shall forward a transcript of the hearing, a

- copy of the record entry in question, and any other pertinent materials to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center. The school may initiate an appeal by the same procedures.
- 8. The final decision of the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center may be appealed to the circuit court of the county in which the school is located.
- 9. The parent(s)/guardian(s) may insert a written statement of reasonable length describing their position on disputed information. The school will include a copy of the statement in any release of the information in dispute. 105 ILCS 10/7(d).

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §1232g, Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, implemented by 34 C.F.R. Part 99.

105 ILCS 10/2, Illinois School Student Records Act, implemented by 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375.

740 ILCS 110/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act. 750 ILCS 5/, Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act.

October 2019 7:340-AP1, E1

### **Students**

# Exhibit - Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records

Upon the initial enrollment or transfer of a student to the school, the school must notify the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of their rights concerning school student records. This notification may be distributed by any means likely to reach parents/guardians.

The contact information for each School's Official Records Custodian follows:			

This notice contains a description of your and your child's rights concerning school student records.

A *school student record* is any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be individually identified that is maintained by a school or at its direction or by a school employee, regardless of how or where the information is stored, except for certain records kept in a staff member's sole possession; records maintained by law enforcement officers working in the school; video and other electronic recordings that are created in part for law enforcement, security, or safety reasons or purposes; and electronic recordings made on school buses. The District maintains two types of school records for each student: *permanent* record and *temporary* record.

The *permanent record* includes:

- 1. Basic identifying information, including the student's name and address, birth date and place, gender, and the names and addresses of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 2. Evidence required under the Missing Children's Records Act. 325 ILCS 50/5(b)(1).
- 3. Academic transcripts, including: grades graduation date, and grade level achieved; the unique student identifier assigned and used by the III. State Board of Education Student Information System (SIS); as applicable, designation of an Advanced Placement computer science course as a mathematics-based, quantitative course for purposes of meeting State graduation requirements set forth in 105 ILCS 5/27-22; as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the State Seal of Biliteracy, awarded in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/2-3.157; as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the State Commendation Toward Biliteracy; and as applicable, designation of the student's achievement of the Global Scholar Certification, awarded in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/2-3.167.
- 4. Attendance record.
- 5. Health record defined by the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) as "medical documentation necessary for enrollment and proof of dental examinations, as may be required under Section 27-8.1 of the School Code."
- 6. Record of release of permanent record information that includes each of the following:
  - a. The nature and substance of the information released;
  - b. The name and signature of the official records custodian releasing such information;
  - c. The name and capacity of the requesting person and the purpose for the request;
  - d. The date of release; and
  - e. A copy of any consent to a release.

7. Scores received on all State assessment tests administered at the high school level (that is, grades 9 through 12). 105 ILCS 5/2-3.64a-5.

If not maintained in the *temporary record*, the *permanent record* may include:

- 1. Honors and awards received.
- 2. Information concerning participation in school-sponsored activities or athletics, or offices held in school-sponsored organizations.

All information not required to be kept in the student permanent record is kept in the student *temporary record* and must include:

- 1. Record of release of temporary record information that includes the same information as listed above for the record of release of permanent records.
- 2. Scores received on the State assessment tests administered in the elementary grade levels (that is, kindergarten through grade 8).
- 3. Completed home language survey.
- 4. Information regarding serious disciplinary infractions (that is, those involving drugs, weapons, or bodily harm to another) that resulted in expulsion, suspension, or the imposition of punishment or sanction.
- 5. Any final finding report received from a Child Protective Service Unit provided to the school under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; no report other than what is required under Section 8.6 of that Act (325 ILCS 5/8.6) shall be placed in the student record.
- 6. Health-related information, defined by the ISBE as "current documentation of a student's health information, not otherwise governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act or other privacy laws, which includes identifying information, health history, results of mandated testing and screenings, medication dispensation records and logs, e.g., glucose readings, long-term medications administered during school hours, and other health-related information that is relevant to school participation, e.g., nursing services plan, failed screenings, yearly sports physical exams, interim health histories for sports."
- 7. Accident report, defined by the ISBE as "documentation of any reportable student accident that results in an injury to a student, occurring on the way to or from school or on school grounds, at a school athletic event or when a student is participating in a school program or school-sponsored activity or on a school bus and that is severe enough to cause the student not to be in attendance for one-half day or more or requires medical treatment other than first aid. The accident report shall include identifying information, nature of injury, days lost, cause of injury, location of accident, medical treatment given to the student at the time of the accident, or whether the school nurse has referred the student for a medical evaluation, regardless of whether the parent, guardian or student (if 18 years or older) or an unaccompanied homeless youth ... has followed through on that request."
- 8. Any documentation of a student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred.
- 9. Completed course substitution form for any student who, when under the age of 18, is enrolled in vocational and technical course as a substitute for a high school or graduation requirement.
- 10. Information contained in related service logs maintained by the District for a student with an individualized education program under 105 ILCS 5/14-8.02f(d).

The temporary record may include:

1. Family background information

- 2. Intelligence test scores, group and individual
- 3. Aptitude test scores
- 4. Reports of psychological evaluations, including information on intelligence, personality and academic information obtained through test administration, observation, or interviews
- 5. Elementary and secondary achievement level test results
- 6. Participation in extracurricular activities, including any offices held in school-sponsored clubs or organizations
- 7. Honors and awards received
- 8. Teacher anecdotal records
- 9. Other disciplinary information
- 10. Special education records
- 11. Records associated with plans developed under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- 12. Verified reports or information from non-educational persons, agencies, or organizations of clear relevance to the student's education

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Ill. School Student Records Act (ISSRA) afford parents/guardians and students over 18 years of age (*eligible students*) certain rights with respect to the student's school records. They are:

# 1. The right to inspect and copy the student's education records within 10 business days after the date the District receives a request for access.

The degree of access a student has to his or her records depends on the student's age. Students less than 18 years of age have the right to inspect and copy only their permanent record. Students 18 years of age or older have access and copy rights to both permanent and temporary records. Parents/guardians or students should submit to the Building Principal (or appropriate school official) a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The Principal will make arrangements for access and notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. The District may extend the response timeline to 15 business days in accordance with ISSRA. The District charges \$.35 per page for copying but no one will be denied their right to copies of their records for inability to pay this cost.

These rights are denied to any person against whom an order of protection has been entered concerning a student. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.3c and 10/5a; 750 ILCS 60/214(b)(15).

# 2. The right to request the amendment of the student's education records that the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student believes are inaccurate, irrelevant, or improper.

Parents/guardians or eligible students may ask the District to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate, irrelevant, or improper. They should write the Building Principal or the Official Records Custodian, clearly identify the record they want changed, and specify the reason.

If the District decides not to amend the record as requested by the parents/guardians or eligible student, the District will notify the parents/guardians or eligible student of the decision and advise him or her of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.

# 3. The right to permit disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the FERPA or ISSRA authorizes disclosure without consent.

Disclosure without consent is permitted to school officials with legitimate educational or administrative interests. A school official is a person employed by the District as an

administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the School Board; a person or company with whom the District has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist); or any parent(s)/guardian(s) or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. Individual board members do not have a right to see student records merely by virtue of their office unless they have a current demonstrable educational or administrative interest in the student and seeing his or her record(s) would be in furtherance of the interest.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

Upon request, the District discloses education records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by State or federal law. Before information is released to these individuals, the parents/guardians will receive prior written notice of the nature and substance of the information, and an opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge such records.

When a challenge is made at the time the student's records are being forwarded to another school to which the student is transferring, there is no right to challenge: (1) academic grades, or (2) references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions.

Disclosure is also permitted without consent to: any person for research, statistical reporting or planning, provided that no student or parent(s)/guardian(s) can be identified; any person named in a court order; appropriate persons if the knowledge of such information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons; and juvenile authorities when necessary for the discharge of their official duties who request information before adjudication of the student.

### 4. The right to a copy of any school student record proposed to be destroyed or deleted.

The permanent record is maintained for at least 60 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. The temporary record is maintained for at least five years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. Temporary records that may be of assistance to a student with a disability who graduates or permanently withdraws, may, after five years, be transferred to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or to the student, if the student has succeeded to the rights of the parent(s)/guardian(s). Student temporary records are reviewed every four years or upon a student's change in attendance centers, whichever occurs first.

# 5. The right to prohibit the release of directory information concerning the parent's/guardian's child.

Throughout the school year, the District may release directory information regarding its students, limited to:

Name

Address

Grade level

Birth date and place

Parent(s)'/guardian(s)' names, addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers

Photographs, videos, or digital images used for informational or news-related purposes (whether by a media outlet or by the school) of a student participating in school or school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics that have appeared in school publications, such as yearbooks, newspapers, or sporting or fine arts programs

Academic awards, degrees, and honors

Information in relation to school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics

Major field of study Period of attendance in school

Any parent/guardian or eligible student may prohibit the release of any or all of the above information by delivering a written objection to the Building Principal within 30 days of the date of this notice. No directory information will be released within this time period, unless the parent/guardian or eligible student is specifically informed otherwise.

No photograph highlighting individual faces is allowed for commercial purposes, including solicitation, advertising, promotion or fundraising without the prior, specific, dated and written consent of the parent or student, as applicable; and no image on a school security video recording shall be designated as directory information.

6. The right to request that military recruiters or institutions of higher learning not be granted access to your secondary school student's name, address, and telephone numbers without your prior written consent.

Federal law requires a secondary school to grant military recruiters and institutions of higher learning, upon their request, access to secondary school students' names, addresses, and telephone numbers, unless the student's parent/guardian, or a student who is 18 years of age or older, submits a written request that the information not be released without the prior written consent of the parent/guardian or eligible student. If you wish to exercise this option, notify the Building Principal where your student is enrolled for further instructions.

- 7. The right contained in this statement: No person may condition the granting or withholding of any right, privilege or benefits or make as a condition of employment, credit, or insurance the securing by any individual of any information from a student's temporary record which such individual may obtain through the exercise of any right secured under State law.
- 8. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Dept. of Education concerning alleged failures by the District to comply with the requirements of FERPA.

The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA is:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington DC 20202-4605

Date

July 2017 7:340-AP1, E2

# **Students**

### Exhibit - Using a Photograph or Video Recording of a Student

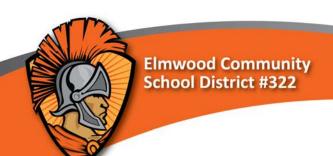
Distribute to parent/guardian at the time he/she registers a child for school and/or annually at the beginning of the school year. Return to the Building Principal to be kept in the student's temporary record.

record.	u to be kept in the student's temporary
Student	School Year
Pictures of Unnamed Students	
Students may occasionally appear in photographs and viewed members, other students, or other individuals authorized by the use these pictures, without identifying the student, in varieyearbook, school newspaper, and school website. No conserve before the school uses pictures of unnamed students taken what activity.	the Building Principal. The school may ous publications, including the school nt or notice is needed or will be given
Pictures of Named Students	
Sometimes the school may want to identify a student in a officials want to acknowledge those students who participal special recognition.	*
In order for the school to publish a picture with a student ic parents or guardians must sign the consent below. Please co school to publish and otherwise use photographs and video while he or she is enrolled in this school.	emplete and sign this form to allow the
I grant consent to the School District to identify a picture school he or she attends, in any school sponsored mater website. This consent is valid for the entire time my chrevoke this consent at any time by notifying the Building P	rial, publication, video recording, or ild is enrolled in the District. I may
Parent/Guardian Name (please print)	<u>—</u>

### Pictures of Students Taken By Non-School Agencies

Parent/Guardian Signature

While the school limits access to school buildings by outside photographers, it has no control over news media or other entities that may publish a picture of a named or unnamed student. School staff members will not, however, identify a student for an outside photographer.



June 19, 2018

Re: Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information

Dear Parents/Guardians:

From time-to-time, military recruiters and postsecondary educational institutions request the names, telephone numbers, and addresses of our secondary students. The school must provide this information unless the parent/guardian, or the student if he/she has attained the age of 18, submits a written request that the student's records not be released without their prior written consent.

**Important**: If you do not want military recruiters or institutions of higher learning to be given your secondary school student's name, address, and telephone number without your prior written consent, please complete the form below and return it to the Building Principal.

Sincerely,

Superintendent	
To be completed and submitted to the Building Princ	cipal.
For parents:  Do not release my child's name, telephone nu obtaining my prior written consent, to institutions	
Parent/Guardian Name (please print)	
Parent/Guardian Signature (if student is under age 18)	Date
For Students age 18 or older:  Do not release my name, telephone numbers, my prior written consent, to institutions of higher	
Student Name (please print)	Student ID Number
Student Signature (if student is age 18 or older)	Date

October 2016 7:340-AP1, E3

# **Students**

# Exhibit - Letter to Parents and Eligible Students Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information

On District letterhead

Date

Re: Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information

Dear Parents/Guardians:

From time-to-time, military recruiters and postsecondary educational institutions request the names, telephone numbers, and addresses of our secondary students. The school must provide this information unless the parent/guardian, or the student if he/she has attained the age of 18, submits a written request that the student's records not be released without their prior written consent.

**Important**: If you do not want military recruiters or institutions of higher learning to be given your secondary school student's name, address, and telephone number without your prior written consent, please complete the form below and return it to the Building Principal.

Sincerely,

Superintendent	
To be completed and submitted to the Building Principal	
For parents:	
<b>Do not</b> release my child's name, telephone numb my prior written consent, to institutions of higher least	
Parent/Guardian Name (please print)	
Parent/Guardian Signature (if student is under age 18)	Date
For Students age 18 or older:	
<b>Do not</b> release my name, telephone numbers, and written consent, to institutions of higher learning or	
Student Name (please print)	Student ID Number
• • •	
Student Signature (if student is age 18 or older)	Date

October 2016 7:340-AP1, E4

### **Students**

# <u>Exhibit - Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiter Access to</u> Students and Student Information

1. What do the U.S. Patriot Act and Elementary and Secondary Education Act require of schools with regard to allowing military recruiters access to students?

The Patriot Act has nothing to do with the military recruiter access to students or information. It requires schools to comply with an *ex parte* order issued in connection with the investigation or prosecution of terrorism. A court issues an *ex parte* order without notice to an adverse party. Student records may be disclosed pursuant to such an order without parents' consent or knowledge.

Schools receiving funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act must: (1) give military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as they provide to postsecondary educational institutions or to prospective employers or an institution of higher education, and (2) provide students' names, addresses, and telephone listings to military recruiters, when requested. 20 U.S.C. §7908; 10 U.S.C. §503(c).

2. What information about students (and which students) must be disclosed to military recruiters by our administration?

Secondary schools must disclose names, addresses, and telephone numbers of secondary students, unless parents/guardians, or the student if he/she has attained the age of 18 (an "eligible student"), have submitted a written request that the information not be released without their prior written consent.

3. What notification must schools provide to parents/guardians and eligible students before disclosing students' names, addresses, and telephone numbers to military recruiters and institutions of higher education?

Under federal and State laws governing student records, schools must provide notice to parents/guardians and eligible students of the types of student information that it releases publicly. This type of student information, commonly referred to as *directory information*, includes names, addresses, and telephone numbers. The notice must include an explanation of a parent/guardian's or eligible student's right to request that the information not be disclosed without prior written consent. Under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, schools must notify parents that the school routinely discloses names, addresses, and telephone numbers to military recruiters and institutions of higher education upon request, subject to a parent/guardian's or eligible student's written request not to disclose such information without their prior written consent.

A notice provided through a mailing or student handbook informing parents/guardians and eligible students of the above information is sufficient to satisfy the parental notification requirements. The notification must advise parents/guardians and eligible students how to opt out of the public, nonconsensual disclosure of directory information and the method and timeline within which to do so.

If a school does not release "directory information," it still must provide students' names, addresses, and telephone numbers to military recruiters and institutions of higher education upon request. The school must notify parents/guardians and eligible students: (1) that it discloses

information to military recruiters and institutions of higher education, and (2) that parents/guardians and eligible students have the right to opt out of this disclosure.

### 4. Does recruitment take place in a private office or out in a common area?

Neither federal nor State law addresses where recruitment takes place. These laws only require that guidelines imposed on military recruiters be the same as those imposed on postsecondary educational institutions recruiters and/or prospective employers.

### 5. How frequently are recruiters present?

Neither federal nor State law addresses how often recruiters may have access to students. These laws only require that guidelines imposed on military recruiters be the same as those imposed on postsecondary educational institutions and prospective employers.

### 6. What information does a military recruiter request of students during the interview?

The type of questions military recruiters may ask students is generally not limited. Of course, students may refuse to cooperate or even refuse to be interviewed.

# 7. Can schools supervise recruiters to ensure they do not approach impressionable students too strongly?

Federal law does not grant authority to schools to supervise military recruiting efforts. The school may, of course, require military and postsecondary recruiters to abide by the District's policy governing conduct on school property.

### 8. What are parents' rights relative to military recruiters on campus?

Parents may instruct their children to forgo being interviewed by military and/or postsecondary recruiters or prospective employers.

# 9. What information do schools provide to families relative to recruiting that goes on at school?

Aside from the notice described in #3, neither federal nor State law addresses what information schools must provide to parents regarding the recruiting that takes place at school – this is a local issue to be determined by the Superintendent or Building Principal.

### 10. Where can I get more information on the requirements of 10 U.S.C. §503?

The Office of the Secretary of Defense may be contacted for copies of the statute, or questions relating to it. Please contact the Accession Policy Directorate as follows:

Director, Accession Policy 4000 Defense Pentagon Washington, DC 20301-4000 Telephone: 703/695-5529

### 11. Where can I get more information on the requirements of §9528 of the ESEA?

The Family Policy Compliance Office (FPCO) in the Department of Education administers FERPA as well as §9528 of the ESEA (20 U.S.C. §7908) School officials with questions on this guidance, or FERPA, may contact the FPCO at <a href="FERPA@ED.Gov">FERPA@ED.Gov</a> or write to the FPCO as follows:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW

# Board Approved November 28, 2016

# Elmwood CUSD #322

Washington, D.C. 20202-4605 Telephone: 202/260-3887

Fax: 202/260-9001

www.ed.gov/offices/OM/fpco

Student (if age 18 or over) Signature

Date

July 2017 7:340-AP1, E5

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Biometric Information Collection Authorization**

Distribute to parent/guardian at the time he/she registers a child for school and to students who have

	e age of 18. Return to the Building Principal to be kept in the student's temporary record.
Student	Anticipated Graduation Year
prevention identification characteristics. The student, or	ct collects biometric information from its students only for identification and/or frauct purposes. Biometric information includes any information collected through are on process for individuals based on their unique behavioral or physiological tics, including fingerprint, hand geometry, voice, or facial recognition, or iris or retinal School Code requires written permission from the individual who has legal custody of the from the student if he or she has reached the age of 18, before the District may collect information from students.
When colle	ecting biometric information, the School Code also requires the District to:
1.	Store, transmit, and protect all biometric information from disclosure.
2.	Prohibit the sale, lease, or other disclosure of biometric information to another person of entity unless: (a) prior written permission by you is granted, or (b) the disclosure is required by court order.
3.	Discontinue the use of a student's biometric information under either of the following conditions: (a) upon the student's graduation or withdrawal from the school district; of (b) upon receipt in writing of a request for discontinuation by the individual having legal custody of the student or by the student if he or she has reached the age of 18.
4.	Destroy all of a student's biometric information within 30 days after the occurrence of either conditions 3(a) or 3(b) above.
District so valid until his/her bio earlier. I u	to the collection of biometric information of the above named student by the Schoolely for identification or fraud prevention. I understand that this authorization is he/she graduates or withdraws from the District, I request that the District's use of ometric information be discontinued, or he/she reaches the age of 18, whichever is understand that a request for discontinuation of the use of the above named student's information may be made at any time by notifying the Building Principal in writing.
Parent/Gua	ardian (if student is under age 18) Signature

October 2019 7:340-AP2

# **Students**

### <u>Administrative Procedure - Storage and Destruction of School Student Records</u>

This procedure should be used with 7:340-AP1, *School Student Records*, which is annotated with citations to controlling statutes.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or Designee	Develop and implement a process to systematically digitize or microfilm school student records.
	Any public record may be reproduced in a microfilm or digitized electronic format and the paper version destroyed, provided: (a) the records are reproduced on "a durable medium that accurately and legibly reproduces the original record in all details," and "that does not permit additions, deletions, or changes to the original document images;" and (b) the Local Records Commission is notified when the original record is disposed of and also when the reproduced record is disposed of Local Records Act, 50 ILCS 205/7.
	See the Ill. Secretary of State's publication, <i>Guidelines for Using Electronic Records</i> at:  www.cyberdriveillinois.com/departments/archives/records_managem_ent/electrecs.html.
	Develop and implement a uniform process for storing school student records to ensure that:
	1. Each student's permanent record will be kept for 60 years after the student transfers, withdraws, or graduates.
	2. Each student's temporary record will be kept for five years after the student transfers, withdraws, or graduates.
	Submit to the Local Records Commission a schedule for continuing authority to destroy school student records after the expiration of the applicable period.
Official Records Custodian for each School (usually the Building Principal)	Send any material for a student transferring into the District that is neither a permanent or temporary record to the parent/guardian, or student who is 18 years of age or older, with the indication that the District does not include that material in school student records.
	Store school student records according to the uniform process developed by the Superintendent or designee.
	Transfer school student records as follows:
	1. For a student transferring within the District, send originals of all permanent and temporary records.
	2. For a student transferring to an out-of-District elementary or secondary school, follow the section in 7:340-AP1, <i>School Student Records</i> , on <b>Transmission of Records for Transfer Students</b> . Send a copy and retain the original of all permanent and temporary records and notify the Special Education Department of the transfer.

Actor	Action	
	Provide a destruction schedule notice to the parents/guardians of students who transferred, graduated, or withdrew, or students who are 18 years of age or older. Notice may be provided through: (1) the school's parent or student handbook, (2) publication in a newspaper published in the District or, if no newspaper is published in the district, in a newspaper of general circulation within the district, (3) U.S. mail delivered to the last known address of the parent/guardian or student, or (4) other means provided notice is confirmed to have been received, e.g., hand delivery, return receipt, or read receipt email. 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20. See 7:340-AP2, E1, <i>Letter Containing Schedule for Destruction of School Student Records</i> . Retain a copy for the school's record.  Authorize and/or order the destruction of District records after ensuring that the following steps have been performed:	
	1. The Local Records Commission approved a schedule for continuing authority to destroy school student records after the expiration of the applicable period.	
	2. Any record is retained and removed from the disposal list if it is or may be evidence in litigation, or is otherwise subject to a <i>litigation hold</i> .	
	3. A Local Records Disposal Certificate was sent to the Local Records Commission, Illinois State Archives, 60 days before the disposal date and an approved copy was returned. 44 Ill Admin Code §4000.40(b); 44 Ill Admin Code §4500.40(b).	

### **Web-based Record Management Resources:**

Cook County Local Records Commission Meetings at:

www.cyberdriveillinois.com/departments/archives/records\_management/lrc\_cook\_county\_meeting\_schedule.html.

Cook County Local Records Commission Rules (44 Ill Admin Code Part 4500) at: www.ilga.gov/commission/jcar/admincode/044/04404500sections.html.

**Downstate Local Records Commission Meetings at:** 

www.cyberdriveillinois.com/departments/archives/records\_management/lrc\_downstate\_me\_eting\_schedule.html.

Rules of the Downstate Local Records Commission (44 III Admin Code Part 4000) at: www.ilga.gov/commission/jcar/admincode/044/04404000sections.html.

Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10) at: www.ilga.gov.

Local Records Act (50 ILCS 205) at: www.ilga.gov.

Local Records Disposal Certificate at:

www.cyberdriveillinois.com/departments/archives/records\_management/lrmdisp.html.

October 2019 7:340-AP2, E1

# **Students**

### **Exhibit - Letter Containing Schedule for Destruction of School Student Records**

Use this to comply with the Illinois School Student Records Act notification requirements before any school student record is destroyed, or information deleted from it. 105 ILCS 10/4(h), amended by P.A. 101-161, eff. 1-1-20. Store in the school's or Building Principal's office.

Student's Name:			
Parent/Guardian Name(s):			
School:			
This notice contains the destruction schedurule of the Illinois State Board of Education			uired by
As you or your child is permanently with District, you are notified of the schedule be complies with Illinois School Student Resertained for at least five years after a student records be retained for at least 60 years after 10/4(e) and (f). The parent(s)/guardian(s), of time of the request, may request a copy of below.	elow for destruction of the ecords Act requirements that's transfer, withdrawal, or a student's transfer, withdrawal for the student if he or she is	school records. This sat (1) temporary recognized graduation, and (2) per awal, or graduation. 10 at least 18 years of as	schedule cords be ermanent 05 ILCS ge at the
Temporary records will be destroyed no ear	lier than:		
		(Date)	
Permanent records will be destroyed no earl	ier than:		
(Check all notification methods used.)	(Date)		
Handbook, dated(year). 105	ILCS 10/4(h)(i).		
Newspaper publication, dated	(month, date, and year	). 105 ILCS 10/4(h)(ii	).
Mailed to last known address on this	day of	, 20_	, by
to th	ne above named parent(s)/gu	ardian(s), or to the st	tudent if
he or she is at least 18 years of age. 105 ILC	* * * *		
Hand delivered on this	day of		
he or she is at least 18 years of age. 105 ILC	ne above named parent(s)/guCS 10/4(h)(iv).	iardian(s), or to the st	tudent 11
Sincerely,			
Building Principal			